AUGUST

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

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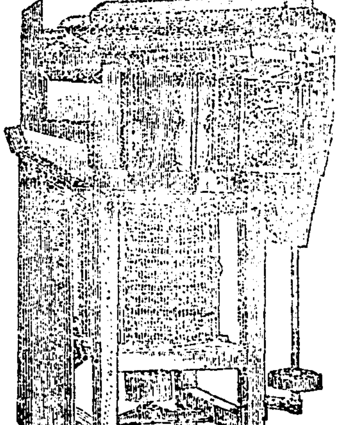

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We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
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Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kipt in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivolent.
I have also a fine assortment of
LIQUORS
OF ALL KINDS
ot sell at wholesale.
A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

From the National Temperance Almanac for 1872.

Old Rye Makes a Speech.

BY EDWARD CASEWELL.

I was made to be *eaten*
And not to be drank;
To be thrashed in a barn,
Not soaked in a tank.
I come as a blessing,
When put through a *mill;*
As a blight and a curse
When run through a *still*
Make me up into *loaves,*
And your children are fed;
But if into *drink,*
I will starve them instead.
In bread I'm a servant,
The eater shall rule;
In drink I am master,
The drinker a fool,
Then remember the warning,
My strength I'll employ;
If eaten, to strengthen;
If drank, to destroy.

Not to Myself Alone.

Is not the following very beautiful? We find it afloat upon the ocean of literature, *without name or credit,* and we copy it, certain that our readers must appreciate its rare excellence:
Selma Times.

"Not to myself alone,"
The little opening flower transported cries:
"Not to myself alone I bud and bloom:
With fragrant breath the breezes I perfume,
And gladden all things with my rainbow dyes;
The bee comes sipping, every eventide,
His dainty fill;
The butterfly within my cup doth hide,
From threat'ning ill.

"Not to myself alone,"
The circling star with honest pride doth boast;
"Not to myself alone I rise and set;
I write upon night's coronet of jet
His power and skill who formed our myriad host;
A friendly beacon at Heaven's open gate,
I gem the sky,
That man might ne'er forget in every fate,
His hope on high."

"Not myself alone,"
The heavy laden bee doth murmuring hum:
"Not to myself alone from flower to flower
I roam the wood, the garden and the bower,
And to the hive at evening weary come;
For man; for man, the luscious food I pile
With busy care,
Content if he repay my cheerless toil
With scanty share."

"Not to myself alone,"
The *soaring bird* with lusty pinion sings;
"Not to myself alone I raise my song:
I cheer the drooping with my warbling tongue,
And bear the mourner on my viewless wings;
I bid the hymnless churl my anthem learn,
And God adore—
I call the worldling from his dross to turn
and sing and soar."

"Not to myself alone."
The streamlet whispers on its pebble way;
"Not to myself alone I sparkling glide,
I scatter health and life on every side,
And strew the fields with herbs and flowret gay;
I sing unto the common, black and bare,
My gladsome tune;
I sweeten and refresh the languid air
In droughty June."

"Not to myself alone."
O, man! forget not thou—earth's honored priest,
Its tongue, its soul, its life, its pulse, its heart,
In earth's great chorus to sustain thy part!
Chiefest of guests at love's ungrudging feast,
Play not the niggard, spurn thy native clod,
And self disown;
Live to thy neighbor, live unto thy God,
Not to thyself alone!

◆

"I had my money and my friend,
I lent my money to my friend,
I asked my money of my friend,
I lost money and my friend."

◆

A. T. Stewart, the merchant prince of New York, who was named for his Secretary of Treasury and has heretofore **been supposed to be in favor of the reelection of Grant, has manifested a substantial preference for Greeley by sending his check for $20,000 to the Democratic** National Executive Committee. This is one of the indisputable results of "General Order" frauds, in which A. T. was robbed *to the tune* of $20,000. Thistles do not grow upon figs any more than figs on thistles.

◆

GOVERNOR VANCE'S LAST.—When Governor Vance spoke at Newburn the Radicals, true to their low instincts, concocted a plan by which the speaker was to be mortified and disturbed, but somehow, as will be seen, it rather miscarried. The boomerang hit the ones that threw it. While Vance was speaking a certain animal with long ears was led as near the stand as the crowd would allow; and presently he began to send forth some alarming sounds, which, once heard, are never forgotten. Vance paused for a moment, and then, waiving his hand towards the animal, said: "Now you just hush, you old Radical—I never promised to divide time with you." The animal and its keeper vamosed the ranche, and the crowd yelled and hallooed.—*Raleigh Sentinel.*

President Grant has allowed a remark of his to be made public, to the effect that he is willing to receive the resignation of Collector Casey, of New Orleans, when the Louisiana delegation shall name a successor. Senator Kellogg, the most influential member of that delegation, being an ardent friend of Casey, the latter is not likely to be disturbed at present.

Horace Greeley.

William E. Robinson, formerly Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune,* and a Democratic member of the last Congress, at a meeting held in Brooklyn to ratify the Cincinnati ticket, bears this testimony to the character of Horace Greeley:

"Some things can be said of Horace Greeley which no libeler even dare question. He is a natural Democratic Republican of the best type. Burns was not a truer Democrat, nor was Jefferson a purer Republican. I venture to say that no man could detect a change in his countenance, whether a duke asked him for information or an outcast solicited alms. With him above all men I ever knew, rank and wealth are nothing; manhood is the gold and mind the true nobility. He is the ablest writer and journalist chief *among the giant intellects of our day. His life is one of* singular purity and simplicity. He never forgot his friends. His word once given, and you can stake your life on its performance, and his monogram, written on his face and in his heart by the Almighty, *and inscribed by himself* on every step of his career from the dawn of early childhood to the noon of honored manhood, is honesty. His charity is unbounded. I can convey no idea of this trait of his character. Hour after hour, and daily, I have seen the destitute and heart broken of both sexes, the unfortunate outcast and wanderers from all climes and all classes, invade **the ever open door of his charity; and never have I seen any one sent empty away while he had a shilling, or could borrow one? I often looked on with amazement,** *knowing his antipathy to* whisky and tobacco, as I have seen some, poor creature, whom he had known in earlier days, staggering to the desk and asking for relief, which was not denied, even under the certainty that it would be left at the first bar-room. I have seen his hat full of protested notes on which he had lent money, and when, as his lawyer, I have remonstrated with him for taking such paper he usually replied that any one would lend on good paper. It was those that could not borrow elsewhere, and on paper negotiable nowhere, that complimented him with their business.

"He is a singularly pure and modest man. In thirty years of pretty intimate acquaintance, I never heard him use a word that would bring the slightest flutter of crimson to the purest cheek that womanhood ever unveiled to society. I do not believe that he ever told or could be induced *to listen* to a vulgar story. And this almost superhuman purity of character is perhaps what has made him such a favorite among talented and refined women. For although woman was the cause of our losing Eden, she brought with her more than man did of its purity, and its loss would have been incurable if Adam had failed to bring her with him.

"But there are things in his character about which people differ, or pretend to differ. Even those who concede to him the great virtues I have mentioned pretend to deprecate his election to the Presidency through fear that he lacks sound judgment, executive ability, financial skill, and discrimination of character. How wofully they are mistaken who seem to see the shadow of those suspicions his election and brilliant administration will show. I have had some experience among public men for many years at Washington; I have known intimately most of the illustrious American statesmen of the second generation—Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Benton, Crittenden, Mangum, and others—and I *never knew any one whose* judgment was more keen and unerring, whose ideas of executive management were more enlarged and liberal, whose knowledge of finance and political economy was clearer or more extensive, and whose estimate of character was more quick and comprehensive; and if we honestly weigh his character against that of the more and less illustrious of those who have filled the executive chair, we shall discover in him the honesty of Washington, the brain of Jefferson, the firmness of Jackson, and the wisdom of half a dozen of our late Presidents, while as a writer he is far superior to them all; and it will be something to boast of to see once more in the chair of Washington an honest and able man. It will be something to boast of that, at the close of the first century of our government, *the ablest writer* ever filled the executive chair was elected by our votes. *It will be a pleasure* worth a censury's waiting to read his messages.

Do these men who object to him as wanting in ability, not know that he has taught most of our living statesmen what they know? But while knowledge **is power, honesty is the craving of the nation's heart, and in no one so much as in Mr. Greeley can that craving be gratified. He is thoroughly upright and ingrained and stubbornly honest. There is not gold enough in California** nor stamps enough in the national currency to bribe him to do a dishonest act. You could as easily drive the most stubborn mule that ever braced his foot against his driver's mandate as to drive Mr. Greeley into the pathway which leads to dishonesty.

◆

Senator Schurz's speech is creating much alarm in administration circles. The Senator's assertion regarding the offer of patronage by agents of Grant to induce him to forego his opposition to the San Domingo scheme, was deemed worthy of serious consideration by a Cabinet meeting and, after lengthy and earnest discussion, it was decided to deny the whole story through the Associated Press, and trust to chance in getting out of the matter in case Mr. Schurz produces the letter referred to by him. It *is intimated* that the other Senators will tell what they know about Grant and his San Domingo hobby during the campaign.

◆

"Greeley is now a Democrat!" shrieks the Cincinnati "Gazette." Which is a consolation. *And another is,* that the editor of the "Gazette" is *not* a Democrat.

◆

Spotted Tail, Esq., in his interview with President Grant, complimented the President on his lenient treatment of the Indians, and expressed the hope that he would be re-elected.

Mr. Greeley's Formal Acceptance of the Baltimore Nomination.

NEW YORK, July 18, 1872.

Gentlemen: Upon mature deliberation it *seems* fit that I should give to your letter of the 10th inst., some further and fuller response than the hasty, unpremeditated words in which I acknowledged and accepted your nomination at our meeting on the 12th. That your convention saw fit to accord its highest honor to one who had been prominently, pointedly, opposed to your party in the earnest and angry controversies of the last forty years, is essentially noteworthy and that many of you originally preferred that the Liberal Republicans should present another candidate for President, and would more readily have united with us in the support of Adams or Trumbull, Davis or Brown is well known. I owe my adoption at Baltimore wholly to the fact that I had already been nominated at Cincinnati, and that a concentration of forces upon any new ticket had been proved impracticable. Gratified as I am at your concurrence in the Cincinnati nominations; certain as I am that you would not have thus concurred, had you not deemed me upright and capable, I find nothing in the circumstances calculated to inflame vanity or nourish self-conceit. But that your convention saw fit in adopting the Cincinnati ticket, to reaffirm the Cincinnati platform is to me a source of the profoundest satisfaction. **That body was constrained to take this important step by no party necessity, real or supposed. It** *might* **have accepted the candidates of the Liberal Republicans upon grounds entirely its own, or it might have presented them as the** first Whig National Convention did Harrison and Tyler, without adopting any platform whatever. That it chose to *plant itself deliberately, by a vote nearly* unanimous, upon the fullest and clearest enunciation of the principles which are at once incontestibly Republican and emphatically Democratic, gives trustworthy assurance that a new and more auspicious era is dawning upon our long distracted country. *Some* of the best years and best efforts of my life were devoted to a struggle against chattel slavery, a struggle none the less earnest or arduous because respect for constitutional obligations constrained me to act for the most part on the defensive; in *resistance* to diffusion, *rather* than in direct efforts for the extinction of human bondage. Throughout most of those years my vision was uncheered, my exertions were rarely animated by even so much as a hope that I should live to see my country peopled by freemen *alone.* The *affirmance by* your convention of the Cincinnati platform is a most conclusive proof that not merely is slavery abolished, but that its spirit is extinct; that despite the protests of a respectable but isolated few, there remain among us no party and no formidable *interest* which regrets the overthrow, or desires the establishment of human bondage, whether in letter or spirit. I am, therefore, justified in my hope and trust that the first century of American independence will not close before the grand elemental truths on which its foundation was based by Jefferson and the Continental Congress of '76 will no longer be regarded as glittering generalities, but will have become the universally accepted and honored foundation of our political fabric. I demand the prompt application of these principles to our existing condition. Having done what I could for the complete emancipation of the blacks, I now insist on the full enfranchisement of all my white countrymen. *Let* no one say that the ban has just been removed from all but a few hundred elderly gentlemen, to whom eligibility to office can be of little consequence. My view contemplates, not the hundreds proscribed, but the millions who are denied the right to be ruled and represented by men of their unfettered choice. Proscription were absurd if these did not wish to elect the very men whom they are forbidden to choose. I have a profound regard for *the people* of that New England wherein I was born, in whose common schools I was taught. I rank no other people above them in intelligence, capacity and moral worth. **But while they do many things well, and some things admirably, there is one thing which I am sure they** *cannot wisely or safely,* **do, and that is** to select for States remote from and unlike their own the persons by whom those States shall be represented in Congress. If they could do this to good purpose, then republican institutions were unfit and aristocracy the only true political *system.* Yet what have we recently witnessed? Zebulon B. Vance, the unquestioned choice of a large majority of the present Legislature of North Carolina, **a majority backed by a majority of the people who voted at his election—refused the seat in the Federal Senate to which he was fairly chosen, and the legislature thus constrained to choose another in his stead or leave the** State unrepresented for years. The voters of New England thus deprived North Carolina of the Senator of her choice, and compelled her to send another in his stead, another who in our late contest was, like Vance, a rebel and a fighting rebel, but who had not served in Congress before the war as Vance had, though the latter remained faithful to the Union till after the close of his term. I protest against the disfranchisement of a State, *presumptively of a number of* States, on grounds so narrow and technical as this. The fact that the same Senate which refused Vance his seat proceeded to remove his disabilities after that seat had been filled by another, only serves to place in the strongest light the indignity to North Carolina, and the arbitrary, capricious tyranny which dictated it. I thank you, gentlemen, that my name is to be conspicuously associated with yours in a determined effort to render amnesty complete and universal, in spirit as well as in letter. A defeat in such a course would leave no sting, while triumph would rank it with *those* victories which *no* blood reddens, and which evoke no tears but those of gratitude and joy. Gentlemen, your platform, which is also mine, assures me that Democracy is not henceforth to stand for one thing and Republicanism for another, but those terms are to mean *in* politics as they have always meant in the dictionary, substantially one and the same thing, namely, equal rights, regardless of creed or clime or color. I hail this as a genuine new departure from outworn feuds and meaningless contentions in the direction of progress and reform. Whether I shall be found worthy to bear the standard of the great Liberal movement which the American people have inaugurated is to be determined not by words but by deeds. With me, if I steadily advance—over me, if I falter—this grand army moves to achieve for our country her glorious beneficent destiny. I remain, gentlemen, yours,

HORACE GREELEY.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser]

Boutwell in North Carolina—A Radical Incendiary.

We earnestly call the attention of every respectable citizen in Alabama to to the comments made by the New York *Herald* of July 20th, on the vile speech of Grant's *Secretary* of the Treasury, *uttered* within a week past while stumping North Carolina. **It is difficult to comprehend how any man, with the slightest desire to be regarded as a decent man, could so far forget himself as** to indulge in such a senseless and malignant tirade. Such *sentiments* are the more detestable because they appear to have been expressed not in a fit of temporary excitement but as a serious proposition. One would imagine that the heart of a devil could only beat with such damnable pulsations. The remark attributed to Strobach *in* which he advised **the negroes to wage remorseless hostilities against the whites in Alabama taken in connection with this more pronounced and elaborate speech of Boutwell, plainly shows the mad drift of Radicalism in its last, reckless efforts to preserve its ignominious existence. The** same wicked spirit seems to pervade the Radical conspiracy against liberty, law and religion at all points. The Radical leaders have evidently made up their minds that they can no longer hoodwink and deceive the people, and have consequently resolved *to rule them by* force, and by encouraging domestic dissensions and bloody issues among them. Hence the villainous speech of Boutwell in which he inculcates ideas utterly hostile to the interest, peace and prosperity of the Southern people. The Radical leaders have heretofore sought to sow the seeds of the bitterest hatred in the *minds* of the blacks against the Southern white people. Now Boutwell seeks to make a kind of general *vendetta* between whole classes of white men in the South, and indeed in the whole country.

Our readers will bear in *mind that it* is not the *Advertiser,* but the New York *Herald*—a heretofore Grant paper—a journal of immense circulation in the North that speaks of Boutwell's infamous oration in the following indignant and bitter terms:

Apart from its review of the financial policy of the administration, it was, in its political aspect, *a dangerous and* reprehensible effort to array the Southern blacks against their white fellow-citizens and to scatter the seeds of distrust, hate and revenge broadcast over the South. The Secretary of the Treasury denounced and spurned the proposition that the people of the *Northern and Southern* States—the men who had fought the battles of the Confederacy under the banners of Lee and Stonewall Jackson, and the men who had marched to victory under the lead of Sheridan and Grant—shall now clasp hands across the bloody chasm made by the war and bury forever the bitter memories of the past. No; rather let us keep alive the animosities and hatreds that led to the rebellion, until the chasm shall be filled, it may be, with the mangled victims of a more cruel war, a war of races. Slavery, says Secretary Boutwell, was the *cause of this* "deep, dark and portentous chasm," and injustice is the essential characteristic of slavery. He refuses to recognize the fact that slavery is dead; that it can never again be revived in the United States while the world continues; that the Southern people, one and all, *accept* the results of the war; that the white *citizens of the South* ask only to be allowed to live in peace, to repair their shattered fortunes, to reconstruct their desolated homes, and to place their States once again on the road to prosperity and happiness. **He sees in the solid vote of the blacks, ignorant, idle and vicious though a majority of them undoubtedly are, a prospect of securing the Southern States for the administration of which he is a member, and so he tells the negroes of North Carolina that** it must still be war *between them and* their white fellow-citizens; and he pours into *their* credulous *ears* the insidious poison of suspicion. If you are wise, he says in substance to the black crowd he harangues, you will never trust your liberties and immunities to your old masters, for whenever they obtain the power, if they cannot destroy the former, *they* will deny you the latter. **Their professions may be fair, but their hearts are false, and if you would protect yourselves your cry must be, no peace with such oppressors. Clasp hands across the bloody chasm? No; rather fill it up with more blood and with the corpses of men, women and children whose white skins point them out as your natural enemies.** We do Secretary Boutwell no injustice in this interpretation of his unfortunate speech. It will bear no other. His address is an effort to excite the worst passions of an ignorant and violent people; to arm race against race; to persuade the negroes that the white Democrats of the South are their mortal enemies; to revive the deadly animosities of slavery when slavery itself has perished; to open afresh the wounds made by the war when the country is at peace. If the language used by the Secretary is less brutal and coarse than the ideas it conveys, the talent displayed in his rhetoric only renders the offence against humanity the more unpardonable.

What do these sensitive gentlemen, who are so isolated in their sublime indifference between Greeley and Grant, think of the *propriety* of contributing directly or indirectly to the triumph of Grant on such a line of Southern policy as this? Do they not think, after all, that amnesty, the fulfillment of the civil law, local self-government under the constitution such as it is, the perfect equality *of* the Southern States in the Union, the complete overthrow of the party of unending political and social revolution, honest and cheap government, and a full Southern representation in Congress of *bona fide* Southern men, to be rather better with Greeley, than Boutwell's ideas of never-ceasing insults and oppressions with Grant? Indeed, ought not the people of Alabama with a unanimity not witnessed since the war to rise up like one man in *indignant response* to Boutwell's policy of hate and revenge? Should not a party whose atrocious character is thus unblushingly exposed by one of the moral monsters it has produced, be made to feel the *full* weight of their just anger and contempt? The ballot is our potential weapon of which they cannot, and dare not, now attempt to deprive us, and with it let us drive these wretches from the seats of power, where every hour they remain is a disgrace to us and a new infamy to them. Rally, citizens, from one end of Alabama to the other for Greeley and the State ticket and let 20,000 majority be our answer to Boutwell.

◆

There is a newspaper called the *Day Book* **printed in New York by parties who, we suspect, were in the city of New York during the late war and who prob**ably have never been South, and have no interest South except their subscription lists, which *Day Book* in its zeal for Southern subscribers, is more Southern than the South itself. It professes to be a Democratic Journal and yet opposes the Democratic Party. It proposes to be friendly to the South, indeed has taken the South under its peculiar guardianship, and yet would serve the South *by indirectly aiding the re-election of Grant.* **It is easy for the radicals to subsidise a number of pretended Conservative journals as the best means of operating on Southern prejudices. We do not know that the** *Day Book* **is not one of these. Or the proprietors may imagine that the only means of maintaining a Southern subscription for a Northern newspaper of Democratic professions in opposition to some other more powerful papers, is to play the** *ultra* **role, and thus catch a class of subscribers that the oth**er able but more Conservative papers may not satisfy. No matter from what motive—it is of cousse a selfish one of some kind, we trust that the *Day Book* will at once alter its mischievous course (if indeed it affects to be honest) or else *that its Alabama subscribers will at once* **drop it. Either seven hundred Delegates, the most faithful, the ablest and the wisest men in the whole land, South North East and West, are wrong and false, or else the** *Day Book* **is so.** Under the facts or a madman or an idiot could *hesitate to acknowledge that sound* common sense demands that he should stand with the National Democratic Convention, rather than with the interested *ed*itors of the New York *Day Book.* Who are these mighty men of wisdom whose advice is to outweigh that of the *Thurmans, Pendletons, Bayards, Corcorans,* Brooks, Groesbecks, Randalls and the entire delegations from all the Southern States? They ought to be well known as statesmen or for some extraordinary Southern Service.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The Ball Opened.

We suppose we may safely announce that the Grant and Wilson campaign in Dale county has actively commenced, and that it will be vigorously prosecuted.—On the night of Friday last, U. S. marshall Williford, accompanied by a *squad of cavalry, swooped down upon us. and* arrested 5 of our young men on a charge of conspiracy, who were carried to Eufaula, and are now having a hearing before commissioner Cochran.

Their names are *Polk Martin,* Melborn Yelverton, Marion Andrews, S. Mosely and Collyer Thomas, *and we feel no sort* of hesitancy in declaring that they are as innocent of the crime with which they are charged as men who have been dead for forty years.

The warrants were sworn out by John Wilson, the copper colored scoundrel whom we mentioned *some* weeks *since* as having tried to incite an insurrection among the negroes, and for whose apprehension warrants are now in the hands of our sheriff. **Escaping from the officers sent to arrest him, he made his way to Eufaula where bolstered up by the** *assistance and advice of certain white* **men, whose names we withhold for the present, he succeeded in having warrants issued, and these young men arrested. We have given ourselves much trouble to learn everything connected with the affair, and give our readers the following as true:** *On a certain occasion,* Martin visiting a house of ill fame found the negro there, and drove him off; the negro went and armed himself, and returning attacked Martin and compelled him to leave.—Not long afterwards Martin and the negro met here in Ozark, when the difficulty was renewed, but ended in nothing more serious than a little threatening and profanity. **So much for Martin's share. Mosely, we are informed, not long since, told the negro that if he, the negro, did not quit killing his (Mosely's) stock, he would shoot him, or words to that effect. If Andrews, Yelverton, and Thomas, ever said or did anything to the negro, the most careful and diligent inquiry has failed to ascertain what it was.**

This negro we learn is a refugee from Georgia, where he committed some outrageous crime, and is no doubt a dangerous villain. But he could not have done the mischief he has without assistance, and it was white men who helped him.

They have undertaken a "ticklish" business in slandering our county and people, and in subjecting our men to insult, imprisonment and cost; and if they sow the wind, they need not be surprised if they reap the whirlwind.

Ozark (Dale county) Star.

Greeley's Chances.

The New York *Herald* **of July 23d is evidently impressed with an idea that Mr. Greeley's chances are not so hopeless as the Radical press would have us believe they are. The** *Herald* **says that "blackberries are in season," so are converts to the Greeley movement from the old republican ranks. Among the latest are Wallace Tappan, member of the New York Republican State Committee (making the** *sixth member of that committee* **who has gone over to Greeley); ex-Congressman Charles Hughes, of Sandy Hill, N. Y.; ex- Congressman Burt Van Horn, of the Genesee district, and others. The western part of New York State is moving for Greeley.**

"As Democrats."

The Mobile *Register,* in a long editorial, insists that the Democracy should support Horace Greeley, *as Democrats*—preserving their organization and bringing to his aid the full benefit of it, while maintaining their own political position. This is right, and that we understand to be in accordance with the understanding of Mr. Greeley himself. You, says he, in response to the Democratic Committee informing him of his nomination at Baltimore—you, says he, in nominating me, are none the less Democrats, and I in accepting your nomination, am none the less a Republican. In other words, it is understood that we are co-operating for the *time* to accomplish the specific objects laid down in the Cincinnati platform, and neither of us surrender his party creed in so doing.

This is the view of the matter we have always taken, and it is surprising *that a few Democratic papers and politicians insist that Democrats* have surrendered their party organization and principles. Will it hurt either of these to unite to beat Grant and inaugurate for one term a President pledged to an honest administration—to respect law and the public liberties—to restore local independence to the States and citizenship to the Southern whites? We trow not. But, on the other hand, will it not injure the organization and endanger the final success of the distinctive principles of the party, should these men succeed in their insane attempt to split the party, *into* **intensely hostile factions on the question of submitting to the almost unanimous decision of its august representatives in National Convention? We think no course could be more ill judged**—dangerous and unpatriotic.

Macon Telegraph.

Billings--Good Rezolushuns for 1872

That i will be polite to everybody except muskeeters and bed-bugs.

That i wont swop dogs with no man unless i kan swop two for one.

That i will take my whisky hereafter straight—straight tew the gutter.

That if lovely woman smacks me on one cheek, i will turn her the other also.

That i will lead a moral life if i lose a good deal of fun by it.

That if i ever dy git a hen that kin lay two eggs a day, i shall insist upon hir keeping one of the eggs as a sinking phund.

That it is just as natral tew be born rich az poor, but it iz seldom so convenient.

That i will tri hard tew be honest, but it will be just my darn luck tew miss it.

That i will brag on mi wife all the time, but i will do it silently.

That i wont hanker for happiness, but if i see enny that i think iz a bargin i will shut up one eye and go for it.

That i wont kovet enny man's wife nor his oxen nor hiz kornstalks, nor the color ov hiz mustach.

That i will laff every good chance i kan git, whether it makes me grow phat or not.

Finally, i will sarch for things that are little, for things that are lonesum, avoiding all torch lite prosesshuns, bands ov brass musick, wimmin's rights convenshuns and grass widders generally.

New York Weekly.

This is what a Western poetical editor, after a restless night, once wrote about woman, though he called her "Father Adam:"

He laid him down and slept, and from his side
A *woman in her magic beauty* rose;
Dazzled and charmed he called the woman bride.
And his first sleep became his last repose.

◆

"You are a Catholic, Jimmy?"
"Yes, yer honor."
"And you pray to the Virgin Mary?"
"I do, yer honor."
"Well there's no doubt she was a good woman. The Bible says so. But she may have been no better than your mother or mine."
"That's thrue, yer honor. But then you'll allow there's a mighty difference in their children."

◆

The Montgomery "Advertiser" gives this pleasing account of the reception of a distinguished guest of its city: "Senator George E. Spencer was in the city yesterday. The meeting between that high functionary and the colored ex-policeman John Belser was so cordial and affectionate that it was several minutes before we were able to guess which most wanted to eat the other up. We finally decided in favor of the darkey, on the ground that he had the greatest interest in getting the other out of the way.

◆

Benito Juarez, President of the Mexican Republic, died at the City of Mexico on the *18th inst.,* of apoplexy. *Lerdo* de Tjeda, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, will succeed to the Presidency until Congress shall order an election to fill the vacancy. Tjeda has been looked upon as a sympathiser with the Revolutionists during the late troubles, although he has remained in the City of Mexico, taking no active part with the insurgents. Juarez was first elected President in 1858, and held that office, with the varying fortunes attending all rulers of that distracted country, up to the time of his death.

◆

Some four hundred citizens of Brainiard, Minn., on Tuesday night, concluded to take upon themselves the task of avenging the death of Miss McArthur, who was recently violated and murdered by two Indians near that place. Proceeding to the jail where the murderers were confined, they broke in the doors, took the Indians, out, and hung them on a tree in the principal business street in the town. Nearly the entire population witnessed the tragedy.

◆

The women of Carthage, Ind., have abolished all liquor-saloons in that town, and the thirsty Carthaginians will hereafter be compelled to resort to the private bottle. Some sixty indignant matrons visited the various dram-shops and besought their owners to abandon their vile business, and, failing in their mission, they formed in solid phalanx, marched to the misery mills, one after the other, smashing the furniture and leaving havoc behind them in every case.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3rd, 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
THOS. H. HERNDON,
of Mobile.
For Lieutenant Governor,
E H. MOREN, of Mobile.
Secretary of State,
J. J. PARKER, of Monroe.
Attorney Genral,
J. W. A. SANFORD,
of Montgomery.
Auditor,
T. J. BURNETT, of Butler.
Treasurer,
J. F. GRANT, of Calhoun.
Supt. Public Instruction,
JOSEPH HODGSON,
of Montgomery.
Commiss'r Industrial Resources,
E. F. COMEGYS,
of Lawrence.
Congressmen at Large,
ALPHEUS BAKER, of Barbour.
J. J. JOLLY, of Creene.
Rep. in Congress, 5th Dis.
J. H. CALDWELL.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

State Senate.
T. A. WALKER.
E. T. READ.

For Representative.
Dr. S. C. WILLIAMS.

For Solicitor.
H. L. STEVENSON, Esq.

E. T. Read, individually and respectfully, announces his name as candidate for Senator of the Sixth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Cherokee and Calhoun.

Glorious News.

The first gun from North Carolina is satisfactory.

The Old North State, despite Grant Bayonets and the powerful influence of a corrupt Federal Judiciary, has elected the Democratic ticket and pronounced emphatically in favor of Greeley and Brown.

It is now safe to predict that Greeley will be the next President of the United States.

☞What do the young men of Jacksonville say to the formation of a Greeley and Brown Club?

In other places the young men are at work. Let us have a Club.

J. H. Caldwell.

It will be seen from the proceedings of the convention at Gadsden, published this week, that Col. John H. Caldwell *of this place* received the nomination for Congress from the Fifth Congressional District.

It is needless for us to say how much pleasure this nomination gives us. He is capable. He is honest. He is faithful. A polished scholar, a genial gentleman, a profound lawyer, thoroughly representative; he is one whom the Fifth Congressional District will do honor to itself in honoring. He will receive the largest vote ever cast for Congressman in this District.

At the last meeting of the Greeley and Brown Club of Madison county, the Conservative Republican speakers, as well as Democrats, expressed their determination to vote for the Democratic State Ticket. Among the prominent speakers were Col. W. M. Lowe, Col. Nick Davis, Capt. Wm. Richardson and Wm. B. Figures, Esq., editor of the Huntsville *Advocate*.

A Northern exchange recommends to the Allen-Bayard "Straight Democratic" Convention to be held in Louisville, Kentucky, September 3d (and it looks now as if it would not be held at all) to nominate Gen. Grant. How would the anti-Greeley men like to take Grant? Better come along with the great mass of the Democratic party. Democrats can never go far wrong when they vote for the nominees of their own party. Greeley and Brown are the nominees of the Democratic party. They were nominated *unanimously* at Baltimore.

Press Association of Alabama.

We have received from the office of Messrs. Barrett & Brown the proceedings of the Press Convention last assembled at Montgomery. The job is a very neat one, but contains some one or two errors and one repetition. At the place where the names of the Executive Committee are first printed the words "R. H. Henley, Birmingham *Sun*, President and Secretary of the Association," are cut off from the remainder of the names of the committee with a separate paragraph making it read as if Mr. Henley was mentioned as President and Secretary of the Association; while in fact it was intended that Mr. Henley should be mentioned as one of the committee, as also was the President and Secretary. The Secretary never had the revision of the proofs, and the matter was neglected, we presume, by the friend in whose hands he left the matter. The proceedings, we believe, appear in pamphlet the same as in the *Advertiser*, the morning after adjournment of the Association, which were necessarily made up hastily and without that care that should have been bestowed upon pamphlet matter.

If any newspaper office in the State has failed to receive a copy the omission will be supplied, if such office will only drop a line to the Montgomery *Advance*.

TALLADEGA.

Not since with some companions we put in an appearance before old Hans Breitman Christler, in the good old cotton stealing days of the Republic, to answer for an assault and battery with weapons upon some of his cotton and mule theiving command, has it been our good fortune to visit Talladega. But the last reception was so much better than the one we have alluded to that we feel compensated for the long deprivation.

This time again in company with some Confederate comrades from Jacksonville and points along the line below, we visited the town to attend the second annual Re-Union of the Tenth Alabama Regiment and partake of the bounteous hospitality of the people of Talladega upon whose invitation some of the soldiers of a glorius though lost cause were to meet to perpetuate friendships formed in the field, and to revive associations mournfully pleasant.

Reaching the town late at night our party fell into the hospitable hands of a committee of most polite gentlemen, among whom we recognized first by his silvery voice and afterwards by his comfortable proportions, Bob Mosely, the editor of the *News*. These escorted a portion of our party including the Band to the hotel, presided over by the labor-saving Criswell, while others were taken immediately to the houses of friends who were on the ground to receive them.

Not that we loved our friends less, but because we loved "H. I. Criswell" more, we stopped with the hotel party.

Next morning after a most substantial meal, to which *Piney Oden did full justice*, we strolled with Burt Joiner who happened in to get him a clean shave (three days under the skin he told the barber as it saved expenses) to take a look at the city and meet what faces we might chance to know. Every man we met looked such welcome that, before we understood the matter, we took them all to be friends whom we had forgotton. We saw that Talladega had improved wonderfully, that improvements were going up in every direction, including a magnificent town hall, a good market house, a fine Episcopal church building, private residences and a very fine brick Baptist church building, over which will preside that pure christian gentleman, that eminent divine, that man full of all *the most amiable traits* of human character, one whom every member of the Tenth Alabama Regiment will ever remember with the livliest emotions of friendship and regard, the old Chaplain of the Regiment, J. J. D. Renfroe. From all appearances the town was most rapidly on the highroad of improvement and advancement. How could it be otherwise with its live business men, its sober and industrious mechanics, its *splendid* Fire Company, its excellent board of Alderman, its accomplished and public spirited head, Mayor Smith? (Some people may think that we are throwing in the complimentary adjectives pretty heavy along here, but all such never have been to Talladega, never have seen Talladega, never have experienced Talladega hospitality.) To resume. How could it be otherwise, we say, with its capital newspaper men and well conducted newspaper? Why Burt Joiner alone has got life and attractiveness enough about him to build a town. Bob Mosely's very appearance would scare Hard Times almost to death and the very cleverness of the affable Cross would keep and hold every man who should even attempt to pass through. And then there is Bailey and Cruikshank and Woodward and that most hospitable and genial of gentlemen, the elder Joiner, who, we believe, however, has determined to quit starving on a newspaper and gone into the family grocery line and——but why try to enumerate them? There are enough newspaper men to break any circus company and all the side shows, in the habit of deadheading the press, that ever go to Talladega. Mr. Barney was compelled to quit giving annual passes to the editors along his line of road, who contributed so much to build it up, because of the great number of them. He couldn't always carry an extra car along and he had to have room for passengers and as he could make no invidious distinctions he had to cut us all off, as we can testify to the extent of $1 80 well spent in getting there.

And then there is her magnificent, her accomplished, her kind eyed, beautiful women, who contributed so much to the happiness of the Re-Union occasion, and her unbounded hospitality as displayed in the *groaning* tables of good things at which we refreshed ourselves at the conclusion of the exercises and Williman's lager beer that he sent to the soldiers—but it is twelve o'clock at night and we must retire.

We have held the paper back some hours this week in order to be able to get in the proceedings of the Gadsden Convention. We trust the reason will appear satisfactory to our patrons.

Proceedings of the Democratic Convention of the 5th Congressional District.

Hon. Jas. A. Reeves, Chairman of the District Executive Committee called the Convention to order and a temporary organization was made. Hon. John W. Inzer was made Chairman, W. L. Cain, Jas. H. Savage, W. M. Meeks, Thos. J. Cox, Secretaries.

Committees on organization and credentials were appointed, and Convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

At the appointed hour the Convention met and permanently organized by the unanimous election of Col. J. H. Caldwell for President and T. D. Osborne, John W. Grayson, H. W. Cardon, and —— Findley Secretaries.

A Committee on ratio of Representation was then appointed, and they reported the counties entitled to the following vote in the Convention, viz:—Calhoun 9; Cherokee 5; Cleburne 3; Etowah 4; DeKalb 3; Jackson 8; Marshall 3; Madison 15; St. Clair 4.

On motion of E. T. Read members of the Press invited to seats within the bar around the table.

The usual two-third rule adopted.

John W. Inzer, of St. Clair, moved that in the nomination of candidates before the convention the names of candidates be simply announced, without eulogy or remark. He made the point that it would *save* time, and besides, if a gentleman was so little known that the convention had to be told who he was, he was not the proper man to represent the District. The motion carried.

Nominations were then announced in order of the chair, and Col. Jno. W. Inzer nominated Hon. John Foster of Calhoun. Judge Lewis Wyeth nominated Jas. L. Sheffield, of Marshall. Hon. Thos. Cooper put in nomination the name of Jas. A. Reeves, of Cherokee.

After the 22nd ballot no result having been reached the convention adjourned for 20 minutes.

At the expiration of the time, the convention was called to order and the ballot proceeded.

After the 26th ballot, the name of Hon. P. M. Dox was put in nomination. After one ballot in which Mr. Dox received 2½ votes the name of Mr. Dox was withdrawn. Mr. Osburn, of Jackson, arose and stated that he owed both Mr. Dox and the convention an apology; that he then held in his hand a letter from Judge Dox *positively* declining to let his name go before the convention. Motion was made to expunge the ballot and not let it go of record. The motion was variously argued and at greater length than was necessary. The following resolution finally passed as a compromise measure:

Resolved, That the Secretaries of the convention be instructed to make the records show that the name of Judge Dox was put in nomination by Daniel M. Martin, of Jackson, a devoted friend, notwithstanding it was known that Judge Dox had declined to be a candidate.

The convention then adjourned until night at 8 o'clock.

When that hour arrived the Chair called the convention to order, and Mr. Box moved the adoption of parliamentiary rules usually governing deliberative bodies. This motion prevailed and the convention proceeded to ballot.

After the 36th ballot Judge Inzer, of St. Clair, offered the following:

Resolved, That if no person shall have received two-thirds of the whole vote cast, prior to taking the 38th ballot, then the person who receives the lowest number of votes, shall be dropped and so on each succeeding ballot until a nomination shall be made.

Col. Cooper, of Cherokee, opposed the motion that it reduced the race to the favorites of the two counties—Madison and Calhoun. He thought it was done in the interest of candidates. This Col. Inzer denied. He said that he had offered it solely for the purpose of arriving at a nomination, and despatch of other work of the convention. Withdrawn.

At this point a motion to adjourn was voted down by a large majority.

Mr. A. Snodgrass, of Jackson, moved to rescind the two-thirds rule. Lost.

A motion was then adopted to suspend the ballot for Congressman and go into the nomination of members of the Board of Regents.

Mr. Leroy F. Box, of St. Clair, Wm. N. Cowan, of Etowah, and R. A. D. Dunlap, of DeKalb were put in nomination before the convention and a ballot was had.

After the 3rd ballot the name of Mr. Dunlap was withdrawn.

On the 7th ballot Mr. Box was elected for the long term.

The election for a member of the board to supply the place made vacant by the death of Capt. B. I. Harrison was the next thing in order, and Mr. Stenvenson of Calhoun, put Wm. N. Cowan in nomination. Mr. Thos. D. Osborne, of Jackson, presented the name of Mr. Scott Peters. After the second ballot was had without result, the name of Mr. Scott Peters was withdrawn.

Mr. Leath, of Cherokee, at this point put Maj. A. D. Bailey, of Calhoun, in nomination, and after three ballots had been had he was withdrawn.

After the 11th ballot, Mr. Dobbs, of DeKalb took down the name of Mr. Dunlap. Mr. Cowan was then nominated by acclamation.

The convention then adjourned until 8 o'clock at night.

At the hour appointed the Convention assembled and proceeded with the ballot. After the 42nd ballot, it being apparent that no nomination could be had soon, Mr. Wofford, of Etowah, moved that 15 minutes be allowed the delegations for consultation among themselves and agree upon one candidate for whom they would cast the vote of the counties solid. Tabled.

At the 52nd ballot St. Clair county refused to vote and the Convention took a recess of 10 minutes.

After the 56th ballot, Col. Cooper withdrew the name of Mr. Reaves, while his vote was as high as the highest. Mr. Reaves was loudly called for and came forward. He returned thanks. He said that he retired from the contest with the purest motives; he saw and every man saw that so long as his friends stood square to him, no nomination could be made. So far as he was concerned his heart was right. Some things had occurred to wound his feelings, but he supposed nothing was said or done intentionally to that end. Who would be nominated? He knew not. The cry is time yet. To his friends who had stood by him through thick and thin he returned thanks. He would defend the principles which he had ever entertained. He would always be found on the side of right. He would advocate the principles of the party to which he belonged. He was the last man who would put a clog in the wheel or prevent a strict party organization (applause). He might be termed an ambitious young man, but he was only ambitious to secure the success of the party to which he belonged. (Applause.)

After the 97th ballot, Mr. Brown, of Jackson, withdrew the name of Mr. Bradford. Mr. Bradford was loudly called for. He came forward and made a neat speech of a minute's length, in which he returned thanks and took occasion to say that he appreciated the kindness of friends who had urged his nomination. At this point Mr. Snodgrass, of Jackson, put in nomination Jas. A. Reeves. This was objected to and the name withdrawn. After the 72 ballot, Mr. Word, of DeKalb, put the name of M. C. Newman, of DeKalb, in nomination. After the 79th ballot his name was withdrawn.

After the 82 ballot, Mr. Snodgrass, of Jackson, put Col. John H. Caldwell, of Calhoun, in nomination, whereupon Gen. Forney withdrew the name of Chancellor Foster.

Mr. Foster was loudly called for and came forward and made a most excellent speech which greatly pleased the convention.

After the 85th ballot, Mr. Sheffield, of Marshall, was withdrawn. He came forward in obedience to a call and returned thanks to his friends who had supported him.

Pending the motion to nominate Col. John H. Caldwell, by acclamation, Mr. Boyd, of Marshall, put in nomination the name of Hon. Jas. A. Reeves.

After the 97th ballot the name of Mr. Reeves was withdrawn by Mr. Boyd, who said that Cherokee again set an example of self-sacrifice that other counties would do well to imitate. He thought there was a time when patience ceased to be a virtue. He yeilded everything to Calhoun who seemed wedded to her idols.

Mr. Leath, of Cherokee, then presented the name of R. K. Boyd, of Marshall.

Mr. Boyd came forward and declined to allow the use of his name.

Col. Caldwell was then nominated by acclamation, Being loudly called for he came forward and was introduced to the convention by Col. Cooper who was at the time occupying the chair.

He said that the present was the proudest moment of his life; that the honor confer ed upon him rendered him incapable of giving expression to his feelings. He had always from early boyhood, while yet the down was upon his cheek, been a member of and laborer in the Democratic party. He complimented the defeated candidates and said that he exulted not. In assuming the nomination he took it with all its responsibilities. He knew that there was much to be done. There had to be harmony and conciliation. He went into the work with a determination to advance the glory and success of the party. While he had been a straight out Democrat, he was for that which would most conciliate. He asked the aid of gentlemen of the convention. At this point Col. Cooper took the chosen standard bearer by the hand and congratulated him. His feelings overcame him and the tears stood in his eyes and his voice was broken with emotion as he proposed for Calhoun and Cherokee to clasp hands across the "bloody chasm" which had so long divided them. It was very affecting. The delegation from Madison offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That by the able, faithful and efficient manner in which the Hon. P. M. Dox has discharged his duties as our representative in Congress for the last two years, amidst the most trying period in the political history of our country, he deserves the thanks and unbounded confidence of his constituents. Unanimously adopted.

The Convention then went into the nomination of an elector and alternate elector.

Col. Chas. Rattray was then put in nomination and he was chosen by a vote of 46 to 8.

Hon Wm. L. Whitlock (Liberal Republican) was offered for alternate Elector and unanimously nominated.

The gentlemen came forward in response to a call and made short speeches, which were well received by the Convention.

Mr. A. Snodgrass, of Jackson, offered the following Resolution.

Resolved. That this Convention heartily endorse the action of the late Baltimore Convention in the nomination of Greeley and Brown for President and Vice-President of the United States. Unanimously adopted. Mr Baily, of Calhoun, offered the following Resolution.

Resolved. That this Convention do heartily approve the action of the late State Convention and endorse its nominees for State officers.

Resolutions tendering thanks of the Convention to the President and Secretaries, the sheriff of the county who had the Convention waited upon, the people of Gadsden for hospitality were then passed and the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Proceedings of the Re-Union.

On Friday the 26th day of July, 1872, at 11 o'clock A. M. the Re-Union of the Tenth Alabama Regiment was called to order by Col. John H. Caldwell, President.

Prayer was then offered by the Rev. J. J. D. Renfroe, the noble Chaplian of the Regiment, in which he invoked, in eloquent and feeling supplication, the blessings of Divine Providence in behalf of the meeting and its objects. He alluded in tender words to the spirits of our fallen braves, who in a full consciousness of the discharge of duty, gave up all in the lost cause, and expressed a fond hope for the day when deceased and surviving members alike, being summoned above should be permitted to join the great army of the Great Commander of the universe.

After prayer the Officer's Funeral was played by the Minnehaha Cornet Band.

The minutes of the previous meeting at Shelby Springs on 27th July, 1871 were then read by the Secretary, and approved.

Col. Caldwell tendered an apology for the absence of the Orator, Capt. R. W. Cobb; and expressed his assurance that the Captain was prevented from attending by some unavoidable circumstance.

The following poem was then read by Thomas Henderson, Esq:

[POEM, read before the Re-Union of the 10th Alabama Regiment, held in the city of Talladega, July 26th, 1872.]

IN MEMORIAM.

BY THOMAS HENDERSON.

Ah, "*in memoriam*"—let the years run back,
Since parting on the last field long ago;
How looks retreating time, the weary track,
Where we have journeyed heavily and slow—
But why recount the days of trial now?
Why summon back the past, or weave in song
The bloody Illiad of a people's woe?
Why rouse the sleeping who have slept so long?
The dead know not, nor see, nor feel a Tyrant's wrong.

Our flag was furled at last,—the fight was o'er,
Our rifles stacked, our four years' task was done;
Adieu for aye, adieu forever more,
The last, the fiery, blood-stained victory won;
No sound of strife, no cannon's roar anon
Again shall cheer the gallent and the gay;
The stars and stripes are floating in the sun,
And yet we lingered ere we turned away,
In sooth we thought alas of many a bloody day.

A long farewell, the struggle closes here:
How hot, how grim, how dreadful had it been;
But now the drama ends, the hour draws near,
When we must pass from off this fiery scene;
Adieu, adieu! We little thought (I ween)
Of mustering armies, moving far and wide,
With flaring colors, arms of silver sheen,
And long swept lines. Let plumed triumph ride,
We little recked indeed of all a conquerer's pride

We thought of proud Manassas' opening day,
We thought of Shiloh's distant battle-ground,
Of Richmond's fields where many a legion lay,
In death's long night of slumber (how profound?)
We thought of home—alas we looked around,
And scarcely felt that home was now our own;
Far off artillery rolled its solemn sound
A dying o'er the last field of renown;
How felt we then to lay our arms and banner down.

How did the heart with grief and horror thrill,
Recounting o'er the dark days that had passed;
Each morning opening up more hideous still,
Each long night seeming drearier than the last;
Along our thin ranks death was falling fast,
And armies on the front and flank and rear
In endless columns terrible and vast,
And cannonading roaring far and near,
As if an earthquake shook the ancient hills with fear!

The day set, and Virginia's mountains frowned
On the last fight, that ceased all still and stern,
And night and sorrow saddened far around,
And cold and flickering did the campfires burn,
We slept on arms for morning to return,
And knew not what its coming hour would bring,
When in the dim grey dawn we could discern
The little white flag wave its snowy wing,
A messenger of truce, a solitary thing.

The morn was up, the rising sunlight shone,
As it hath shone on many an April day;
Stacked on the field our rifles stood alone,
And low on earth our conquered banner lay.
One thought of peace, one thought—O far away
One tear to weep the memory of the lost,
And then farewell—in this wide world to stray,
And leave the wreck of all we loved the most,
To meet proud triumph's scoffs or fools invidious boast.

A long farewell—the sullen hours gone by,
And all is done that duty bid us do;
No hope of peace could check one heavy sigh,
Or sooth a soldier in his long adieu,
As our General passed before the view,
And all alone—no guard nor martial suit;
How changed alas from all that once we knew,
No wild acclaim returned his last salute,
Our hearts were burning still, but all our lips were mute.

Now we address us for our journey long,
Disbanded remnant of a faithful band,
And we were weary, but our hearts were strong
To struggle on through many a distant land,
But how reduced our true and tried command;
And whither shall the wayfarer roam,
The shipwrecked mariner on the desert strand,
We felt that hour, what were our thoughts of home;
How dreary, dreary seemed the long, long years to come.

O let us linger here in cold dispair,
And bow a moment at thy broken shrine
Our Country, and upon the wreck that's there,
Let me but trace a poet's plaintive line;
Thy days are done low sunk in their decline,
And how will envy blacken thy fair name;
The field, the banner now, no longer thine;
No arm to strike, no voice to cry out *shame!*
When the Destroyer gives thy cities up to flame.

No more the drum's alarum sound will roll
Upon the silent sleep that sleeps all night;
No bugle's blast shall stir the dreaming soul,
No rustling banner hail the morning light
No more shall armies move upon our sight,
Nor acclamations swell upon the ear,
As Longstreet passed his corps into the fight,
And Jackson's batteries thundered in the rear,
And the long shout went up, the wild, the reckless cheer.

Ah those were days we'll witness not again,
The fields all silent where our heroes sleep;
No mausoleum tells us of the slain,
As pale remembrance o'er the past may weep;
But yonder marble heaven, blue and deep,
Whose bright eternal arch will perish not,
Spans every grave, and coming summers creep
In living verdure round the narrow spot,
And Nature comes to weep while thousands have forgot.

A truce to this. Long years have told their tale,
And, onward still unto the journey's end,
When the night cometh, and when strength shall fail,
And our dark dust shall unto dust descend,
The days roll on—our steps in sorrow bend
To that dim shore by millions peopled now,
Where is no love nor hate, no foe no friend.
Time slowly wreaths decline upon the brow—
And ah to few of us will three-score years allow.

And far on as those coming days advance
Our little band may meet from year to year;
A few heads time hath silvered o'er perchance,
Will be the remnant who may gather here;
Oh may their brave hearts meet with hearty cheer,
A cheer befitting well the good and brave,
And when the hour of parting draweth near,
May faithful hands conduct them to the grave;
And peace be to the land that valor could not save.

The "Historical Sketch" of the regiment was read by Paul H. Lewis, Esq., of Montevallo.

Dinner then being announced, all repaired thither in an orderly manner. Such a repast was then and there served up by the various committees, (worthy representatives of a hospitable people) as only Talladega, with her goodness of heart, and bounty of stores could prepare.

After dinner the Re-Union was called together for the transaction of business.

The officers were then elected to serve the ensuing year:

Gen. Wm. H. Forney, President; Col. Paul Bradford and Col. Hewit, Vice-Presidents; Adjutant Grant, Recording Secretary; J. W. Heacock, Corresponding Secretary; I. L. Swan, Treasurer; Col. John H. Caldwell was elected Orator for the next meeting of the Re-Union; Capt. Leroy F. Box was elected Alternate Orator, and A. W. Plowman, Poet.

Motion was made by Jared Thompson to rescind the resolution adopted at Shelby Springs requiring members of the regiment to enroll their names with the Secretary, in order to become members of the Re-Union. Carried.

Horace L. Stevenson, Esq., then offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That every man who was ever a member of the Tenth Alabama and never *deserted* to the enemy be considered members of the Re-Union, and as such they be entitled to all the rights and privileges of the same.

On motion of A. W. Plowman, Paul H. Lewis, Esq., was requested to furnish a copy of his Historicall Sketch of the Tenth Alabama Regiment to a committee to be appointed by the President—subject to the disposal of the Re-Union.

The following was the committee appointed: D. T. Castleberry, Esq., and Dr. Wm. Taylor.

A similar motion was made and carried in reference to the excellent poem of Thomas Henderson, Esq.

The committee appointed at the last meeting to draft a Constitution and By-Laws were allowed until the next meeting to make their report.

Adjutant L. W. Grant then arose and said: Mr President, I am here for the purpose of offering a motion, and to tender the hospitality of Jacksonville. If you determine to hold your next Re-Union in Jacksonville, I pledge you such a cordial reception, as you never before received, with this exception. No body, nor no place can excel the reception of to-day, and the unbounded liberality, and generous hospitality of Talladega, and her noble hearted, whole souled citizens. He then offered the following, which was read and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That our next place of meeting be Jacksonville.

D. T. Castleberry, Esq., then offered a resolution that the next Re-Union be held on Friday before the second Sunday in August, 1873. Adopted.

A motion was carried requiring the President to appoint hereafter a committee of four persons from companies G., H. & D., as a Committee of Arrangements for the next Re-Union, and said committee is authorized to appoint a committee of citizens to assist them.

Adjutant Grant offered the following:

Resolved, That the heart-felt thanks of this Re-Union be tendered to the Committees on Dinner and Arrangements and to the citizens of Talladega for their cordial reception, and hospitable manner in which they have entertained us. Adopted by a rising vote.

On motion of D. T. Castleberry, Esq., it was resolved that the thanks of the Re-Union are due and hereby tendered to the Minnehaha Cornet Band, of Jacksonville, for the excellent music furnished which has enlivened the occasion.

The Re-Union then adjourned to meet at Jacksonville, on Friday before the second Sunday, the 8th day in August, 1873.

J. H. CALDWELL, Pres't
G. I. TURNLEY, Sec'y.

Heartrendering Accident.

We know not when a sadder duty devolved upon us than to record the heartrendering death of little Hugh Ferguson McCord, yesterday evening at 5 o'clock. His death was the result of an accident, a parallel to which rarely occurs. At about 2 o'clock yesterday evening, he was out in the yard of his grandmother's residence, (Mrs. Hugh Ferguson) flying a kite, and while walking backward, fell into a kettle of boiling syrup. His screams drew to his assistance his mother and others who were close by, but, alas, not in time to prevent the accident being fatal. The little fellow was horribly burned, and suffered great agony. He lingered for about three hours, when death came to his relief. He was a sprightly, interesting little child, and while his death, under any circumstances, would have been a severe blow to his parents and relatives, occurring as it did, it is indeed heartrendering. They have the sincere sympathy of the entire community in their great affliction.

Selma Times, July 24th.

A few days since one of our popular attorney called upon another member of the profession and asked his opinion upon a certain point of law. The lawyer to whom the question was addressed drew himself up and said: "I generally get paid for telling what I know." The questioner drew a half dollar "fractional" from his pocket, handed it to the other, and coolly remarked: "Tell me all you know and give me the change." There is coldness between the parties.

St. Louis Dispatch.

THE ARMY WORM.—A quinine bottle full of the Simon Pure army worm was sent us yesterday by Mr. Bryan of Lowndes county, together with a letter from which we take the liberty of printing the following extract:

Three days ago Mr. C. H. Quinn, who is this year cultivating Col. Holcombe's plantation, had the finest crop of cotton that I had seen in the country. *To-day his crop is utterly destroyed!* I have never seen such destruction in so short a time. Other plantations on Big Swamp are suffering the same fate and the prospects so flattering three weeks ago are now sad and gloomy indeed.

We now begin to think that cotton will be worth 25 cents next February. The crop, so promising a few weeks ago may now be considered lost beyond recovery. We hope our friends from the country will keep us posted with regard to the progress of the worm.

Montgomery Advertiser.

Ex-Congressman Randolph Strickland, of Michigan, has publicly announced his determination to vote for Greeley and Brown.

Increase in Gold and Silver

The estimates of the Special Commissioner of Mines for the productions of 1870 were $66,000,000. These estimates covered $16,000,000 for Nevada, and only $1,300,000 for Utah. It is probable that if we could get at the exact production of Nevada for the year 1872 it would not fall far short of $22,000,000 and that Utah will this year yield not less than $6,000,000,000 to $8,000,000, Nearly all the great mines of Utah are new developments made since 1899, the time Raymond made up his report. The Emma mine is only one of a large class likely at all to prove as productive. The Miller mine, in American Fork District, was only considered last year to be worth $90,000, and this summer sells for $2,000,000. It was not thought of in 1869. If Utah and Nevada prove a tithe as rich in the discoveries made on the Cottonwood, at Pioche, Shell Creek and elsewhere, as the stock market indicates, it is not exaggeration to credit them with a gross production of $30,000,000 for the year 1872. Our total gold and silver yield in all the States and Territories ought this year to run as high as $76,000,000, making some allowance for a falling off in Montana, Oregon and Colorado.

POINTS OF A COW.—She's long in her face, fine in her horn; clean in her jaw, full in her chin, heavy in flank, and wide in loin; broad in her rump, a straight and flat back, with never a hump; wide in her shoulders and thin in her thighs; light in her neck and small in her tail; wide in her breast and good at the pail; fine in bone and silky of skin; a grazier's without and a butcher's within.

Advertisement.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Pension Office,
Washington D. C. July, July, 17 '72.

SIR,

Thomas Farrow, was pensioned as a Lieutenant, for services in the war of the revolution, and placed on the roll of pensions for the State of South Carolina. Is reported to have died Dec'r 31, 1842.

Very Respectfully,
J. W. BAKER,
Commissioner.

An attempt to desecrate the memory of one whose steps were ever guarded by the unceasing vigil of virtue through the long, rugged path of life, has involved the stern duty of procuring the above facts, to place before the minds of the public in contradiction of wilful falsehoods uttered, by poluted lips, against the fair name of the sleeping patriot.

Thirty annual suns have rose and set upon the battles and pestilences common to earth, since a large concourse of mourners, wept over the newly made grave of the revolutionary soldier; and whose deeds of valor always hang a trembling tear upon the eye lids of those honored with a knowledge of his character. But alas! those matchless blessings so long enjoyed by a nation, for which this noble Hero bravely poured out his blood, have been slain by the traitor who has forsaken his country when in the extremity of peril she calls for the firmest front, and not only turns a dull ear to her agonizing cries, but cowardly seeks to fight the ashes of a long sainted spirit.

W. W. Crook! a traitor! has attempted to blemish the memory of the honored Thomas Farrow with the burning curse of toryism.—An odium, to which hell would blush to recognize having given birth.

South Carolina: can you hold your peace when an effort is being made to massacre the memory of the character of one of your revolutionary patriots? One whose willing bosom was unflinchingly bared to the fearful missiles of your bitterest foes—received a lifetime wound in your behalf, and who bequeathed to posterity an immortal example of virtue and heroism? Can you, ye sons of valor, suffer the name of Thomas Farrow tarnished by the ruthless tongue of a miserable, undeserving man, who has bartered the claims of his country for the shadow of a hope of some paltry gain? You cannot, you will not fold your arms upon your breasts and still their tumults into silence, and let the shining traits of a true and never blenching patriot trail in the dust.

F. WOODRUFF.

Jacksonville, Ala., July 29, 1672.

I have formed a business connection with Messrs. Flash, Lewis & Co., of New Orleans, which will demand all my attention, hence I withdraw from the business in which I have been engaged here and leave same in the hands of E. L. Woodward, Sr., who will determine his own course of action in the matter. Thanking friends for past favors,

I remain,
ED. L. WOODWARD.

☞ You see from the above that my son, Ed. L. Woodward, withdraws from this business, and leaves goods, dues, and all in my hands.

I WISH TO CLOSE OUT.

Hence I offer hats, shoes, and many other articles

AT COST!

If I can suit you in the article, you can save money by buying of me,

E. L. WOODWARD. Sr.

aug3—tf

An Ordinance.

Be it Ordained by the Town Council, of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person, without having first obtained a license to keep a Livery Stable, as required by law, shall hereafter let for hire or use for pay or reward, any horse, mule, buggy, carriage, wagon, or any other vehicle, (except for plowing purposes) shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence or act so done shall be fined not less than five nor more than ten dollars.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary T. C.

AN ORDINANCE.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Counsellors of the Town of Jacksonville; that any person or persons found playing base ball, or throwing, tossing, knocking or catching a ball or balls upon the public square, or any of the streets of the town during the day, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars, for each and every offence.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.
July 20 1872—3t.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Are you out of employment? We wish the address of every man and woman out of employment. We have work for them, Address (inclosing stamp)

GEORGE J. JOHNSTON,
P. O. Box 180. Montgomery, Ala.

University of Alabama.

THE next Session will begin on 25th of September.

Tuition Free.

The Course of Instruction embraces independent Schools. [illegible]

For further information, send for Catalogue, or address,

N. T. LUPTON, President, Tuscaloosa.

Aug3 1872w4t.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands from the Circuit Court of [illegible] county against Sevier Elston and [illegible] of M. J. Turnley & Son, I will [illegible] to sell to the highest bidder for [illegible] fore the court house door in the [illegible] Jacksonville, within the legal [illegible] sale, on the first Monday in Sept[illegible] all of Sevier Elston's interest in [illegible] lowing described lands, to-wit: [illegible] Section 10 and 15. Township 16 [illegible] one hundred acres more or less [illegible] as the place upon which [illegible] resides. C. P. B[illegible]

July27—6t.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands from the Circuit Court of [illegible] county against [illegible] William Johnston and [illegible] el K. Borders, I will proceed [illegible] the highest bidder for cash [illegible] court house door in Jacksonville [illegible] the legal hours of sale, on the first [illegible] day in September next, all of the [illegible] L. Elston and William Johnston [illegible] terest in the following described [illegible] to-wit:—Section 33 township 15, [illegible] also one hundred acres in section 15 range [illegible]

C. P. B[illegible]

July27—6t.

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs!

HEDGE PLANTS!

NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLATES!

Address F. K. PHŒNIX, BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,

'600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalogues, [illegible]

SEND 50cts TO A. S. [illegible] BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER Rome Georgia & and receive by mail a package of Dolly Varden Paper and Envelopes.—tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS

Now at work, or looking for some [illegible] will miss it if they do not at once [illegible] circulars of the best selling book [illegible] Extraordinary inducements offer[illegible] more than double money. Outfit [illegible] dress, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth St. [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED—for the [illegible] SPEED'S **Presidential Campaign** [illegible] Every citizen wants it. [illegible] PAIGN GOODS. Address, Goodspeed's **Empire Publishing House**, [illegible] leans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

Agents Wanted—for the [illegible]

Grant! Greeley

WILSON! BROWN

And their [illegible] Steel Portraits [illegible] the masses everywhere. Agents [illegible] wonderful success. Send for [illegible] secure [illegible] LER & McCURDY, 139 Race St. [illegible] nati, O.

DonotFail [illegible] cursion North to secure one

CELEBRATED IMPROVED STEWART COOK STOVE

With its special attachment, [illegible] & Broiler. The Stove and Fixtures fully [illegible] on application.

FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St. [illegible]

BURNHAM'S

New Turbine [illegible]

WATER [illegible]

N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa. [illegible]

THE GREAT SOUTHERN JURUBEBA BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially [illegible] for use in the Spring, when the [illegible] DEBILITATED system needs [illegible] ity; it will give vigor to the [illegible] to the [illegible] tively to the sluggish, rest to [illegible] et to the nervous, and health to [illegible] It is a South American plant [illegible] cording to the medical and [illegible] icals of London and Paris [illegible] POWERFUL tonic properties known [illegible] Medicine, and is well known [illegible] countries [illegible] ites and [illegible] an [illegible] BLOOD, DERANGEMENTS [illegible] and SPLEEN, TUMORS, [illegible] ERTY of the BLOOD, [illegible] NESS of the INTESTINES, [illegible] URINARY ORGANS.

Dr Wells Extract of Jurubeba

It is strengthening and nutritious [illegible] assimilates and diffuses [illegible] circulation, [illegible] It regulates the bowels, [illegible] acts directly on the secretive [illegible] its powerful Tonic and [illegible] produce [illegible] whole system.

J Q KELLOGG, 18 Platt St. N.Y. Sole Agent for [illegible]

☞Price One Dollar per Bottle. [illegible] for Circular.

CHEAP ADVERTISING.

Advertisements occupying [illegible] space will be inserted in 260 [illegible] PERS, including 23 DAILIES [illegible]

SOUTHERN STATES

covering thoroughly the States of [illegible] Ddlaware, Virginia, West Virginia, [illegible] Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, [illegible] Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama [illegible] Kentucky and Missouri.

One Month for [illegible]

More Papers, More Dailies [illegible] Circulation, Lower Prices [illegible] other List. Special rates [illegible] less [illegible] quoted [illegible] ies of [illegible] information [illegible]

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co. Newspaper Advertising Agents, Park Row, New York.

Republican

Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.
Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.
April 20th, 1872.—tf.

We invite the attention of our readers to the advertisement of University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Ala., to be found in another column.

$100 00 REWARD.

Col Parr will pay $100 00 for the first bale of new cotton, weighing 400 pounds, delivered in Jacksonville, Alabama. Hurry up.

Attention is invited to the business change of Ed. L. Woodward.

It will be seen by reference to the card of E. L. Woodward, Sr., to whom the closing up of the business has been entrusted, that he wishes to sell out and offers many articles *at cost*. Those wishing to purchase such articles, will seldom meet with opportunities to purchase them on such favorable terms.

Look to Your Interest.

Col. Parr is selling the old standard brand of Canton Sugar House Syrup for the low price of 50 cents per gallon.

At the last meeting of Jacksonville Lodge of Good Templars, the following named officers were elected:

James Crook, W. C. T.; Miss Willie Francis, W. V. T.; Judge M. J. Turnley, W. C.; Samuel P. Snow, P. W. C. T.; I. L. Swan, W. S.; Mrs. M. E. Francis, W. A. S.; Joshua Draper, W. F. S.; Dr. C. C. Porter, W. T.; Jacob Rosenberg, W. M.; Miss Mary Linder, W. D. M.; Mrs. M. J. Turnley, R. H. S.; Miss Sally Forney, L. H. S.; Miss Ella Laird, W. I. G.; Jno. T. Wilkins, W. O. G.

We are pleased to state that the Order is in a flourishing condition, numbering already, although only three months old, about 66 members, with weekly accessions of from six to ten.

Col. Parr will pay 25 cents per pound for the first new bale of cotton delivered in Jacksonville,

Buy your coffee at Col. Parr's. The best Rio 3½ pounds for one dollar.

We wish our friends from all parts of the county would send us a notification of when their public speakings, barbacues, political meetings, pic nics, etc. will come off. We will take great pleasure in publishing the time of all of them and may be speakers from a distance may see the publication and be present.

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure of meeting last week, Maj. Ed. L. Woodward, of Jacksonville, Alabama, lately associated with Flash, Lewis & Co., grocers, 44 Gravier street, New Orleans. The business capacity of Maj. W., his integrity and influence with commercial men throughout Alabama will be of invaluable service to the house which has secured his services. The name of Woodward in North Alabama, is but another name for integrity and fair business dealing. We do not believe that the house could have a more active, competent and reliable representative, or one whom his many friends would desire more heartily to succeed, than Maj. Ed. L. Woodward.

Montgomery Advance.

From a personal and business acquaintance running through many years, we most cordially endorse every word said in the above.

Strange but True.

A wonderful discovery has been made by Jake Rosenberg. He has found out that it is necessary to sell out his entire stock of Summer Goods, AT COST, to make room for his Fall stock. Come and examine for yo urselves. True.

Maj. Hotchkiss, who led the late Editorial excursion through the Northern States is a man of such untiring energy that some of the Northern papers christened him "Old Nitroglycerine." One of the Southern excursionists suggested that perhaps "dynamite" (a powerful blasting powder) would be a better *sonbriquet;* to which another responded: "He may not be dy-*nam*-it but he's dam-*ny*-it." A better compound of anogram and pun could hardly have been effected after a week's study.

Montgomery Advertiser.

Louisville Industrial Exposition.

We have received an invitation to attend the Grand Natianal Industrial Exposition, which opens in Louisville, Ky., September 3rd, and continues until October 8th, 1872. This Exposition will ettract to Louisville thousands of people from every section of the West and Southwest, and an opportunity will be enjoyed of examining the evidences of the great progress made in this country in the arts, inventions and manufactures. Nearly every State in the Union will exhibit its work, and consumer and manufacturer will be enabled to judge of the wants and resources of the country. Reduced fares on railroads and steamboats have been arranged and ample hotel accommodations secured for all who attend. The Louisville Exposition Building covers nearly an entire square in the heart of the city, is built of brick, and will seat on the first floor alone nearly 20,000 people. The natural beauty of Louisville at this season of the year, her perfected arrangements for entertaining her visitors economically and agreeably, and the opportunity of seeing the business men of the country—the men who are the basis of its unexampled progress—will attract all classes to the Exposition during the season.

At the Diamond Fields.

The first reports of the discovery of an immense deposit of diamonds in South Africa, received with universal distrust; but the experience of those who flocked to that region in the hope of suddenly achieving wealth, showed them to be very little, if at all, exaggerated. From a little book, recently published under the title of "Twelve Months at the Diamond Fields," we condense the following account:

And, first let us note the exact location of the diamond region, which may be easily done with the assistance of a map of South Africa. The natural boundary of the Cape Colony proper on the north is the Gariep or Orange River, one of those streams common to the southern hemisphere, with a huge bed but an insignificant permanent supply of water. Far up the country the Gariep splits into two forks, which encircle the state known as the Orange River Republic; the most northerly of these forks is known as the Vaal River, and on, and near its banks, the diamond fields are situated.

The riches of this region appear to have been discovered by accident. A child was seen playing with a pretty bright stone, and a trader, never suspecting its value, asked leave to exhibit it in the colony, when it was found to be a diamond of 16 carats. The news soon spread abroad, and before long men of all nations came flocking up the Vaal River, and Pniel, a township situated on that stream, became a bustling and important place. But the prosperity of places which depended for their support on gold or diamond diggings is very precarious, for "rushes," as they are termed, are constantly taking place to fresh spots; and Pniel was comparatively deserted for the dry diggings situated at some distance to the south of the river, at Colesberg Kopje and Du Toit's Pan. Du Toit's Pan deserves some description, for it was there that the largest diamond yet unearthed in South Africa was discovered—a truly magnificent gem, full of fire, and perfect in shape, though, like all the large stones (it weighed 154 carats) slightly off color. Du Toit's Pan is a dismal-looking place, situated in a dreary flat, close to a salt-pan. At Colesberg Kopje, there was a small hillock, which, a few months before our author's visit, had formed part of a grazing farm, but has now been excavated to a depth of twenty or thirty feet. On this eztraordinary spot diamonds (of a sort) were to be found by the handful, and a piece of ground fifteed feet square could not be purchased for less than £1000. The diamonds here found, though far more numerous, were of a very inferior description to those unearthed in Vaal River, andthe writer thinks that the discovery of this Colesberg "cinder heap" injured the prosperity of diamond miners by glutting the market with bad gems, and prejudicing home dealers against South African diamonds.

Considering that the weather in the summer months is very hot in those regions, and that there is a great scarcity of water, the health of the miners has been wonderfully good, and no epidemic has broken out among them. The life at the diggings is very much like that of the Californian and Australian mines, except that diamond hunting is even a greater lottery than gold digging. In two respects the Cape mines differ from those of Australia. The European speculators were able to obtain plenty of natives to do the hardest part of the work, and altogether these poor fellows seem to have behaved with an honesty which we rarely find among Christians, so-called. In Australia there was no dark-skinned race available, and miners had to do their own digging. South Africa, again, was not cursed with the horde of scoundrels whose deeds of violence, both in Australia and California, shook all sense of security; and considering that the society in the Vaal River was somewhat "mixed," there was little serious crime.

The result of the discovery of this extraordinary supply of diamonds has been to lower the marketable value of rough stones about fifty per cent. This is doubtless due to a temporary glut, the markets being easily oversupplied with an article for which, owing to its high price, there is only a limited demand. This decline in price need not deter people from crossing the line to seek their fortune, but those who go should be in possession of something to live upon in case of continuous ill luck. "There is no doubt," says our author, "that diamonds of great price are richly scattered all along the Vaal, but the difficulty is where to look for them; geology does not afford a guide, and a man may spend half of his life in chase of a phantom which allures while it avoids him.

A Grasshopper Storm.

[From the St. Paul Press, July 19.]

A. R. Rayliss, Esq., formerly of this city, now storekeeper for the Northern pacific Railroad at the second crossing of the Cheyenne River, is responsible for the following remarkable story, which is a good one, whether true or not. He has a neat house there and has taken great pains to make a garden, and has been so eminently successful that all of the officers of the road who have passed by have complimented him in high terms upon it. But now he has no garden; it has disappeared. On the 8th inst., he writes during a severe thunder storm an immense cloud of grasshoppers darkened the air and settled down over his place they covered the whole ground, and, desirous of finding out the extent of the visitation, he took a carriage and drove out, finding that they extended about three miles each way from him, six miles in all. Millions of them, he writes, are hurried with violence against the house, and killed, so that he "wheeled away ten barrow loads of them." They remained about twenty-four hours. There; if anyone can tell a bigger story than that, or write it with any ordinary pen and ink let him come on.

TELEGRAPHIC.

GENEVA, July 28.

The Swiss Times in giving further particulars of the proceedings of the board of Arbitration says: The board has disallowed the claims of the American Government arising out of the depredations of the Boston, Jeff Davis, Music and several other smaller confederate cruisers. The reasons leading to this action of the board are that the charges of negligence on the part of the British Government so far as these vessels are concerned have not been proved.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.

Thomas Carroll while riding near San Jose Saturday night saw two men whom he supposed to be highwaymen. He shot one of them dead and made the other a prisoner. An investigation shows the victim to be Henri Pattel, an inoffensive French florist, who with his companion in the same business, was going into the mountains to gather flowers. Carroll was committed for trial on the charge of manslaughter.

SAVANNAH, July 29

The attempt of the negroes to ride on the street cars culminated in a difficulty to-night in which two whites and several negroes were wounded.—Much excitement prevails.

OTTAWA, July 29.

Fire has destroyed Mathew's Hotel and other adjacent buildings; loss $150,000. A woman was burned to death, and two girls jumped from the 3rd story window. One was fatally hurt.

About 3 this morning a fire was discovered in a large sugar house on Leonard street. Efforts to subdue the flames proved unavailing and the inmates of the adjoining buildings removed their effects and awaited the issue. Both building and their stock were entirely destroyed. The establishment was owned by Berger, Hurlburt & Livingston. One hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment. One of the adjoining buildings was slightly injured. The loss is not yet known, but it is believed to be over $100,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The moulding mill of Sherman Brothers, on Bond street, Brooklyn, was burned this morning with the adjoining carriage factory of F. Dillons. The losses will probably reach seventy-five thousand dollars.

WASHINGTON, July 30.

Mr. Sumner has written a letter to a number of citizens who addressed him, in which he declares for Greeley. Among his strongest paragraphs is the following: "The present position of the colored citizen is perilous. He is exposed to injurious pressure, where he needs support, but I see no early extrication for him except in the way proposed. Let him cut adrift from the managers who would wield him merely as a political force without regard to his own good, and bravely stand by the Candidate Greeley, who has stood by him. If the Democrats unite with him so much the better. The association thus begun must naturally ripen into a common friendship and trust."

MATAMORAS, July 30.

Rocha proclaims in favor of peace and amnesty. Many revolutionists who had refugeed in Texas are invited to return. The stage coaches and maila will soon resume their trips.

NEW YORK, July 30.

The loss of the burned sugar refinery on Leonard St., amounts to $350,000.

Two liquor dealers were sent to Jail for 20 days for keeping open on Sunday.

William S Groesbeck writes a letter giving in his adhesion to Greeley, and says: "I differ in politics with Greeley, who was not my choice, but he has been chosen with extraordinary unanimity and is now before us as the only representative of reconciliation."

Gould and Son have been burned out; loss $85,000. Two firemen were badly injured.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., July 30.

The bridge over Panssack river on the Honesdale branch of the Erie Railroad near Hawley, Pa., is burned. This will interrupt the coal traffic for several days.

BROCKVILLE, July 30.

The accident on the Kansrs Pacific Road killed five emigrants and injured many more.

NEW YORK, July 30.

A heavy fire is raging at Hunter's Point. Several vessels have been burned and tugs are towing others away.

LATTER.—The fire is still raging. It originated on board of a canal boat. The wind was blowing from the north and carried the flames into the Standard oil yards. The boat on which the fire commenced had on board twelve hundred barrels of oil. It is reported that eight or ten cargos have been destroyed. The ship Elpis of eight hundred tons, the Bark Edmonds of six hundred tons, both full of oil and the Brig Max of two hundred and fifty tons others was just commencing to receive its cargo, were burned. W. F. Wardwell President of the Standard Oil Co., says that 20,000 or 25,000 barrels of oil have been burned in the yards which at ten dollars per barrel will make the loss in oil alone $250,000 E. F. Coes' Phosphate factory loses ten thousand barrels of phosphate, valued at eight dollars per barrel, and fifty hogsheads of bone dust valued at thirty dollars per hogshead. The fire now extends over three blocks covering the entire space with a solid mass of flame. Captain Chandler came to the rescue of the Barges with the United States steam tug Catapala which is provided with a steam fire engine. The flames are still prodeeding.

2 P. M.—It is reported that a woman and child on a canel oil boat have been burned to death. Two Williamburg ferry boats are also reported burned.—A panic prevails among the people at Hunter's Point. Houses are deserted and the fire departments efforts seem powerless. All the cars of the Flushing road have been removed and all property on the river is also being rapidly removed. The works of the New York Oil Company are also burned with large quantities of Oil. The Standard works were owned by Rockafeller, Andrews & Flagler.

The loss at Hunter's Point exceeds $500,000.

The fire at 4 o'clock was still burning freeley but under control.

Henry Drayton an operatic artist is dead.

HUNTINGDON, July 30.

The Globe, an old Republican journal hoists Greeley and Brown.

SELMA, July 30.

The army and boll worms have appeared in large numbers and are doing great damage in Black lands west of Selma. The crop will be short.

JEFFERSON, July 31.

It is supposed an incendiary fire destroyed two blocks, including the St. Charles hotel, and seventy business houses. Loss one hundred and fifty thousand.

BOSTON, July 31.

Wilson has gone to Indiana.

NEW YORK, July 31.

The Labor Reform Conference had a stormy and inharmonious session, without other action than authorizing the Executive Committee to call a Convention if necessary; then adjourned.

Damage by fire at Hunter's Point by an insurance agent, at a million and a half. Last night immense crowds of spectators visited the scene of conflagration. The fire continued to burn all last night, and the spectacle presented upon the river, was singularly beautiful, and all the surrounding section was brilliantly lighted, although it has materially abated. The fire will probably continue if the supply of oil holds out. No fire of this magnitude was ever before witnessed on east river.

The semi-annual sesion of the Hebrew Order of Benai Berith held yesterday, reprentatives being present from different parts of the country.

There was a fire in 47th street, and First Avenue, last night, on the premises of Mr. Eisner, originating in the stable. There were about 70 heifers, and some 2 or 3 hundred sheep burned. The building and an adjoining tenement house also consumed. Mrs. Donahoe, and a 2 years old child, were burned to death, in latter. Loss over $100,000.

BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS, July 31.

Another Indian raid near Laredo, Texas, is reported; 17 persons killed, and many ranches and stores plundered and stock driven off. The raiders were Kickapoos from Mexico.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 31.

A storm prostrated the German Methodist Church and four dwellings injured. Several persons hurt.

WASHINGTON, July 31.

Mr. Sumner's letter creates intense excitement in all circles, and some depression among Radicals. While it is claimed that this letter will not enable Southern negroes to break from their leagues and the despotism of the carpet baggers supported by ruffians of their own race, its effect among the more enlightened and free negroes of the North will be sweeping, and that however it may effect State elections South, it is admitted it makes Grant's defeat for the Presidency sure.

TERRE HAUTE, July 31.

While a circus was passing, a thief entered the Praire City Bank and stole both money and checks.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.

The white lead and color works of Boucher & Walkewitz have been to-tally destroyed by fire.

GENEVA, July 31

There is authority for the statement that there is complete harmony in the Board of Arbitration upon the Alabama Claims question, and a speedy settlement of all questions before the Tribunal is expected within a few weeks.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY. Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL RANKS are not desirable; therefore, keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir SOZODONT. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Cold, &c. in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Mild, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &., in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The material of which they are reconstructed is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, *arising from depravation* of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phospherated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best *tonic*, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co, New York

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other prearations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL—*More accidents* occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 fomilies continue to *burn Pratt's* Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. *Oil House of Chas Pratt,* Established 1770, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleedless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Lairds "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all othet discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

The cause of Temperance finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called 'tonics' and 'appetizers,' made of cheap whisky and refuse liquors, finished up to suit depraved appetites, under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and unrivalled remedy.

Time and enlightened experience have shown that certain *substances formerly used* and relied on in medical practice, are unnecessary and dangerous; yet some of these substances have found their way into medical compounds. Dr. Walker's California Venegar Bitters, however, contain nothing injurious, being composed exclusively of vegetable substances from California. For all disorders of the liver, kidneys, bladder, skin, and digestive organs, and for purifying the blood, they are the most wonderful remedy known.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S
ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.
NEVER FAILING!
KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

CURES Pains in the Bach, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Mordus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Frost Bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. ☞Of all

PAIN KILL IT:

the Remedies ever discovered for the relie of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralize or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful—Relief is Instantaneous. Its is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth
Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 29th, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John A. Fleming, as the Guardian of Mary C. Whiteside, Wm. Mc. Whiteside, Emma T. Whiteside and Martha V. Whiteside minor heirs of J. A. Whiteside, dec. this day filed in said court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement. and the 24th day of August, 1872 is set for the making of said settlement. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Aug. 3—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 29, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John M. Bagley, Adm'r with will annexed of the estate of Wm. Miller; dec'd this day filed his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August next, 1872, is set for making said settlement. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Aug. 3—3t.

State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, July 16th, 1872.

THIS day came Josiah Hawkins & E. C. Brock and filed in court their written petition representing that they are the Sureties on the Administration Bond of L. P. Hawkins as Administrator of the Estate of David Hawkins late of said county, deceased. That the said L. P. Hawkins has left the State of Alabama and is now a non-resident of said State of Alabama. They further pray that such proceedings be had in said court as shall be necessary to reserve the said L. P. Hawkins from said Administration and revoke his letters as Administrator of said Estate. The premises considered. It is ordered by the court that the 17th day of August next be set to hear and determine said petition and that notice thereof be *given by publication* in the *Jacksonville Republican* a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the said L. P. Hawkins, Adm'r as aforesaid to be and apper at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 17th day of August next and defend against said petition and application if he thinks proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Manhood:
How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, *in a sealed envelope*, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' *successful practice, that the alarming* consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,586.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Savage & De Rochemont, Attorneys at Law, Oxford, Ala., is hereby dissolved.

JAS. H. SAVAGE,
July 27, 1872.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will bring on the Menses: all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorhea or "Whites." and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all *irregularities peculiar to ladies.*

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole *system clear the skin* imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always *mortyfying to their pride and modesty.*

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a *practitioner of medicine* and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be *able to precure a bottle,* that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,
I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, GA., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what ti is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.
Yours respectfully, REV. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other certificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by
BRADFIELD & CO.,
Price $1.50. Atlania, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.
OPEN JUNE 15th, 1872.

The proprietor offers additional attractions this season. New, elegant, and spacious Drawing and Ball Rooms, beautiful lawns, exquisite air and scenery, while, the waters of these special springs invariably relieve Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia and Diarrhœa, and are for sale by leading Druggists everywhere Readily accessible via Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad. Stop at Goshen Depot, where coaches will be in waiting. Pamphlets on application. JAS. A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots or Shoes from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy WhiteGoodsNotions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buying your Goods.

He means what he says.

J. & B. TRIMBLE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys, Jeans, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Cloths, Opera, all Wool and Cotton Flannels; Calicoes of the Best Brands; Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather Ticking; Table Damask, Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a *Nice Line of* Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; *Foreign* and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just *such goods* as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING RATES.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THNIR EXtensive and varied
Stock of Merchandise
A lot of handsome
FURNITURE
Consisting of
Bedsteads,
Wardrobes,
Bureaus,
Washstands,
Centre Tables,
Dining Tables,
&c., &c., &c.
Which they will sell *very cheap*
For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is *not our practice* to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO
Feb241872—tf.

W. C. LAND,

THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.
nov111871—tf.

JACKSONVILLE
Female Academy,
Jacksonville, Ala.
FACULTY:
REV. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Principal.
MRS. T. OLIVER, English Branches.
MISS E. LOCKETT, English Branches.
MRS. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Music.
MISS E. T. BECK, Drawing & Painting.

The exercises of this INSTITUTUTE will be resumed Monday, September 2nd, 1872.

For further particulars or circular apply to the Principal, or to any of the Trustees.

J. K. ARMSTRONG,
Principal.

A GRATIFYING FACT.

One of the most gratifying facts developed in the present campaign, is the position assumed by that blackguard Hession, Brick Pomeroy, and that other crazy pensioner upon the South, the New York Day Book. Pomeroy's Democrat and the Day Book never had an hours life in them, except what was breathed into them by the patronage of Southern people, and hence they are persistent in clamoring for anything that they think will prevent the people of the North and the South from fraternizing. The only hope of these cow-boys is in eternally proclaiming the gospel of hate, and while the Southern people, with unexampled unanimity, are rallying to the support of Horace Greeley, these political lazzaroni are crying out for a Democratic ticket! With the election of Greeley and Brown the occupation of these Dalgettys will be gone, and it is not strange, therefore, that they should oppose a policy that will strand them high and dry upon the banks of Salt river! For years the Day Book and Pomeroy's Democrat have professed the most ardent devotion to the peoyle of the South, and they, poor gudgeons, have made haste to replenish the treasurys of these buccaneers. We most sincerely hope that each of the journals will cast aside the masks they have so long worn, and come out boldly for Grant. The South prefers to fight Hessians rather than to feed them.—*Vicksburg Herald.*

Much ado is made by the Grant organs over the fact that in 1862-3 Mr. Greeley suggested that the 'rebels' should be offered $400,000,000 to emancipate their slaves and return to the Union. The Chicago *Tribune* most happily responds; Well, where was the treason in the propposition? It proposed Union and Emancipation, which was all the North aimed at in the war. We afterward obtained them by war, at a cost ten times what Mr. Greeley proposed. But that does not prove that his proposition, if accepted, would have *been* either dishonorable or unprofitable. It would have saved half a million of lives and four or five thousand millions of dollars. Where was the harm in proposing to do that?

THE WORST THEY CAN SAY.—Even the bitterest partisan can find nothing to say against the personal record of Mr. Greeley. No one is more bitterly and intensely partisan than Hon. John A. Bingham. Yet, in a recent speech in Lorain county, Ohio, even he was constrained to say:

I have nothing to say against the private character of that gentleman.—I have no doubt of the purity of his private life. I am not forgetful, and I am grateful that during all his life he has been the friend of the poor and struggling; that he has done much to lift them up, done much to alleviate the hardships of their harsh life, and for that I do him honor.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* wants to know who can say as much of Grant. Did he ever do anything to deserve such a compliment?

Mobile Register.

Colonel Forney told this interesting incident to an audience of Louisianians, whom he was addressing the other day: "After the death of your Stonewall Jackson, whom we regarded as the Knight of the South, inasmuch as he presented a singular combination of Christain virtues, I printed an editorial from my own heart, testifying to his high qualities in the midst of that fierce conflict when the lintel of every house-hold was draped in mourning. In response, I received a letter from Abraham Lincoln, in which he expressed his appreciation of the motive that prompted me to pay a proper tribute to such virtues and valor.

Hons. R. W. Walker and Robt. C. Brickell are in attendance upon the Supreme Court at Montgomery, which will probably adjourn in a few more days. By-the-way, the latter has consented to run for the State Legislature if the People desire his services. His great legal abilities will be eminently useful.—*Huntsville Advocate.*

Another prominet New-York Republican politician, the Hon. E. B. Pottle of Ontario County, has left the ranks of the Grant party. Mr. Pottle has served two terms in Congress, and was a member of the last Grant State Convention at Elmira. This form of "concomity" in the Renomination party is becoming chronic.

A Boston blackman of Southern birth writes to the Post: "At last the blacks of this broad land have a man to vote for whose record as their friend and the friend of labor is unimpeachable. God bless the day when the great Democratic party nominated the man who dared be just and true to all—black and white alike—in spite of opposition.—Every man of color who values his manhood will vote for Horace Greeley—at all events, the world may bet its life that I will."

An editor says he once partook of a beverage so very strong that he could not tell whether it was brandy or a torch-light procession that was going down his throat.

The Forest, Miss. *Register* has hoisted the names of Greeley and Brown Dr. S. Davis, its talented and independent editor, says:

"At our masthead this week, we place the names of Greeley and Brown. To this complexion it has come. Without any mawkish sentimentality we now have pulled off our coat and rolled up our sleeves. We have a country with a glorious record to save; its past has been pointed to by the oppressed of every land. It has been sighed for by men of every clime that the sun strikes upon from the time his first rays gild the East till his golden rays sink in the ocean of the West. Short lived have been the attemps to imitate us. Our onyard career has been brought to a stand still, or rather retrograde movement. We have sent our wise men into the big council at Baltimore.—With one accord they have, with the rough ashlar, smoothed the asperities in our way and recommended Horace Greeley and Gratz Brown. So now, if to any of us, our row seems a stumpy one, let us do like the industrious and determined farmers. Let us rig a jumping coulter and take the field. Let us for once imitate old Boston and throw the *freight* overboard from the White House, and when the smoke of battle has cleared off, rely upon adjusting sectional matters."

Mr. G. A. Leland, a Presbyterian Elder, is President of the Laurens Female College, of South Carolina. On Easter Sunday, while conducting morning prayers, he was arrested by a squad of cavalry as a Ku-Klux. He was not allowed to bid his family farewell, although one of his daughters was lying at the point of death. After a forced march of thirty miles, he was thrown into jail at Union, and thence transfered to Columbia, where he was confined for weeks. He was finally taken to Charleston, making the journey in a common cattle-car, with fetters on his limbs. The United States Grand Jury sat on the case, and arose with a verdict of murder. Then, after the arbitrary arrest, the denial of bail, the refusal of a *habeas corpus*, the dreary weeks of imprisonment, the torture of manacles, the solemn indictment for murder, Mr. Leland was suddenly released on his own recognizance! No more convincing proof of the brutality of the whole proceeding could be given. And yet, in a desperate effort to keep the power to commit just such outrages as this, Grant's friends delayed the adjournment of Congress for days.

Chicago Tribune.

It was Bishop Horne's opinion that there was no better moralist than the newspaper. Of it he said: "The follies, vices, and consequent miseries of multitudes, displayed in a newspaper, are so many beacons continually burning *to turn* others from the rock on which they have been shipwrecked. What more powerful dissuasive from suspicion, jealousy, and anger than the story of one friend murdered by another in a duel? What caution more likely to be effective against gambling and profligacy than the mournful relation of an execution, or the fate of a despairing suicide? What finer lecture on the necessity of economy than the auctions of estates, houses, and furniture? Only take a newspaper, and consider it well, pay for it, and it will instruct thee."

In the English House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone was asked whether the Government intended to enforce the Roman Catholic Relief act of 1829, providing for the banishment of Jesuits from *England*. The Premier replied that the subject, being an important one, must be taken into serious consideration. The law, although nearly half a century old, has never been enforced.

An experienced housekeeper says that flies may be kept out of a butter-plate on the table by a simple and novel expedient,—by planting in it a thin slice of bread, cut columnwise, and inserted in a perpendicular position. Whether the bread scares off the flies the lady cannot say, but she declares it certainly keeps them off.

The Board of Public Works in Washington have discharged workmen who favor Greeley's election, and notified all concerned that none but Grant men will be employed.

It is said that Brick Pomeroy, illustrating the fatal facility of divorce between fools and their money, lost $300,000 in his attempt to run "red-hot" journalism in New York.

The Grant newspapers are engaged now in hunting up Democrats who are sworn not to vote for Greeley. It's the only comfort they enjoy.

The Georgia Democratic State Convention renominated Governor Smith, and emphatically indorsed the Cincinnati platform and nominees.

If all the Democratic voters in Alabam go to the polls and cast their voters in November next, Radicalism will be completely annihilated in this State.

F. J. BARNARD & Co.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS,

PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.

No. 11, NORTH WATER STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞ This House was established in the year 1842.

sep16—6m.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,

aug12—71.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Scarbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM.

Administratrix of the estate of Moses Latham, deceased.

june15'72—6t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 4th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Bush as the guardian of B. F. & M. A. Maddox, minor heir of B. F. Maddox dec'd. this day filed in said court his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 29th day of July inst., 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS Judge of Probate.

July 6 1872—3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county against Samuel Skelton and E. G. Morris and in favor of the State, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:— One set of Merchant mills and ten acres of land, more or less, known as the Phillips mills in section 22 township 14 range 7.

C. P. READ, Sheriff.

June 29 1872—5t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of Rushmore, Carvel & Co., I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the 1st Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:— One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less, known as the Phillips mill, in section 22 Township 14 Range 7.

C. P. READ, Sheriff.

June 29 1872—5t.

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

June7 1872—1y.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of John C. Whitcomb, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:— One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less known as the Phillips Mills in section 22, township 14 range 7.

C. P. READ, Sheriff.

June 29 1872—5t.

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas,
Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb. bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE

BETWEEN

JACKSONVILLE

AND

RICHMOND, NORFOLK,

BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA,

Boston & New York,

BY THE

Virginia and Tennessee

Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line**," the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route; rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
☞NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

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RICHMOND, 1325 Main St.

C. E. EVANS,

General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York.

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 20 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to shis market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where wil be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranted.

June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Keeps alway on hand a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,

Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books,
Square and Oval Picture Frames,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

Apr13 1872—td.

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CARROLL & McCAIN,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Notions, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

JACKSONVILLE, Alabama.

july131872.

ATTENTION!!

AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least

Thirty Days Rations

on hand. To procure these cheap you should

Come Well Armed

with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always

Ready

to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his

Aim

to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither

Fire,

floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.

Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.

L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Apr20 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope houlder spoke is used; they are weranted to give satisfaction in every case.

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST' NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of.

Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches
BUGGYS, HARNESS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambutators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c. ☞ Repering of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order.

jan 6 1y.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama. Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Deguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.

May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

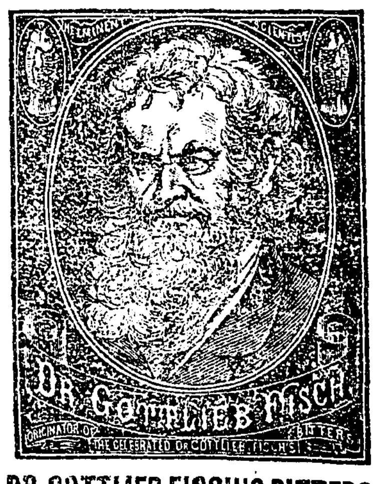
S. C. KELLY, Prop:

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

THE GREAT TONIC OF THE AGE.



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Cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Nervousness, Chills, Biliousness, & all Stomach Diseases.

WARE & SCHMITZ, Philadelphia, Proprietors of DR. FISCH'S FOOD CURE BITTERS.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Squar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND, ***Proprietor***

Dec. 18, '69—1y.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machines. If so, you want the best! And that is the

Improved

WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) and would be pleased to sell to any one in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only requires 17½ cents per day, for 17 or 19 months, to pay for one. Price, $90 and $100, on a credit of 17 and 19 months, respectively, notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months, without interest, for the $90 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address

S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

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B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Office,

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We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, other glands or organs, by one application IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Drippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflamation of the Kidneys
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills. Ague Chills

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S DEADY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Diseas, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substanees like the white of an egg, or threrds like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of hte Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Billious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free tthe system from all theabove named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No. 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 23, 1871—1y

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., AUG. 10, 1872. WHOLE NO 1843

cksonville Republican.

ED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

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t paid in advance, ... $3 00

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" " "	12	"	25 00
One half column,	3	"	25 00
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rneys at Law and Solicitors in Chan- No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville,

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of 2th Judicial circuit, consisting of oun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah Cherokee, and the Supreme court of tate.

may20—1871.

FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

ILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme t of the State.

c. 23d, 1865.

TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

orneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

ILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, urne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and alb; in the Supreme Court of the and in the U. S. District Court, hern and Middle Division of Alaba-

ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

LIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

AVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the ties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, ndolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.

n. 6. 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

vage & de Rochemont,

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND

LICITORS IN CHANCERY &

COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

ILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. ections made before the United State rt of Claims, also general land and sion Agents.

April 13, 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMONDS,

Notary Public

AND

-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CKSONVILLE,......ALABAMA

WILL attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dis- ch.

eb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

FICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

CKSONVILLE - - ALA

eb 25 1871—1y.

R. W. W. HARRISON,

HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services he citizens of Alexandria and vicinity. e can be found at his office in Green & betters Store during the day, and at the residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, ess professionally absent.

March 1872.—6m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, follows:

ght'g Exp. Lv's Montgomery, at 10,00 am

" " Arrives at Calera 12,50 p m

" " at Birmingham 3,30 p m

il train leaves Montgomery at 2,20 p m

" " Arrives at Calera 6,15 p m

ght'g Exp. Lv's Birmingham at 5,25 p m

" " Arrives at Montgomery 12,05 a m

il train Leaves Calera at 5,05 a m

" " Arrives at Montgomery 8,25 a m.

ose Connections with DOUBLE DAILY ins on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, Mobile, New Orleans and all points of xas.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills ued. Rates as low as by any other line.

A. SHAW, Ass't Sup't.

Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.

rake's new Building opposite Troup House,

SELMA.........ALABAMA

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS,

C. G. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant

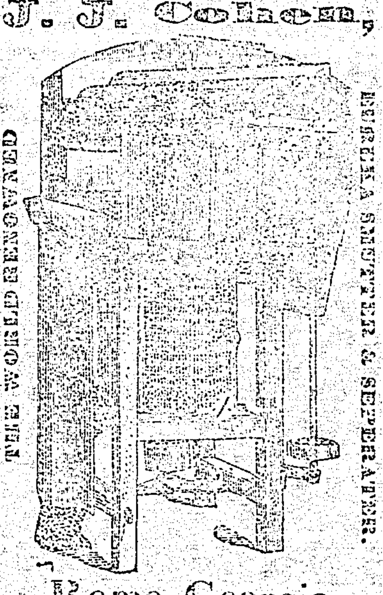
(At Steamboat Landing.)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.

sept 23,1871—1y

J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

SELMA ADVERTISEMTS'

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja —6ly

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. R. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchants

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma.........................Alabama.

☞ We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.

Jan 6 1y

Nashville

Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTLES, CROSSES

Vases, Etc.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kept in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivalent.

I have also a fine assortment of

LIQUORS

OF ALL KINDS

of sell at wholesale.

A. M. LANDERS.

February, 3d 1872—tf.

Young Men's Greeley and Brown Club.

The undersigned of the town of Jacksonville, desirous of forming a Young Men's Greeley and Brown Club, invite all who wish the election of the nominees of the Cincinnati and Baltimore Conventions to meet at the court house this (Saturday August 3d, 1872) evening at 8½ o'clock:

L. W. Grant,	Daniel Hoke,
Geo. I. Turnley,	D. J. Privitt,
Jacob Rosenberg,	J. F. Hubbard,
John M. Caldwell,	James Crook,
C. C. McAlister,	Sam. P. Snow,
H. L. Stevenson,	F. B. Embrey,
J D. Hammonds,	Gus. Rosenberg,
Joshua Draper, jr.,	Frank Laird,
J. A. Farmer, jr.,	J. D. Privitt,
Wm Dean,	W W Woodward,
C P Read,	J C Francis,
P J Hines,	H A Earns,
A H Dean	A P Clark,
R D Williams,	J F Nunley,
J E Nisbet,	Welter Dean,
R D Wakeley,	Jno T Martin,
J W Whisenant,	A J Douthit,
Wm M Nisbet,	J S Montgomery,
W C Bellamy,	Willie P Parr,
I L Swan,	G W Arnold,
J T Wilkins,	A M Landers,
J A DeArman,	W W Nesbit,
B H Denman,	T R Ward,
W A Driskill,	Joseph Nunley,
Jas B Vernon,	Will F Turnley,
R M Johnson,	Geo W Saul, Va.,
J H Francis, M'ty,	John B McCain,
Chas H Francis,	J M Renfro,
W L Dale,	Sam. Henderson,
C F Hodgpath, Beat 8;	J L Dale Beat 8
J M Brown, Beat 8;	G W Wilson,
J E Pruitt,	

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., August 3d, 1872.

According to previous appointment, the young men of Jacksonville met in the court house at 8½ o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of organizing a Greeley and Brown Club.

The meeting was called to order by Capt. Jas. Crook.

On motion of a member, H. L. Stevenson was elected President, and I. L. Swan Secretary pro tem.

Mr. L. W. Grant being called upon by the President to explain the object of the meeting, did so in a brief and satisfactory manner.

On motion, a committee of five was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense and object of the meeting.

CAPT. JAS. CROOK, Chairman.
L. W. GRANT,
JACOB ROSENBERG,
JOSEPH NUNLEY,
GEO. I. TURNLEY, } Com.

The committee retired, and in a few minutes returned, when the Chairman reported the following, which was adopted;—viz.:

WHEREAS, The administration of General Grant, President of the United States, has brought disgrace upon the high position he now occupies, and his many disgraceful acts have caused the check of every lover of Republican institutions to tingle with shame; and

WHEREAS, During the full enforcement of our State laws, citizens of our proud commonwealth have been arrested by United States soldiers, dragged from their homes amid the tears and entreaties of helpless women and innocent children, thrown into prison, tried and convicted by partizan Judges, juries and perjured witnesses; and, to accomplish the work of humiliation, hand-cuffed and paraded through the streets amid the jeers of an ignorant and exultant mob on their way to a Northern prison, to expiate the severest penalties, for the alledged commission of imaginary crimes; and

WHEREAS, Horace Greeley has been nominated by the Cincinnati and Baltimore Conventions as a candidate for President of the United States upon a platform securing to every State local self-government, and the subordination of the military to civil authority;

Be it Resolved 1st, That we deem it eminently fit and proper that the young men of the country, who bore the heat and burden, dangers and suffering of the late war between the States, should give some expression of their preference for the sage of Chappaqua, Horace Greeley.

Resolved 2d, That we pledge ourselves to the unqualified support of Horace Greeley for President of the United States, because of his honesty, his magnanimity to a fallen foe and his uncompromising opposition to the proscriptive policy of the Radical party.

Resolved 3d, Believing that the success of Greeley and Brown would prove but a fruitless victory unless we carry our State elections, we most heartily endorse the nominations made at the late State and District Conventions.

Resolved 4th, That we earnestly recommend the immediate formation of Greeley and Brown Clubs in every beat in this and adjoining counties.

Resolved 5th, That the officers of this Club shall consist of a President, five Vice-Presidents, a Secretary and Treasurer, to be elected by ballot.

Capt. James Crook, after a patriotic, eulogistic and eloquent address, placed in nomination Leonidas W. Grant as permanent President of the Club.

The nomination of Mr. Grant was seconded by John T. Martin, Esq., who also addressed the meeting, endorsing fully the position of Capt. Crook as to the propriety of electing L. W. Grant permanent President, in that brief and touching manner which emenates only from those whose souls are full of the fire of patriotism and devotion to a *good cause*.

On motion, Mr. Grant, being the only nominee, was elected by acclamation, and after an appropriate and patriotic address, was seated as President.

A member placed in nomination Mr. J. D. Hammonds as permanent Secretary of the Club.

On motion, Mr. Hammonds was elected by acclamation.

Mr. H. L. Stevenson placed in nomination the name of John T. Martin as Treasurer of the Club.

On motion, Mr. Martin was elected by acclamation.

The names of the following gentlemen were placed in nomination as Vice-Presidents of the Club.

Capt. James Crook, Capt. J. W. Whisenant, J. D. Privitt, W. A. Driskill, H. L. Stevenson.

On motion, the foregoing gentlemen were elected by acclamation.

The Secretary was requested to call the roll, after which the President extended an invitation to those present, not already members, wishing to join the Club to enroll their names.

On motion, Dr. Sauls, of Virginia, and late of South Carolina, at his request, was accorded the privilege of enrolling his name as a member of this Club, also Mr. J. H. Francis, editor of the Montgomery *Advance*.

The attention of the Club was now enchained for an hour or more, by earnest, patriotic and eloquent addresses delivered by the following gentlemen, on call of the Club:

H. L. Stevenson, Esq., of Calhoun; Col. Jno. White, of Selma; Dr. Sauls, of South Carolina; Jno. M. Caldwell, Esq., of Calhoun; J. H. Francis, of Montgomery.

On motion, an Executive Committee was appointed consisting of eight members:

GEO. I. TURNLEY, Chairman.
JACOB ROSENBERG,
J. M. CALDWELL,
JOSHUA DRAPER, jr.,
C. P. READ,
P. J. HINES,
Dr. W. C. BELLAMY,
SAM. P. SNOW, } Ex. Com.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to draft a Constitution and By-Laws for the government of this Club, to report to the next meeting.

Capt. JAMES CROOK,
H. A. [illegible],
JNO. B. McCAIN, } Com.

On motion of H. L. Stevenson, Esq., L. W. Grant, the President, was added to the above committee.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to confer with the County Executive Committee.

Dr. WM. M. NISBET, Chairman.
JACOB ROSENBERG,
W. H. DEAN, } Com

On motion, the editors of the Montgomery *Advance* and the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN were requested to publish these proceedings.

On motion, the Club adjourned to meet on Wednesday night, August 7th, 1872.

H. L. STEVENSON, Chair'n.

I. L. SWAN, Sec'y.

The Radical Watchword.

"*My Colored Friends*, YOU MUST PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM IN THE DUST."—*From Paul Strobach's speech at the Grant and Wilson ratification meeting.*

REMARKS.

This man Strobach, who was a delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, is the head and front of the Radical party in Alabama. He holds in the hollow of his hand the central Radical legion or "National Guard," and they control all other societies and "guards" in the State. In the speech from which we have quoted, he gives the key *note* of the Grant and Wilson campaign. It will be taken up by his leaguers throughout the State, and used in private, if not in public, to concentrate the negro vote. Let white men, therefore, be admonished *in time*, and let no man, with a patriot's heart in his bosom, assist Strobach, by either his counsel or his vote, in setting the heel of the negro on the neck of the white man, that he may "grind him in the dust."—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

Colored Orators.

The Eufaula *News* says: Quite a number of colored speakers addressed a large audience in the vacant space between Riddle's Gallery and the rear of a number of stores fronting on Broad street last Saturday evening. Among them were Harry Fannin, "Red" Graves, Wm. Hall, and Steve Treadwell. Harry's effort is said to have been good indeed. He gave a full history of the first carpet-bagger, and closed by pointing to Mr. Scott, of South Carolina, as a specimen of the colored people's imported friends. He modestly intimated that he could bring the speculative tendency of this class nearer home, but was averse to pinching too hard. "Red," who has heretofore acted straight-out with the Radicals, stated as his reason for acting with the white people in this campaign, that they were now giving ample proof of friendliness, and such being the case it was the duty of the colored people to join them in wresting the government from the hands of plunderers and placing it in the hands of honest and capable men. Such reasoning will tell in the ranks of the colored people. We are told that "Red" will stump the county for Greeley and Brown.

Greeleyotypes.

Horace Greeley is our man,
Genial, generous and true!
If we know ourselves at all—
And we rather think we do—
Bright and early we will vote for him,
And when the sun is low,
With cheers for Greeley all will shout
"O Grant! how come you so!

A Western paper proposes to fill up that "chasm" which Secretary Boutwell objects to clasping hands across by dumping into it the present administration. The people have taken the contract, and it will be performed in November.

A political man known as Marten, whose
house is located at Barton,
Says that Grant is a fraud, and too
fond of reward,
So he'll just vote for Greeley, that's
sartin.

Forty-one Republicans of Girard, Pa., have signed a call for a Greeley club.

A young Brooklyn man of renown,
whose name is well known in that
town,
Called his father a cuss, and—well he
did wuss,
'Cos he won't vote for Greeley and
Brown.

Edmund Rice, of St. Paul, while earnestly desiring the election of Greeley, says he cannot be a candidate for Congress.

Our planks are peace, our platform
peace;
On that we firmly stand;
Thieving must stop and discord cease,
While love must rule the land.

The Postmaster of St. Paul, Minnesota, who claimed Congressman Eldridge for Grant, having said that there was not in Red Wing, "a single man who ever claimed to be a Republican who will vote for Greeley," a list of ninety-one names is forwarded for his consideration.

An Albany statesman of learning, who
was said to be very discerning,
Said, "If old Horace G. ins't U. S.
A. P.
In march, you may set me a burning."

The Dubuque *Times* enjoys a federal office and wants Grant elected. The editor, therefore, nails "an electioneering" about Grant's wealth, saying:—

General Grant for several years was upon large pay as an army officer, which, with a man of his economical habits at that time, must have permitted large savings.

A lively young sailor of Afton, whose
living was sailing a craft on.
"If there is one," said he, "who
don't vote for Greeley,
He certainly must be a daft 'un."

The Clinton (Iowa) *Herald* has preserved a [illegible] silence about "no Greeley Republicans" in that quarter since the call of a Liberal County Convention, signed by seventy-five of the best known Republican voters.

A Greeley plantation [illegible]
[illegible]
Just like a race horse, oh!
O [illegible] Greeley's comin'
And the days of jubilee.

The Greeley elector for the Eighteenth District of Illinois is William Sharp, of Perry county, vice William H. Green, declined.

Tells a reconciled reb:—

And the old yell comes,
Though silent be the drums;
Whoo-Whoop!
(Gray column in the van!)
For the first of the Yanks
Who after we broke ranks,
Behaved like an Uncle and a Man!

Captain Simon Drum, formerly Mayor of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, and an old war-horse in the Republican party, has declared himself for Greeley and reform.

The German Greeley clubs at Springfield, Illinois, count a membership of seven hundred and fifty-one voters.

Alexander Mitchell, of Milwaukee, reports that Greeley is *going* to carry both Wisconsin and Minnesota.

A *Democrat* living at Brandt, once a
steadfast adherent of Grant;
But disclosures of late have decided
his fate—
Now Greeley's the man, and *not* Grant.

Ex-Senator Doolittle will go from North Carolina to Maine, and from thence to California, speaking for Greeley.

A Methodist preacher of Bangor keeps
on saying, without showing languor,
That it will be a sin if Chappaqua
don't win—
He don't care a cent for Grant's anger.

The Dubuque *Herald* (Greeley) significantly says:—"Hon. W. B. Allison (Republican) has no time to bother his head over politics now. We trust this explanation will be sufficient for the anxious Grant men, who are in doubt about him. *Business is business.*"

A lunatic native of Caldwell got one
day recently mauled well
For saying that he wouldn't vote for
Greeley,
And they pelted that man out of Caldwell.

Postmaster Keyes, of Madison, Wisconsin, wrote to a political friend in the western part of our State that "with the exception of a few stragglers the Grant column is moving on with assured hopes of success;" to which the political friend replied, "The column may be moving on, but you ought to just come over here and see the stragglers."

The boy stood on the burning deck,
His name was Enoch Arden;
He waved aloft his old white hat
And cheered for Dolly Varden.

The Chicago *Tribune* (Greeley) says it has been for some time well known that Hon. John F. Farnsworth, Representative in Congress from the Fourth District in Illinois, has been deeply disgusted with the administration of General Grant. The period of this disgust dates back far beyond the nomination of Mr. Greeley. In a late conversation General Farnsworth said, in reply to a question whether he should vote for Greeley:—"I cannot say; I may not live till November. But, so sure as I do live, I shall vote for Mr. Greeley." Adds the *Tribune*:—"Any one who knows John Farnsworth knows that when fully aroused he can speak his mind very freely and plainly, and on this occasion he did so most effectually."

This is from a confidence Greeley poet:—

So all the people sing,
Down with Grant! Useless Grant!
Up with Greeley! good old Greeley!

There is a monotony about these Greeley verses which a brother of the quill thinks really campaignful:—

And that's what's the matter, boys;
And that's what's the matter,
And that's what's the matter, boys;
And that's what's the matter.
Oh, Nancy Tease!
Oh, Nancy Tease!
Oh, Nancy Tease!
Oh, Tease Nancy!

This is teasing the Muses with a vengeance.

A Democratic editor in Iowa endorses Greeley, but rises to explain in the following candid manner:—

I'm playing now my highest cards,
I've laid my pile across 'em;
I'm out of money, out of meal,
I've got to go that 'possum.

Tried and True.

One who faithfully and ably fills any and every station to which fortune may call or adversity thrust him, no matter how disagreeable, dangerous, or arduous its duties, has shown himself well qualified for any service upon which he may enter with becoming modesty. The efficient discharge of duty is commendable at all times, and in all phases and incidents of life. It was the boast of the first Napoleon that he would have been eminent in any position which fate or inclination had assigned him; and the brilliant galaxy of heroes and civilians who clustered around that "Sun of the Sleepless" were there only through the merit that had drawn them from the humblest walks of life. "*Falsus in uno, falsus in omnibus,*" was the ancient phrase, and the lawyers have a rule of similar import as applied to evidence; but, if the inverse be taken—and it is a wretched rule that won't work both ways—we find that he who has been faithful in one great trust will be faithful in any. How true Thomas H. Herndon has been in one is recited in the following extract from a private letter, (written mainly on business matters) which we venture without permission to lay before our readers. It is from one who was an elector for Douglas in 1860, and whose civil services are only eclipsed by the distinction he has won "e'en at the cannon's mouth:"

COL. W. BREWER, Hayneville, Ala.

Dear Sir: * * * I saw a good deal of Col. Herndon of 38th Alabama, who succeeded Col. L. Woodruff, and who is now a candidate for Governor of Alabama. He fought the first day at Chickamauga in the line of battle in [illegible] and he was one of [illegible] [illegible]

"The [illegible] Texas, [illegible] was driven from their position in the trenches about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The 38th Alabama was the next regiment to this brigade. I communicated to Col. Herndon the order of Gen. Holtzclaw, to move his regiment to the left to support Col. Andrews. The movement was absolutely necessary to the safety of the garrison. The enemy had captured a portion of our outer works; but the prompt and vigorous assault of Col. Herndon drove them from a large portion of our works they had captured, and enabled Col. Andrews' *men to make a stand. This position* he held until after dark; until the garrison, with the exception of some pickets, was withdrawn and saved from capture.

"To Col. Thomas H. Herndon and his gallant regiment is due the honor of having saved from capture the garrison of Spanish Fort. I am quite sure that the official report of Gen. R. L. Gibson, of Louisiana, who commanded the garison during the siege, accords this justice to Col. Herndon. I have a recollection that he read to me his report before forwarding it to Gen. Dabney H. Maury. But, amidst the confusion and humiliation of our surrender, little regard was paid to official reports. Now that it is no longer a badge of proscription to have been a "rebel," I desire to render this act of simple justice to the military record of one of the most knightly soldiers who fought for Alabama, her rights and her honor!

Elections.

The elections during the present year will be held as follows:

North Carolina, August 1.
Kentucky, August 5.
Montana Territory, August 5.
Utah Territory, August 5.
New Mexico Territory, September 1.
California, September 2.
Vermont, September 3.
Maine, September 9.
Colorado Territory, September 10.
Dakota Territory, October 8.
Indiana, October 8.
Iowa, October 8.
Nebraska, October 8.
Ohio, October 8.
Pennsylvania, October 8.
South Carolina, October 15.
West Virginia, October 24.
Alabama, November 5.
Arkansas, November 5.
Delaware, November 5.
Florida, November 5.
Georgia, November 5.
Illinois, November 5.
Kansas, November 5.
Louisiana, November 5.
Maryland, November 5.
Massachusetts, November 5.
Michigan, November 5.
Minnesota, November 5.
Mississippi, November 5.
Missouri, November 5.
Nevada, November 5.
New Jersey, November 5.
New York, November 5.
Tennessee, November 5.
Virginia, November 5.
Wisconsin, November 5.
Arizona Territory, November 8.
District of Columbia, November 27.

The Presidential election will occur in all the States on the 5th day of November.

The Forerunner of Victory.

True to its traditions, the *Tribune* did not announce its triumph in North Carolina before the vote had been counted. Yesterday we assured our readers that in our judgment the scattering returns clearly indicated an administration defeat and the election of Mr. Merrimon. To-day, with the vote of over one-third the State in, with such scattering returns as may fairly indicate the vote of another third, and with the certainty that heavy Liberal gains have been made in the western part from which returns are yet missing, we congratulate the friends of Reunion and Reform upon an inspiring victory *at the very outset of our* campaign, on the most doubtful field we are likely to find. We have carried North Carolina, against the corruption fund of the administration—against the threats of the revenue collectors, the importation of negroes, and the persecution for alleged membership in the long-disbanded Ku-klux—against a candidate for the Vice-Presidency, a Secretary of the Treasury, and a Secretary of the Interior—against the best managed and most liberally supplied canvass ever made by an administration party in North Carolina—by a majority of, at the very lowest, one thousand, as we reckon it here, of four to five thousand, as our coolest friends in Raleigh insist. We have swept out the thieving carpet-baggers and installed a government of the people, by the people, for the people. We have carried the Legislature, with a superfluous majority of forty to fifty on *joint ballot*. We have defeated Mr. Thomas Settle, whom the two-term men chose to preside over them in Philadelphia, and whom the people have repudiated now, as in November they will repudiate the President whose renomination he announced. We have certainly carried the Third, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Congress Districts, have strong hopes of the Fourth, and do not yet abandon one of the others. In a word, where we hoped for the Legislature, and feared the administration might carry the State ticket we have swept the field!

New York Tribune, Aug. 3d.

As an instance of the uncertainty of political fealty, more especially among the Grantites, it is related by our Springfield correspondent how two colored gentlemen of that city had made arrangements to discuss in public meeting, last evening, the merits of the Presidential candidates. The time for the opening of the meeting arrived, a large audience was present, and the Greeley champion was on hand eager for the fray. Time passed on, the audience were becoming impatient, and yet the defender of the [illegible] failed to put in an appearance. Finally, the Greeley man made inquiry as to the whereabouts of his opponent, and was informed by a person present that the party in question had just read [illegible] of Senator Sumner's letter, and had concluded to [illegible] the latter [illegible] which then dispersed with [illegible] Greeley, Sumner and Reconciliation.

In the town of Mayville, in Dodge county, Wisconsin, where the Daily Sentinel formerly had a considerable circulation, it has not to-day a single subscriber. Its former readers and party associates are all for Greeley. The village postmaster, even, is a Greeley man and would have been turned out of office weeks ago, but for the impossibility of finding a Grant man to fill his place who could read and write.

The Montgomery *Advertiser* of the first says: Sumner's letter has so dumbfounded the "colored element" of this city that they hardly know what next to look for. One of their leading men yesterday said that "from the way things were now going on he should not be surprised to hear that even Grant himself would support Greeley."

[From the St. Louis Republican.]

Hanging Extraordinary.

A man named Henry Neeley went down in a well, on Saturday night, at Bissell's Point, for the purpose of recovering a hat which had been dropped in. In a short time he gave a signal of distress, which told those above him that he was being overcome with foul air. There was but little time for deliberation. A rope was hastily procured by the by standers, one end of which was formed into a noose and let down to the sufferer. After angling a moment the man in the well gave the rope a little jerk, and the men at the other end commenced pulling it up. When about half way out they discovered that the noose had fallen over the man's head, and that he was dangling by the neck. Horrified at the discovery, they wisely concluded that death by strangulation was no worse than death by suffocation, and so they continued to pull away until they landed Neeley on *terra firma*, in an unconscious state. By the application of proper restoratives he was resuscitated and is now doing well.

This thrilling incident furnishes an illustration of the truth of the old saying that "when you have got hold of a good thing, just hold on to it."

Awful Destruction.

The destruction of crops along the river is almost equaled by the destruction of cattle. Everywhere their carcasses encumber the ground, and the stench that arises is said to remind one of the most sanguine and terrible battlefields of the late war. The cotton from which the waters have retired, is as dead and parched as if it had been swept by the burning breath of the Simoon. The people are leaving the vicinity of this terrible flood to avoid the sickness that must follow such an inundation. Many are ruined and hopeless, and great suffering is inevitable.

Marion Commonwealth.

N. P. Banks, of Massachusetts, has taken grounds with Senator Sumner for Greeley and Brown. His letter declining to speak at a Grant & Wilson meeting, and stating his reasons for the change in his political course, is manly, patriotic and sensible. The falling away of such men as Sumner and Banks from the Grant party in Massachusetts must produce a marked alteration in the political complexion of that State.

THE DEATH OF THE SWAMP ANGEL.

Particulars of the Killing of Tom Lowrey, the North Carolina Outlaw—A Brother's Foul Murder Avenged.

From Wilmington (N. C.) Journal, July 23

We have received from various sources the following additional particulars of the killing of the outlaw Tom Lowrey, on Saturday last:

On Thursday night last, Mr. A. S. Wishart, brother of the late Colonel F. M. Wishart, who was so foully murdered by the outlaws three months ago having called to his assistance a few resolute and daring young men, set out for Scuffletown to look after the outlaws, and, if possible to avenge the death of his gallant and lamented brother. Proceeding to the neighborhood of the outlaws, the gallant little band secreted themselves along the roads usually traveled by them in their *walks about the country*, and waited patiently for an opportunity to put their design in execution. Nothing was seen, however, of any of the gang, which now consists of three members, Stephen and Tom Lowrey, and Andrew Strong, until Saturday morning about 8 o'clock, when Tom Lowrey appeared in sight on his way to Union Chapel, where the candidates were to meet and address the people on that day.

Tom was armed with a rifle and three repeaters, and walked leisurely along, unsuspecting danger, until at a point opposite where the young men were concealed, he noticed the tracks they had made in crossing the road. He now seemed suddenly alarmed, and commenced cursing bitterly, when suddenly the little band instantly discharged their pieces. Each of the four shots took effect, and uttering a yell of terror and pain, the outlaw plunged into the swamp and ran about fifty yards, when he fell down dead. Seizing the body, they carried it upon their shoulders to the public road, a distance of half a mile, where they pressed a passing wagon, and thus carried the dead body to Lumberton, where it was delivered to the Sheriff.

On Lowrey's body were found the arms alluded to above, and a gold watch, the property of John McNair. As the young men approached him when he fell in the swamp, he made an attempt to draw his pistol on them, but was too weak. One hand was clenched firmly about his gun (a Spencer rifle), so much so that it was with difficulty that the fingers could be unclasped. At the time the young men fired on him he was walking leisurely along the road in company with a white man by the name of Prevatt, who came very near being shot as the young men fired on the outlaw.

The body was fully identified as that of Tom Lowrey, and was delivered to his wife on Sunday morning by Sheriff McMillan, who had sent for her to come and get it. It was interred by his friends at 4 o'clock the same day, somewhere in the classic precincts of Scuffletown. The same day Sheriff McMillan paid the reward offered by the county $1,[illegible], to the young men, and it is hoped the State will act as promptly in paying over the $5,000 offered last winter in the Governor's proclamation.

The names of the young men engaged in this gallant affair are:—A. S. Wishart, Robert E. Wishart, James McKay, James Campbell. They have certainly rendered a great service to the people of Robeson County.

Miss Emma Lockett, daughter of the late Erwin J. Lockett, a talented, accomplished and elegant young lady of our town, and a graduate of the celebrated Judson Institute, will leave soon to take control of the Department of Music in the Jacksonville Female Academy, to the Presidency of which Prof. J. K. Armstrong, formerly at the head of the Marion Female Seminary, has been recently elected. This is but another instance of the value of our splendid institutions of learning in fitting and qualifying those who attend them for positions of usefulness and honor in life. Hundreds of educational institutions throughout the State and indeed throughout the South, number in their corps of faithful and competent teachers, graduates of the Seminary, Judson or Howard. We meet them wherever we go, and each year adds to the long list of these worthy representatives of our colleges, who, from their chosen avocations and from all the various walks of science literature and art, shed honor and renown upon their Alma Mater. To these our several schools may point with pride, for they need no higher evidence of the excellence and superiority they claim and of the good they are achieving.—[Marion Commonwealth.

A gentleman who was walking down one of the streets of the city last Saturday saw a certain *Bob-Kucurious* individual pay three darkies a quarter each. The next day in about the same spot he saw Brother Buckley hand another colored troop a dollar. A few few moments later he found that colored troop alone and asked him how much money votes were bringing these hard times. The troop answered that "Majorities allers paid deir voters." "But how much do votes command in the market" again demanded our friend.

"De fetch jest as much now as de ever fotched. De price ain't gone down a cent" answered the troop, and with that information the querist was forced to remain content. It is a sad commentary on the condition of affairs in the South that such things can be truly said of so large a proportion of our voting class.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The election in Shelby County, Tenn., on Thursday, resulted in the success of the Democratic ticket, with Doyle for Sheriff, by about 300 majority. McFarland, for Supreme Court Judge, had two majority. In one of the country districts there was some shooting, resulting, it is reported, in the killing of two men.

It is probable that the Liberal Republicans of Massachusetts will call a Convention to meet at Worcester, Sept. 11, the day and place selected by the Democrats, for the purpose of uniting on a State and an electoral ticket. *The Boston Post* urges such action, and says the Democrats, animated by the progressive spirit of Baltimore, will plan only for victory.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10th, 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
THOS. H. HERNDON,
of Mobile.
For Lieutenant Governor,
E. H. MOREN, of Mobile.
Secretary of State,
J. J. PARKER, of Monroe.
Attorney General,
J. W. A. SANFORD,
of Montgomery.
Auditor,
T. J. BURNETT, of Butler.
Treasurer,
J. F. GRANT, of Calhoun.
Supt. Public Instruction,
JOSEPH HODGSON,
of Montgomery.
Commiss'r Industrial Resources,
E. F. COMEGYS,
of Lawrence.
Congressmen at Large,
ALPHEUS BAKER, of Barbour
J. J. JOLLY, of Greene.
Rep. in Congress, 5th Dis.
J. H. CALDWELL.
For Board of Regents,
LEROY F. BOX, of St. Clair.
WM. N. COWAN, of Etowah.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

State Senate.
T. A. WALKER.
E. T. READ.

For Representative.
DR. S. C. WILLIAMS.
CAPT. J. M. RENFRO.

For Solicitor.
H. L. STEVENSON, Esq.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. M. RENFRO,

as a candidate for Representative for Calhoun county.

North Carolina.

From the last dispatches it seems that the Conservatives have carried five out of eight Congressmen (whereas before the Radicals had six out of eight) and both branches of the Legislature, which secures the election of a Conservative United States Senator in place of the present Radical incumbent, Poole. Ex-Gov. Vance will most likely be the man. After a great deal of swindling and manipulation of the ballots the Radicals claim the Governor by a few hundreds. Merrimon, the *Democratic* candidate, will, however we learn, contest the election and the Legislature will in all likelyhood place him in the Gubernatorial chair. Thus North Carolina has pronounced against Grant.

The Young Men.

As will be seen from "proceedings" published both on the inside and outside of this paper, the young men of Calhoun county have entered upon the work of "reform" as heartily and as patriotically as they engaged in the war in 1861 when their country called. They are vigorous; they are hopeful; they carry no prejudices to cumber them; they are patriotic; they are brave, and now they move forward with that irresistable sweep *and dash that carries victory* with it. This time, though, they make a new fight on a new line; this time they go forward bearing no arms in their hands, but

"——A weapon firmer set
And better than the bayonet;
A weapon that comes down as still
As snow flakes fall upon the sod,
But executes a freeman's will
As lightning does the will of God."

One of our superlatively sound Democrats remarked to us the other day that he was a better Democrat than we, because we were in favor of taking a Republican to beat a Republican with. He spoke of it as an unheard of proceeding. "Why you and Walker played the Devil' at Baltimore, remarked this very patriotic Democrat, "and gave us a Republican while we expected you to give us a straight Democrat." Now our friend is old enough and well enough posted to know that the Baltimore Convention did no new thing in politics when they took a Republican to beat a Republican with. The Whigs had no hesitancy in taking Harrison and Tyler to beat Van Buren, and men of all parties united upon them. They did the same thing when they abandoned Henry Clay, the man they loved best, and accepted Gen. Taylor, then a Democrat. The Republicans did the same when they gave up all their shining lights and accepted *the Democrat* Grant. Now who can say that Grant is not as good a Radical as they would want. He was *compelled* to be. If Horace Greeley desired to carry out the proscriptive policy *of* Grant, he could not do so with the Congress that will be elected by the same voters that elect him. Should he attempt it, his administration would be a dead failure. *We have no more fears of Horace Greeley's administration than we would have had of that of Horatio Seymour had he been elected.*

As an evidence of the great political change that is going on, we will state that John A. DeArman, a hitherto active member of the Radical party of this county and chairman of the County Executive Committee, has come out square and fair from that party and is now a member of the Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club. Mr. Pink. Crook, Clerk of the Circuit Court of this county has also come out the Radical party, as will be seen by his card published in another column. Now where is Jack Williams, Broughton and the remainder? Jack we know to be under conviction, for we saw and talked to him yesterday. *Won't all of them come over?* Come along.

We *reckon* that the Democrats who oppose Horace Greeley would not like to reflect, after the election, that it was their inaction that carried the State for Grant, if such should be the *result*. Well, let us see. Say that fifty Democrats, at the lowest estimate, in each county of the State, refuse to vote, because they cannot get a candidate to suit them exactly. This would detract from the Democratic vote something over three thousand. The last election for Governor, when all these men voted, was only won by about fifteen hundred. Such an estimate gives the State to Grant by at least fifteen hundred. It is necessary that all Democrats of Calhoun cast behind them the pitiful prejudices of the past, and vote with the great mass of the party, in order to defeat Grant in this State. He who cannot vote for the nominee of his own party, when *ninety-nine hundreths of his party* are doing it, is rather too choice—too "finiky" a Democrat for us to comprehend completely. If such are the best Democrats, we admit that we are not as good a Democrat as they.

Second Meeting of Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club.

JACKSONVILLE, August 7th, 1872.

Pursuant to adjournment the Greeley and Brown Club met at the court house 8½ P. M., L. W. Grant, President, in the Chair.

Capt James Crook, Chairman of the Committee on Constitution and By-Laws, reported a Constitution, By-Laws and Rules of order, which were adopted.

On motion, "Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club" was adopted as the name of the Club.

On motion, a committee of four was appointed to organize a colored Greeley and Brown Club. The following gentlemen were placed upon the committee, viz: John M. Caldwell, C. P. Read, L. P. Carpenter, James Tucker.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to report the order of business for the Club. Committee—H. L. Stevenson, J. D. Hammonds, Willie P. Parr.

All persons present, not members of the Club, were respectfully invited to come forward and enroll their names and co-operate with the Club in the great work before it; whereupon the following gentlemen came forward and gave in their names, viz: John M. Crook, Emmitt F. Crook, Quitman Read, James Tucker, E. G. Caldwell, E. Goode, P. J. Garrett, L. P. Carpenter, Gus. Harris, Y. C. Harris.

Some of the gentlemen named above were not present and enrolled through friends.

There being no further business before the Club the members were held spell-bound for two hours by the thrillingly eloquent remarks of the following gentlemen, viz: Dr. J. C. Francis, J. M. Renfroe, G. I. Turnley, J. B. McCain, J. H. Francis, of Montgomery, H. L. Stevenson, and John T. Martin, all of whom were enthusiastically received by the Club and each of whom pledged themselves to labor unceasingly for the election of the standard bearers of the great party of Constitutional Liberty, and Local Self-Government, upon whose banner is inscribed, "Reconciliation"—"Equality before the law of all citizens"—"Supremacy of the Civil over the Military and the maintainance of the inviolable privilege of *habeas corpus*;" after which the President of the Club, Mr. L. W. Grant, made a short though calm and dispassionate address in which he proved conclusively to the colored citizens present that their interests would be best promoted by at least a considerable portion of them supporting Horace Greeley and B. Gratz Brown; that our interests and theirs as citizens of a common country were one and the same, and that it was not best for them to follow such advisers as they had in the past, who only used them for their own selfish ends.

On motion the Club adjourned to meet again on Wednesday, August 21st at 8½ o'clock P. M.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Secretary.

Address of the Chairman of the County Executive Committee.

By authority of the Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party of Calhoun county, I hereby most respectfully request that the citizens of the different voting precincts form as early as possible their Executive Committees of active, efficient and working men, and report their names to me in order that we may co-operate in employing those means and agencies necessary to perfect our party organization and secure a triumph in the approaching election.

The time has now come when we may work out our deliverance, but delay is dangerous, and inaction will prove fatal to our flattering hopes and encouraging prospects. Let us take the tide at its flood and push on as one man to the accomplishment of our political redemption.

JAMES CROOK,
Chairman County Ex. Com. of Democratic and Conservative party.

CARD FROM MR. BROUGHTON.

MR. GRANT—My name was used in the late Radical County Convention. I was not present. My affiliation with the Radical party is ended. Henceforth I go with my people.

BAYLESS BROUGHTON.

The above card was handed us after we went to press.—Ed. Republican.

The Radical Convention.

Our reporter who was present at our request at the late Radical County Convention for this county makes report as follows. The Radicals have indeed made a poor exhibit of strength in this instance:

"Pursuant to a call made by the Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee for this county, a *convention* was held at the court house in Jacksonville, Saturday 3d inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., *for the purpose* of electing delegates to the State Convention.

Mr. Jno. A. DeArman, with three *raps on the* Judge's stand, called the meeting to order. He then stated that; as the *Chairman of the Republican* Executive Committee, it became his duty to call the meeting to order and that the *performance* of that duty would close his action with the Republican party. The convention, which consisted of three whites and seven negroes (one of whom was a *stranger* and another a half-grown boy) then proceeded to organize.

J. W. Burke was called to the Chair and W. P. Crook requested to act as Secretary. The object of the meeting having been stated by the Chair, the following were proposed as being proper persons to attend the State Convention; viz: J. B. Broughton, Burrell Slayton, (colored) Isaac Frank, and Louis McKenzie (colored.)

On motion, the above named parties were elected delegates.

Right at this juncture Mr. Burrell Slayton mentioned to the meeting the fact that the colored men were unable, in these hard times, to spend their *money in attending* the convention, and asked that help be given them by the Republican party. The Chairman thought the gentleman's suggestion a wise one, and a motion being made that a committee be appointed for the purpose of raising funds to defray the expenses of the colored delegates to Montgomery, he asked if the motion had a second, whereupon the eager sons of Africa responded as with one voice—*aye*. (Carried of course.)

Committee—Isaac Frank, ——— ———, James Rowland, James Atkins, and Henry Wyly.

There being no further business before *the convention* it adjourned, which, perhaps, was the wisest thing they had done. We left the meeting fully impressed with the belief that Radicalism is on the wane in Calhoun and nursing the hope that the convention, disgraceful in its numbers to any party, would never reassemble for the same purposes and advocating the same principles within the borders of our glorious old Calhoun.

REPORTER.

A CARD.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,
August the 7th, 1872.

MR. EDITOR: A Southern man by birth and education, and identified in interest and sympathy with *her institutions*, I have always given my political support to that party whose principles *I believed afforded* the surest guarantee of protection to those institutions from sectional aggression and oppression. From the time I cast my first vote to the year 1865 I affiliated with the Jeffersonian Democracy—the *exponents* and representatives of which were always first, foremost, most fearless, and faithful in defence of the South. In 1865 when the issues of war had been decided against us, when the great and vital principles underlying our government had shared to a fearful extent the fate of the "lost cause," when our property had been destroyed, lost or consumed, when at the mercy of our arrogant conquerers liberty itself was threatened, and when I believed the Democratic party, combatting as it must the passions and animosities of the war, was impotent to bring to us relief—the serious and *important* question with me was, what means can be most effectually employed to secure the object most desirable to my section, to-wit: Southern rights and equality of States in the Union. The Republican party, in the strength of its supremacy and the plenitude of its authority suggested as the only means of safety to the South affiliation with it. With hesitancy, yet yielding to the inexorable logic of events, and believing it the best that could be done I accepted it; and, although I have been assailed for my political faith as having arrayed myself against my section, I have nevertheless been influenced by my honest *convictions of duty*, and if I have erred, it is attributable to my judgment and not to my intentions. The Republican party has so far failed to unify and conciliate the North and South, as to present a basis of settlement which would secure the co-operation of all sections in laboring for our *common cause*, to-wit: The best interest of the entire country.

The accomplishment of this grand result being the object with me paramount to all others, I hereby sever my connection with *the Republican party, and true* to myself, true to my sympathies and honest convictions of duty, and true to the land which gave me birth, citizenship, and protection declare my intention to unite in promoting the cause of Conservatism, the last and only hope for Southern deliverance.

W. P. CROOK.

A Card.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,
Aug. 5th, 1872.

MR. GRANT: It having come to my knowledge that my name was placed on a committee by Radical Convention held in the court house last Saturday, I desire that you say the same was done *without my knowledge and consent*. I am not a Radical, nor have I ever been. I was not present at the meeting and knew nothing of the action of the convention for twelve hours after its adjournment.

Very respectfully,
W. T. ALEXANDER.

A Card from a Colored Man.

MR. GRANT: After the adjournment of the late Radical County Convention, I was told that my name had been placed upon a committee to raise funds for the purpose of sending delegates to the Radical State Convention to be held at Montgomery. I was not present at the meeting; the act was entirely unauthorized, and I shall not serve on the committee.

Yours very resp'y,
JAMES ROWLAND.

Another Card from a Colored Man.

MR. GRANT: Some of my friends have informed me that my name appears on a committee *appointed* by the Radical Convention held in the court house last Saturday. I was not present at the convention, and did not know that my name had been used until the convention was over. I wish you to state that my name was used without authority from me.

Very respectfully,
HENRY GIBSON.
(Called Henry Wyly.)

A Nomination Fit to be Made.

Our readers will be gratified to learn that Col. John H. Caldwell of Calhoun has been selected as the candidate for Congress by the Democratic and Conservative Convention of his District.

The selection of Col. Caldwell is a nomination eminently fit to be made.—And though we shall not have the privilege of supporting him, we nevertheless sincerely congratulate the *good* people of his District in having a man before them for that honorable position so eminently worthy of support. Few men are better qualified for the position, by culture, attainments, integrity and natural endowments than Col. Caldwell.—Already and incisive debater, of a *genial*, ardent temperament and quick understanding, he is a man who fully comprehends his duties, with industry to discharge them—who knows his rights, and the right dare maintain. A patriot of "soul sincere, in action faithful, and in honor clear." A brave soldier, who forgetting the strife and carnage of the past is ready to grasp in good faith the hand of the Northern man "over the bloody chasm" His vast popularity secures the 5th District by at least 7,500 or 10,000 majority.—*Talladega Watchtower.*

Fifth Alabama Congressional District.

Our Democratic neighbors in Alabama, of the fifth Congressional District met in Convention in Gadsden on the 31st ult., and after a protracted balloting, nominated that good soldier and sterling old Democrat, Col. John H. Caldwell of Jacksonville, for Congress. The nomination is a good one, and Col. Caldwell will not only make a good fight in the contest, but a faithful, efficient and able representative.

Rome Courier.

Col. Jno. H. Caldwell of Jacksonville was nominated for Congress in the 5th district last Friday. His nomination is equivalent to an election, and his election equivalent to the true and perfect representation of the 5th district in the Congress of the United States.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

The nomination of Col. Caldwell at Gadsden is a deserved compliment to our county and to our citizens.

Oxford Chronicle.

We publish to-day the announcement of Capt. J. M. Renfro for the Legislature. The Capt. commands a vast deal of popularity in Calhoun county, and will run well.—*Oxford Chronicle.*

The Attalla Republican *Union*, a Grant organ, in speaking of our nominee for Congress, is constrained to say:

"Col. Caldwell is an honorable, high toned gentleman, against whose private or personal character nothing can be said.

Hon. John H. Caldwell of Jacksonville, was *nominated to represent* the 5th Congressional District of Ala., at Gadsden on the 31st inst. The convention ballotted ninety-seven times before nominating. If the members of the convention work as hard for Col. Caldwell as they did for their friends, he will certainly be elected. Col. Caldwell is a gentleman of fine talent and will ably represent his District.—*Rome Bulletin.*

Col. John H. Caldwell.

This citizen of Calhoun county, who has recently been honored by being nominated for Congress by the Convention of the 5th Congressional District, composed of delegates from the counties of Cherokee, Calhoun, Cleburne, Etowah, St. Clair, DeKalb, Jackson, Marshall Madison, is an impassioned orator of the *first water*. His declamations are argumentative and forcible. Integrity is one of the prominent traits of his character. Although bold, fearless and intrepid, he cannot be said to be rash, for he recognizes the truth of the aphorism that "discretion is the greater part of valor."

Gadsden Times.

COL. JOHN CALDWELL.—The Fifth District of Alabama has nominated Hon. John H. Caldwell for Congress. Hon. John is a natural orator in Alabama; truly may he be called "silver tongued." He will carry the District by a larger majority than was ever before polled, and we shall endeavor at least to hear one of his campaign speeches before he gets through. Let us hear your announcement Col. We admire in the highest degree the patriotism and abnegation of Hon. Jas. R. Reeves of Cherokee county, who when he had the prize almost in his grasp, and his friends in solid phalanx closed around him, withdrew from the race rather than endanger the success of the party. *Mr.* Reeves is one of the rising men of Alabama, and he is young enough to get his deserved reward yet, many years in advance of most men.—*Rome Commercial.*

The Nomination of Hon. John H. Caldwell.

Our neighboring Congressional District, at their recent Congressional Convention presented as their nominee Jno. H. Caldwell, Esq., of Calhoun county. Talladega claims the right to help introduce the candidate to his District, as he was for years one of our public servants. —As Solicitor for the circuit we can say he was able, faithful and successful. The State lost nothing of its honor, or the enforcement of its laws under his management, whilst we think no defendant maliciously prosecuted. A fair trial was given, but the closing speech was sometimes overwhelming to the indicted and their Attorneys.

Caldwell has superior speaking talent, very popular address. Is manly and honorable. He was a good soldier during the war and has been a good citizen since. The party to which he belongs presents Horace Greeley as candidate for President. Mr. Greeley will find no more manly or honest supporter to grasp hands with him across the bloody chasm if he should be elected.

Talladega Reporter.

VERMONT.—The Liberals and Democrats have nominated a Fusion Ticket for State officers, and also Electors.

Iowa has adopted a Fusion State Ticket and also Electoral.

Next!

And now for Maine! A little over a month remains for work—the election coming on the 9th of September. A *month's campaign* sufficed to revolutionize North Carolina. Shall we not do as well in Maine?

To attain an actual revolution in Maine were indeed a grave undertaking. She assisted in the first *national* victory of the Republican party, and for twelve years, through good and through evil report, has kept the faith. In 1860, she gave a September majority of 18,091 for Lincoln. In 1864, she gave a September majority of 19,180; in 1865 of 22,821; in 1866 of 27,687; and in 1867, in spite of *distractions*, of 11,614. The Presidential excitement brought up the September majority again in 1868 to 20,403, but it was the last year of overwhelming success. In 1869, the same candidate found his majority reduced to 6,084; in 1870, a new man forced it up to 9,506; and in 1871 to 10,651. That is the figure which the Liberal Republicans and Democrats propose to themselves to overcome. It is a serious but not impossible undertaking.

MARRIED—At the residence of Z. Williams, Esq., on the 30th ult., by E. T. Read, Mr. Wm. M. Nance and Miss Carrie Duncan. All of Calhoun county, Alabama.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for Said Court, July 3d 1872.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of Margaret Love, deceased, this day filed in court his account and vouches for final settlement of said estate, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, judge of
aug10,1872—5t. Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for said county, July 4th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of John M. Love, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, judge of
aug18,1872—5t Probate.

FOR SALE.

Offered for sale, a building lot in the growing and flourishing town of Cross Plains. Said lot is known as the Pete Hines lot, and lays two blocks south of Humphries & Robinson's old stand, and contains one acre. For price apply at this office.

Aug101872—tf.

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In Chemical and Medical Science.

DR. E. F. GARVIN'S SOLUTION OF TAR.
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Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
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TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

ALSO, A

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill.

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.

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(Shape of the Bottle.)

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Billousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.

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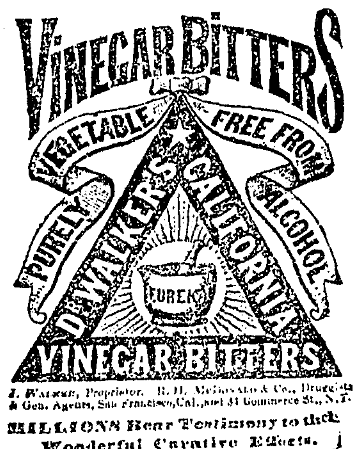


J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce St., N. Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile **Fancy Drink,** Made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors,** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such **Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other **WORMS,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of John C. Whitcomb, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:– One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less known as the Phillips Mills in section 22, township 14 range 7.

C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of Roshmore, Carvel & Co., I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the 1st Monday in August *next*, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:– One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less, known as the Phillips mill, in section 22 Township 14 Range 7.

C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Bush as the guardian of B. F. & M. A. Maddox, minor heir of B. F. Maddox dec'd, this day filed in said court his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 29th day of July inst., 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of
July 6 1872—3t Probate.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county against Samuel Skelton and E. G. Morris and in favor of the State, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:– One set of Merchant mills and ten acres of land, more or less, known as the Phillips mills in section 22 township 14 range 7.

C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.
Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed, by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM.
Administratrix of the estate of
Moses Latham, deceased.
june15'72—6t.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

SAVANNAH, Ga.
11 NEW ST. New York.
HEERMANN'S THE FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD

Possessing powerful invigorating PROPERTIES

These Bitters are positively invaluable in ALL SKIN DISEASES

They purify the system, and will cure

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.

All yield to their powerful efficacy.

Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.

to the wasted frame, and correct all

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and

The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.

PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square
Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor*

Jacksonville, Ala., July 29, 1872.

I have formed a business connection with Messrs. Flash, Lewis & Co., of New Orleans, which will demand all my attention, hence I withdraw from the business in which I have been engaged here and leave same in the hands of E. L. Woodward, Sr., who will determine his own course of action in the matter. Thanking friends for past favors,

I remain,
ED. L. WOODWARD.

☞ You see from the above that my son, Ed. L. Woodward, withdraws from this business, and leaves goods, dues, and all in my hands.

I WISH TO CLOSE OUT.

Hence I offer hats, shoes, and many other articles

AT COST!

If I can suit you in the article, you can save money by buying of me,

E. L. WOODWARD, Sr.
aug3—tf

An Ordinance.

Be it Ordained by the Town Council, of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person, without having first obtained a license to keep a Livery Stable, as required by law, shall hereafter let for hire or use for pay or reward, any horse, mule, buggy, carriage, wagon, or any other vehicle, (except for plowing purposes) shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence or act so done shall be fined not less than five nor more than ten dollars.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary T. C.

AN ORDINANCE.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Counsellors of the Town of Jacksonville; that any person or persons found playing base ball, or throwing, tossing, knocking or catching a ball or balls upon the public square, or any of the streets of the town during the day, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars, for each and every offence.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.
July 20 1872—3t.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Are you out of employment? We wish the address of every man and woman out of employment. We have work for them, Address (inclosing stamp)

GEORGE J. JOHNSTON,
P. O. Box 180. Montgomery, Ala.

J. & B. TRIMBLE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys, Jeans, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Cloths, Opera, all Wool and Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands; Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather. Ticking; Table Damask, Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES.

University of Alabama.

THE next Session will begin on the 25th of September.

Tuition Free.

The Course of Instruction embraces 11 independent Schools. The Normal De partment is also in successful operation For further information, send for Cat alogue, or address,

N. T. LUPTON,
Presid
Aug31872w4t. Tusc

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands from the Circuit Court of county against Sevier Elston of M. J. Turnley & Son, I to sell to the highest bidder for cash fore the court house door in the town Jacksonville, within the legal hours sale, on the first Monday in Sept. all of Sevier Elston's interest in the lowing described lands, to-wit:— Section 10 and 15. Township 16, one hundred acres more or less, as the place upon which the said resides. C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands from the Circuit Court of Calh county against Jonathan L. Elston William Johnston and in favor of el K. Borders I will proceed to the highest bidder for cash before court house door in Jacksonville, the legal hours of sale, on the 1st day in September next, all of L. Elston's and William Johnston's terest in the following described to-wit:—Section 33 township 15 range also one hundred acres in section 15 range 9. C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seed
HEDGE PLANTS!
NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FL ER PLATES!
Address F. K. PHŒNIX,
BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhou Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $3 $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalogues, 20

SEND 50cts TO A. S. PAT BOOKSELLER AND STATION Rome Georgia & and receive by mail a package of Dolly Varden Paper and Envelopes.—tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS

Now at work, or looking for some new will miss it if they do not at once write circular of the best selling book published. Extraordinary inducements offered. more than double money. Outfit fre dress, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth St., N

AGENTS WANTED—For GO SPEED'S **Presidential Campaign Bo** Every citizen wants it. Also, for CA PAIGN GOODS. Address, Goodspe **Empire Publishing House,** Ne leans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

Agents Wanted—for the Lives of **Grant! Greeley! WILSON! BROWN!** And the leading men of all parties. Ove Steel Portraits. Just the book wanted the masses everywhere. Agents meet wonderful success. Send for circular secure territory at once. Address LER & McCURDY, 139 Race Street, Cinc nati, O.

DonotFail while on your Summer ex cursion North to secure one of **CELEBRATED IMPROVED STEWART COOK STOV** With its special attachment, Roaster, & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture fully packed for safe shipment. Books on application.

FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St

WATER BURNHAM'S New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six inch, is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa. & co.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERI **JURUBEBA** BLOOD PURIFIE

Is a powerful Tonic, specially for use in Spring, when the languid DEBILITATED system needs strength ity; it will give vigor to the feeble, to the weak, animation to the tively to the nervous, and health to the

It is a South American plant, cording to the medical and scientific icals of London and Paris possesses Powerful tonic properties known Medica, and is well known in country as having wonderful cura ties and has been used for an all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY ERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, NESS of the INTESTINES, UTERI URINARY ORGANS.

Dr Wells Extract of Jurub

It is strengthening and nourishing nutricious food taken into the stom assimilates and diffuses itself through circulation, giving vigor and health. It regulates the bowels, quiets the acts directly on the secretive organs its powerful Tonic and restoring produces healthy and vigorous action whole system.

J Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y Sole Agent for the ☞Price One Dollar per Bottle for Circular.

CHEAP ADVERTISIN

Advertisements occupying one space will be inserted in 260 NEWS PERS, including 23 DAILIES,

SOUTHERN STATE

covering thoroughly the States of Mary Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Ala Mississippi, Louisiana Arkansas Tenn Kentucky and Missouri,

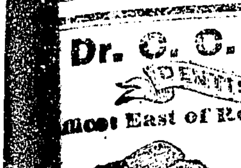
One Month for $

More Papers, More Dailies Circulation, Lower Price, other List. Special rates given for quotations made for any single State es of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, information, furnished on applicat **GEO. P. ROWELL & Newspaper Advertising Ag Park Row, New York.**

Dr. C. C. Porter,

DENTIST,

Office East of Rowan's Store.



TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

That splendid young fellow, John Woodward, called upon us the "other" day. The only thing that we regret is that we were not in to chat him.

We are indebted to Mr. Seaborn Woodruff for a lot of lucious grapes of the Concord variety. He has them for sale.

We return thanks to Mr. J. D. Hammond for a lot of the most pleasant smoking segars in the market. They are put up in neat holders, five together and can be carried easily in the pocket without mashing or breaking. We advise everybody who wants a real good cigar to go to Hammond's and get it.

It will be seen from announcement elsewhere that our old army friend, Capt. J. M. Renfro, is out for the Legislature. If elected, he will certainly be a very "heavy" Legislator and "weighty" in council, for he carries about with him a pefect lead mine, put into him by Yankee muskets during the war. We knew of no more gallant soldier in the Tenth Alabama Regiment than Capt. Renfro.

Now as the the Water Works are completed, shall we not have a grand "blow-out" and jollification some time in September, to which public speakers from abroad, fire companies from a distance, and others shall be invited? We think it the right thing. What say the people? We invite correspondence on the subject.

Col. Parr and Jacob Rosenberg have got them up a card something new in Jacksonville. On the reverse side of their business cards are accurate photographs of their places of business. The cards will be preserved by those receiving them for the sake of the photographs. Both gentlemen had them printed at the REPUBLICAN office and have each left one with us.

D. A. Cary, formerly of White Plains, has opened up, in the city of Cross Plains, a splendid Sadderly and Harness establishment. He will increase his stock, and be glad to receive work in his line, either by order or in person. He will also have a shoe shop in operation.

At twenty-four minutes past 1 o'clock P. M., on the 9th of August the first water gushed through the pipes on our square and Dr. Bellamy desires to say that he has just received and will continue to keep through the Summer an abundant supply of Ice and at his "Retreat;" will dispense Ice Cold Soda Water, drawn from our mountains, Ice cream and other delicacies and nic naes to please the palate.

The meetings of the Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club so far have been largely attended and the greatest interest manifested. Last Wednesday night the court house was brilliantly illuminated for the occasion. Good speeches were made and the evening was altogether very pleasantly spent. All young men in the county favorable to the election of Greeley and Brown are invited to become members of the Club. We will see to the enrollment of all names sent us.

Our friend, Jno. D. Rowland, sauntered into the REPUBLICAN office one day this week, bearing in his hand a large bundle, which he said he had just taken out of the express office for us as he came by. Upon the bundle was a card and written thereon, in a hand which looked suspiciously like John's, was the following:

Per Greeley Express,

FOR L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

The fruit of Greeley's affection for GRANT (L. W.) *expressed. Save the seed!* In your note of acceptance, should you *Grant* it, I hope *peach* will be meant, but not *im*peachment.

GREELEYITE.

Yesterday the indefatigable Superintendent of our Water Works completed the connection between the mountain spring and the pipes already laid along the streets and soon the water was gushing from the hydrants *on every corner* of the square. The work would have been completed long ago, if Messrs. Wood & Co., Philadelphia, who contracted for the piping had supplied it as fast as it was laid. As it is, in a few days the water will be coursing through every street of our town. To-day the Fire Co. will throw water from the fire plugs with the hose which has just arrived. All honor to the gallant Mayor and the vigorous young Council who have pushed this project to completion.

INVITATION.—Dr. Bellamy desires to invite the Hon. Intendent and Members of Council and the Superintendent and Contractors of the Water Works to take from his Soda Fount some of the first water that gushed through the pipes served with ice and fruitsyrups. Come, gentlemen, at 3, p. m. Saturday.

Andrew Johnson addresses the people of Knoxville to-day on the political situation.

Murder:

William Williams, a colored man, came into our office a few days ago and recited the particulars of a fight, near White Plains, in which Mad. and Harry, his sons, were severely cut by another colored man, George Teague. It seems that the colored people had them a dinner, at which a great many were present; that whiskey was on hand and drank by the parties to the affray; that George Teague, who had been absent from the neighborhood for a long time, returned on that day and indulged in threats against the parties stabbed, and that a general fight was the consequence with the result stated above. George Teague, it is said, escaped. One was cut through the arm and the other stabbed in the side, his intestines obtruding from the gaping wound. The latter died from his wound Sunday morning.

A party of gentlemen met in Oxford Saturday last and organized an Association to be known as the "Calhoun Co. Bee-Keepers' Association," with permanent officers as follows: W. R. Hanna, President; S. C. Williams, Vice-President; J. R. Graham, Ladiga Beat, Vice-President; R. R. King, Secretary. There will be one vice-president from each beat represented in the Association. The meetings of the Association will be held in Oxford on the first Saturday in each month. The admission fee is 25 cents. The subjects for discussion at the next meeting are as follows:

1. Will bee-keeping pay as a business?
2. What is the proper fall and winter management for bees?
3. Are Italian preferable to black bees?
4. What forms of hives are preferable?
5. Are honey extractors beneficial?

The State Ticket.

The entire Democratic and Conservative Press of the State is now unitedly engaged in an earnest support of our candidates. All symptoms of disaffection have entirely vanished. There is positively no disaffection towards the ticket in any part of the State, from the Tennessee river to the Gulf. The great and victorious party of 1870 are everywhere aroused with a resolution to prevent the Government of the State of Alabama from falling into the hands of the disrepatable and profligate Radical rabble by which Alabama was so much degraded and nearly ruined during the period in which they held their corrupt and disgusting orgies in the Capitol. To the army of Democrats and Conservatives since the nominations of the Cincinnati and Baltimore Conventions, have come as friends, allies and comrades, so we trust, a large body of Conservative-Republicans who will increase our majorities for Greeley and Brown and our State ticket in the Fall, and share with us the patriotic fruits of the victory for Peace and for Freedom. Under these circumstances the State of Alabama will not speak, we are sure, with any doubtful voice.

It is now evident that an effort will be made again to reduce Alabama to one of the Radical Provinces under carpet-bagger domination. The two leaders of the Radical party in Alabama are Spencer, the white carpet-bag Senator, so well and unfavorably known to our people, and Rapier the prospective Congressional nominee for the Montgomery District and the editor of the principal Radical organ in the State. Rapier is the representative of the African element, being himself of that color and blood. The forces of Radicalism consisting of the white adherents of carpet-baggerism and of the Radical negro element, under the inspiration and with the support of the Grant Administration, are being marshalled for the coming conflict. Every white man who supports them on any pretext knows the relations in which he stands and his fate as well as we do. He is willing by joining such a party to sacrifice the best interests of his fellow-citizens for the chance of an office. Every white man who by indifference or unmanly or stupid apathy, allows such a party without all the resistance he can make, to take possession of Alabama, knows how he is imperiling his character, his property and all most dear to him. Should Radicalism be triumphant in the contest, he will again disastrously appreciate the fact that his State, his home and his family are involved in an atmosphere of malaria every breath of which is laden with moral death. He will find his property again covered with heavy taxation. He will again be dismayed by hearing that votes are bought and sold in the Legislature to the highest bidder for schemes in which adventures will speculate at their leisure upon the honor and credit of the State. He will again be liable to Ku-klux Assizes like those we witnessed here in Montgomery and to Martial Law Government, and witness the spectacle of citizens marching through our streets hand-cuffed on their way to Northern Penitentiaries. If any native white man or any decent black man whishes to escape the threatened dangers of the future under a renewed carpet-bag domination let him at once rally in the fore front of the party in favor of pure Government, and of the complete reconciliation of all sectional differences in the past. This is the only safe position.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The Duty of the Colored People.

In the recent letter of Honorable Charles Sumner, in response to a communication from some twenty-four colored men of Washington, in which letter he declares for Greeley and Brown, we find the following paragraph, which contains some sensible advice to the colored people:

Nor can I observe without regret the colored people in organized masses rsisting friendly overtures even to the extent of intimidating those who are the other way. It is for them to consider carefully whether they should not take advantage of the unexpected opening and recognize the bail-bond given at Baltimore as assurance of peace, holding the parties to the full performance of its conditions, provided always their rights are fixed. I am sure it cannot be best for the colored people to band together in a hostile camp, provoking antagonism and keeping alive the separation of races. Above all, there must be no intimidation, but every voter must act freely without constraint from league or lodge. And much better will it be when the two political parties compete for your votes, each anxious for your support. Only then will that citizenship which you are entitled have its full fruits. Only then will there be that harmony which is essential to true civilization. The present position of the colored citizen is in peril. He is exposed to injurious pressure where he needs support. But I see no early extrication except in the way now proposed. Let him cut adrift from the managers who would wield him merely as a political force, with little regard to his own good, and bravely stand by the candidate who has stood by him. If the Democrats unite with them, so much the better. An association once begun must naturally ripen into common friendship and trust. I am for peace in reality as in name. From the bottom of my heart I am for peace. I welcome all that makes for peace. With deep-felt satisfaction I remember that no citizen that drew his sword against us has suffered by the hand of execution. In just association with this humanity will be the triumph of equal rights, with the promises of the great declaration all fulfilled, and our people united as never before in the enduring fellowship of a common citizenship. To this end there must be reconciliation, nor can I withhold my hand. Freely I accept the hand that is offered, and reach forth my own in friendly grasp. I am against the policy of hate. I am against fanning ancient flames into continued life. I am against raking in the ashes of the past for the coals. Pile up the ashes, extinguish the flames, abolish hate—such is my creed.

Extract from a Speech of H. Fannin Colored.

In his speech to the colored people in Eufaula, on last Saturday, Harry Fannin(colored)said:

"I do not solicit your votes for Greeley, *because* he will need them to insure his election. His election now is a fixed fact, without the votes of his colored friends. But what will the world say, when, after devoting forty of the best years of his life in aid of your emancipation, the first thing you do after he has succeeded in the great work of your deliverance, will be to desert him in his utmost need. I repeat, it is not to insure his election that I implore you to vote for him—but to vindicate my race from the charge of such black ingratitude, that I plead."

Senator Carpenter, in a speech recently delivered at Madison, Wisconsin, said: "We regard Greeley's nomination as a huge joke, and laugh at the idea of his election." It is no joke to-day, and Senator Carpenter will be pushed to find a point at which his laugh "will come in."

DISTRESSING AFFAIR.—Jimmy Scanlan, whose parents live just across the Etowah Bridge was shot last Tuesday night by Harry Wimpee. The following, as related to us, were the attending circumstances:

It is stated that young Wimpee some time since had a difficulty with some parties in the neighborhood and had some apprehension of being waylaid. On the above named night he was going along the road between the Cave Spring road and Cohen's Mill in company with Ben Eve. They heard from behind some bushes what appeared to be a human voice imitating the barking of a dog. Wimpee demanded two or three times "who was there," and receiving no answer, fired with a Navy Pistol into the thicket, and hit Scanlan just under the right eye and the ball lodged, it is supposed, under the right ear. It seems that Scanlan had seen the other boys coming and concealed himself for the sake of frightening them.—*Rome Courier.*

Maine, hitherto regarded as sure for the Grantites, now begins to afford them much uneasiness. The next election is in that State, and the most sanguine spirit seems now to inspire the Democrats and Liberal Republicans. Their union, it is now thought, may carry the State.

A Darkey's View of War.

An elderly darkey, with a very philosophical and retrospective cast of countenance, was squatting upon his bundle on the hurricane deck of one of the Western river steamers, toasting his shins against the chimney, and appearently plunged in a state of profound mediation. His dress and appearance indicated familiarity with camp life, and it being soon after the siege and capture of Fort Donelson, I was inclined to disturb his reveries, and on interrogation found that he had been with the Union forces at that place, when I questioned him further. His philosophy was so much in the Falstaffian vein that I will give his views in his own words as near as my memory serves me.

"Were you in the fight?"

"I had a little taste of it, sah."

"Stood your ground, did you?"

"No, sah, I runs."

"Run at the first fire, did you?"

"Yes, sah, and would have ran soonah had I know'd it was comin'."

"Why, that wasn't very creditable to your courage?"

"Dat isn't in my line, sah—cookin's my profession."

"Well, but have you no regard for your reputation?"

"Reputation! Nuffin to me by de side of life!"

"Do you consider your life worth more than other people's?"

"It's wuth more to me, sah."

"Then you must value it very highly."

"Yes, sah, I does; more dan all dis world; more dan a million of dollahs, sah; for what would dat be wuth to a man wid de bref out of him? Self preservation am the fust law wid me, sah."

"But why should you act on a different rule from other men?"

"Cause, sah, different men sets different value upon derselves; my life is not in de market."

"But if you lost it you would have the satisfaction of knowing that you died for you country."

"What satisfaction would dat be to me when de power of feelin' was gone?"

"Then patriotism and honor are nothing to you?"

"Nuffin whatever, sah,—I regard dem as among the vanities."

"If our soldiers were like you, traitors might have broken up the government without resistance."

"Yes, sah, der would hab been no help for it I wouldn't put my life in the scales against any gubernment dat eber existed, for no gubernment could replace the loss to me 'Spect, dough, dat de gubernment safe if da all like me."

"Do you think any of your company would have missed you if you had been killed?"

"May be not, sah. A dead white man ain't much to dese sogers, let alone a dead nigga; but I'd missed myself, and dat was de pint wid me."

It is safe to say that the corpse of that African will never darken the field of carnage.

No sooner is the revolution ended in Mexico, than a general amnesty has been proclaimed. In this country, the Grantites are opposed to a general amnesty, even at this post-revolutionary period.

There have been several conflicts in Cuba recently between the Royal troops and the insurgents, in all of which the latter have been victorious. The end of the contest seems as far off as it was a year ago. Spain had better part with the island while such a course is open to her. In the end a separation must take place.

General Grant will probably be worse beaten than any candidate since General Scott, in 1852.

A Western Grant paper, disgusted with the foolish boasting of the "Ring" journals in relation to the popularity of the President in that section, bluntly declares: "We cannot count on Iowa, Illinois or Wisconsin, unless something causes the Greeley movement to die out." No signs of dying out just now.

The Blakshear Georgian employs a regular poet. His latest is as follows:

"Hark from Bob Toombs ye angry sound—
Joe Brown, attend the cry—
No living man shall view the ground
Where they will shortly lie.

"For them there'll be no duel'd beds,
In spite of all their jowers—
Their tall, their wise, their reverend heads,
Are about as level as ours."

Hiram Green, esq., thinks "that the Grant organ's 'Good riddance to bad rubbish' cry at the loss of such men as Gen. Banks, Chief-Justice Chase. Horace Greeley, Lyman Trumbull, Carl Schurz, and Charles Sumner, is equal to the consolation felt by old Tommy Blinco when he lost both of his feet in a saw-mill. 'Wall,' said the old man, groaning with pain, 'it's a good thing they're gone, for somehow or other it did take a power o' money to keep the d—d things in shoe-leather."

Judge Davis denies the recent public assertion that he had disapproved of the Liberal movement. He will publish a letter in a few days, in which he will cordially indorse the nomination of Greeley and Brown.

General B. F. Butler made a speech in Milford, Massachusetts, in which he said "we want four years more of Grant's rule." The "we" who want it are just the fellows to make the people not want it.

The Greenville (Tenn.) scandal, which unpleasantly connected the names of Andrew Johnson and Mrs. Harold, causing the suicide of the latter, has got into the courts on a suit for libel, in which $10,000 damages are claimed.

MATAMORAS, August 4.—Private dipatches from Monterey of the 1st state that General Rocha is preparing to take the field against Trevino and Quiroga, who refuse to accept the amnesty proffered by *the existing government.* They oppose Lerdo de Tejada and Cabinet, and favor Diaz for President. Reliable information from Tula, Tamaulipas, to-day, confirms the former news from there, that the place is still in possession of the revolutionary party, who exact large sums of money from persons passing through, who in fact are buying their liberty.

Ex-Senator George E. Pugh, of Ohio has declared for Greeley and Brown, and informed the Chairman of the State Central Committee of that State, his services are at their command.

Cyrus King of Barre, 75 years old, has been a sufferer from a supposed disease of the stomach for the last 40 years; but last week he was relieved, being rid of a snake 15 inches long and three-eighths of an inch in diameter; and he is now recovering his health.

The Cuban privater Pioneer, lying in the harbor of Newport, has been formally seized by the Government, and will be dismantled. Her commander, after protesting against the seizure, with true Spanish bravado, fired off one of the privateer's guns, nailed the Cuban flag to the mast, threw his sword overboard, and, with his crew, left the vessel in high dudgeon.

LOOK

Here.

I NEED Greenbacks.

SHALL I CALL

IN

VAIN?

Forbid it ALL who OWE ME.
Come QUICKLY and oblige,
E. L. WOODWARD.

aug10,1872—tf

A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes

ON THE LINE OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A LAND GRANT OF

12,000,000 ACRES

IN THE

BEST FARMING & MINERAL LAND IN AMERICA.

3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,

IN THE

GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,

THE

GARDEN OF THE WEST,

Now for Sale!

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.

The Best Locations for Colonies.

SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.

Free Passes to Purchasers of Land.

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
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FANNING' PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.

Recommended by leading physicians! Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climes although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.

WORCHESTER SKIRT CO
Sole Manufacturers,
Worchester, Mass.

$1,000

Reward!

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Bing's PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at any thing else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers,* Portland, Me.

U.S. Piano Co. N. Y. Price $290 No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY. Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL RANKS *are not desirable; therefore,* keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir SOZODONT. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no *pay, for the cure of Distemper,* Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Cold, &c. in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Mild, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The *material of which they are reconstructed* is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, arising from depravation of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, *it has no equal.*

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This *magnificent compound is beyond contingency* the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade *supplied by* his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleedless nights of painful watching with poor, suffiring, teething children.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." *It removes tan,* freckles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

The cause of Temperance finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called 'tonics' and 'appetizers,' made of cheap whisky and refuse liquors, finished up to suit depraved appetites, under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, *they* are an infallible and unrivalled remedy.

Time and enlightened experience have shown that certain substances formerly used and relied on in medical practice, are unnecessary and dangerous; yet some of these substances have found their way into medical compounds. Dr. Walker's California Venegar Bitters, however, contain nothing injurious, *being composed exclusively of vegetable substances from California.* For all disorders of the liver, kidneys, bladder, skin, and digestive organs, and for purifying the blood, they are the most wonderful remedy known.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S

ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.

NEVER FAILING!

KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

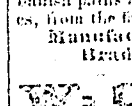
CURES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Disease, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Frost Bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. Of all

PAIN KILL IT:

the Remedies ever discovered for the relief of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralize or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful—Relief is Instantaneous. Its is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth

Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

W. C. LAND,



THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.

nov11 1871—tf.

JACKSONVILLE

Female Academy,

Jacksonville, Ala.

FACULTY.

REV. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Principal.
MRS. T. OLIVER, English Branches.
MISS E. LOCKETT, English Branches.
MRS. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Music.
MISS E. T. BECK, Drawing & Painting.

The exercises of this INSTITUTE will be resumed Monday, September 2nd, 1872.

For further particulars or circular apply to the Principal, or to any of the Trustees.

J. K. ARMSTRONG,
Principal.

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots or Shoes from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy WhiteGoodsNotions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buyingyuro Goods.

Hemeans what he says.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 29th, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John A. Fleming, as the Guardian of Mary C. Whiteside, Wm. Mc. Whiteside, Emma T. Whiteside and Martha V. Whiteside minor heirs of J. A. Whiteside, dec. this day filed in said court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August, 1872 is set for the making of said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 29, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John M. Bagley, Adm'r with will annexed of the estate of Wm. Miller; dec'd this day filed his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August next, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, July 16th, 1872.

THIS day came Josiah Hawkins & E. C. Brock and filed in court their *written petition* representing that they are the Sureties on the Administration Bond of L. P. Hawkins as Administrator of the Estate of David Hawkins late of said county, deceased. That the said L. P. Hawkins has left the State of Alabama and is now a non-resident of said State of Alabama. They further pray that such proceedings be had in said court as shall be necessary to reserve the said L. P. Hawkins from said Administration and revoke his letters as Administrator of said Estate. The premises considered. It is ordered by the court that the 17th day of August next be set to hear and determine said petition and *that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican* a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the said L. P. Hawkins, Adm'r as aforesaid to be and apper at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 17th day of August next and defend against said petition and application if he thinks proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Manhood:

How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid,* on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,586.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Savage & De Rochemont, Attorneys at Law, Oxford, Ala., is hereby dissolved.

JAS. H. SAVAGE,

July 27, 1872.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will bring on the Menses; all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorrhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortyfying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, GA., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what ti is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other cirtificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.

OPEN JUNE 15th, 1872.

The proprietor offers additional attractions this season New, elegant, and spacious Drawing and Ball Rooms, beautiful lawns, exquisite air and scenery, while, the waters of these special springs invariably relieve Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia and Diarrhœa, and are for sale by leading Druggists everywhere Readily accessible via Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad. Stop at Goshen Depot, where coaches will be in waiting. Pamphlets on application. JAS. A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10th, 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
THOS. H. HERNDON,
of Mobile.
For Lieutenant Governor,
E. H. MOREN, of Mobile.
Secretary of State,
J. J. PARKER, of Monroe.
Attorney General,
J. W. A. SANFORD,
of Montgomery.
Auditor,
T. J. BURNETT, of Butler.
Treasurer,
J. F. GRANT, of Calhoun.
Supt. Public Instruction,
JOSEPH HODGSON,
of Montgomery.
Commiss'r Industrial Resources,
E. F. COMEGYS,
of Lawrence.
Congressmen at Large,
ALPHEUS BAKER, of Barbour
J. J. JOLLY, of Greene.
Rep. in Congress, 5th Dis.
J. H. CALDWELL.
For Board of Regents,
LEROY F. BOX, of St. Clair.
WM. N. COWAN, of Etowah.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

State Senate.
T. A. WALKER.
E. T. READ.

For Representative.
DR. S. C. WILLIAMS.
CAPT. J. M. RENFRO.

For Solicitor.
H. L. STEVENSON, Esq.

We are authorized to announce the name of
J. M. RENFRO,
as a candidate for Representative for Calhoun county.

North Carolina.

From the last dispatches it seems that the Conservatives have carried five out of eight Congressmen (whereas before the Radicals had six out of eight) and both branches of the Legislature, which secures the election of a Conservative United States Senator in place of the present Radical incumbent, Poole. Ex-Gov. Vance will most likely be the man. After a great deal of swindling and manipulation of the ballots the Radicals claim the Governor by a few hundreds. *Merrimon*, the Democratic candidate, will, however we learn, contest the election and the Legislature will in all likelyhood place him in the Gubernatorial chair. Thus North Carolina has pronounced against Grant.

The Young Men.

As will be seen from "proceedings" published both on the inside and outside of this *paper*, the young men of Calhoun county have entered upon the work of "reform" as heartily and patriotically as they engaged in the war in 1861 when their country *called*. They are *vigorous*; they are hopeful; they carry no prejudices to cumber them; they are patriotic; they are brave, and now they move forward with that irresistable sweep and dash that carries victory with it. This time, though, they make a new fight on a new line; this time they go forward bearing no arms in their hands, but

"——A weapon firmer set
And better than the bayonet;
A weapon that comes down as still
As snow flakes fall upon the sod.
But executes a freeman's will
As lightning does the will of God."

One of our superlatively sound Democrats remarked to us the other day that he was a better Democrat than we, because we were in favor of taking a Republican to beat a Republican with. He spoke of it as an unheard of proceeding. "Why you and Walker played the Devil' at Baltimore, remarked this very patriotic Democrat, "and gave us a Republican while we expected you to give us a straight Democrat." Now our friend is old enough and well enough posted to know that the Baltimore Convention did no new thing in politics when they took a Republican to beat a Republican with. The Whigs had no hesitancy in taking Harrison and Tyler to beat Van Buren, and men of all parties united upon them. They did the same thing when they abandoned Henry Clay, the man they loved best, and accepted *Gen.* Taylor, then a Democrat. The Republicans did the same when they gave up all their shining lights and accepted the Democrat Grant. Now who can say that Grant is *not* as *good* a Radical as they would want. He was *compelled* to be. If Horace Greeley desired to carry out the proscriptive policy of Grant, he could not do so with the Congress that will be elected by the same voters that elect him. Should he attempt it, his administration would be a dead failure. *We have no more fears of Horace Greeley's administration than we would have had of that of Horatio Seymour had he been elected.*

As an evidence of the great political change that is going on, we will state that John A. DeArman, a hitherto active member of the Radical party of *this county and* chairman of the County Executive Committee, has come out square and fair from that party and is now a member of the Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club. Mr. Pink. Crook, Clerk of the Circuit Court of this county has also come out the Radical party, as will be seen by his card published in another column. Now where is Jack Williams, *Broughton and the remainder?* Jack we know to be under conviction, for we saw and talked to him yesterday. Won't all of them come over? Come along.

We reckon that the Democrats who oppose Horace Greeley would not like *to reflect*, after the election, that it was their inaction that carried the State for Grant, if such should be the result. Well, let us see. Say that fifty Democrats, at the lowest estimate, in each county of the State, refuse to vote, because they cannot get a candidate to suit them exactly. This would detract from the Democratic vote something over three *thousand*. The last election for Governor, when all these men voted, was only won by about fifteen hundred. Such an estimate gives the State to Grant by at least fifteen hundred. *It is necessary* that all Democrats of Calhoun cast behind them the pitiful prejudices of the past, and vote with the great mass of the party, in order to defeat Grant in this State. He who cannot vote for the nominee of his own party, when ninety-nine hundreths of his party are doing it, is rather too choice—too "finiky" a Democrat for us to comprehend completely. If such are the best Democrats, we admit that we are not as good a Democrat as they.

Second Meeting of Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club.

JACKSONVILLE, August 7th, 1872.

Pursuant to adjournment the Greeley and Brown Club met at the court house 8½ P. M., L. W. Grant, *President*, in the Chair.

Capt. James Crook, Chairman of the Committee on Constitution and By-Laws, reported a Constitution, By-Laws and Rules of order, which were adopted.

On motion, "Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club" was adopted as the name of the Club.

On motion, a committee of four was appointed to organize a colored Greeley and Brown Club. The following gentlemen were placed upon the committee, viz: John M. Caldwell, C. P. Read, L. P. Carpenter, James Tucker.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to report the order of business for the Club. Committee—H. L. Stevenson, *J. D. Hammonds*, Willie P. Parr.

All persons present, not members of the Club, were respectfully invited to come forward and enroll their names and co-operate with the Club in the great work before it; whereupon the following gentlemen came forward and gave in their names, viz: John M. Crook, Emmitt F. Crook, Quitman Read, James Tucker, E. G. Caldwell, E. Goode, P. J. Garrett, L. P. Carpenter, Gus. Harris, Y. C. Harris.

Some of the gentlemen named above were not present and enrolled through *friends*.

There being no further business before the Club the members were held spell-bound for two hours by the thrillingly eloquent remarks of the following *gentlemen*, viz: Dr. J. C. Francis, J. M. Renfroe, G. I. Turnley, J. B. McCain, J. H. Francis, of Montgomery, H. L. Stevenson, and John T. Martin, all of whom were enthusiastically received by the Club and each of whom pledged themselves to labor unceasingly for the election of the standard bearers of the great party of Constitutional Liberty, and Local Self Government, upon whose banner is inscribed, "Reconciliation"—"Equality before the law of all citizens"—"Supremacy of the Civil over the Military and the maintainance of the inviolable privilege of *habeas corpus*;" after which the President of the Club, Mr. L. W. Grant, made a short though calm and dispassionate address in which he proved conclusively *to* the colored citizens present that their interests would be best promoted by at least a considerable portion of them supporting Horace Greeley and B. Gratz Brown; that our interests and theirs as citizens of a common country were one and the same, and that it *was not* best for them to follow such advisers as they had in the past, who only used *them for their own* selfish ends.

On motion the Club adjourned to meet again on Wednesday, August 21st at 8½ o'clock P. M.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Secretary.

Address of the Chairman of the County Executive Committee.

By authority of the Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party of Calhoun county, I hereby *most respectfully request* that the citizens of the different voting precincts form as early as possible their Executive Committees of active, efficient and working men, and report their names to me in order that we may co-operate *in employing* those means and agencies necessary to perfect our party organization *and secure a triumph in the approaching* election.

The time has now come when we may work out our deliverance, but delay is dangerous, and inaction will prove fatal to our flattering hopes and encouraging prospects. Let us take the tide at its flood and push on as one man to the *accomplishment of our political redemption*.

JAMES CROOK,
Chairman County Ex. Com. of Democratic and Conservative party.

CARD FROM MR. BROUGHTON.

MR. GRANT—My name was used in the late Radical County Convention. I was not present. My affiliation with the Radical party is ended. Henceforth I go with my people.

BAYLESS BROUGHTON.

The above card was handed us after we went to press.—Ed. Republican.

The Radical Convention.

Our reporter who was present at our request at the late Radical County Convention for this county *makes* report as follows. The Radicals have indeed made a poor exhibit of strength in this instance:

"Pursuant to a call made by the Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee for this county, a convention was held at the court house in *Jacksonville*, Saturday 3d inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention.

Mr. Jno. A. DeArman, with three raps on the Judge's stand, called the *meeting* to order. He then stated that; as the Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee, it *became his duty* to call the meeting to order and that the performance of that duty would close *his action with the Republican party*. The convention, which consisted of three whites and seven negroes (one of whom was a *stranger* and another a half-grown boy) then proceeded to organize.

J. W. Burke was called to the Chair and W. P. Crook requested to act as Secretary. The object of the meeting *having been stated* by the Chair, the following were proposed as being proper persons to attend the State Convention; viz: J. B. Broughton, Burrell Slayton, (colored) Isaac Frank, and Louis McKenzie (colored.)

On motion, the above named parties were elected delegates.

Right at this juncture Mr. Burrell Slayton mentioned to the meeting the fact that the colored men were unable, *in these* hard times, to spend their money in attending the convention, and asked that help be given them by the Republican party. The Chairman thought the gentleman's suggestion a wise one, and a *motion being* made that a committee be appointed for the purpose of raising funds to defray the expenses of the colored delegates to Montgomery, he asked if the motion had a second, whereupon the eager sons of Africa responded as with one voice—*aye*. (Carried of course.)

Committee—Isaac Frank, ——— ———, James Rowland, James Atkins, and Henry Wyly.

There being *no* further business before the convention it adjourned, which, perhaps, was the wisest thing they had done. We left the meeting fully impressed with the belief that Radicalism is on the wane in *Calhoun and nursing* the hope that the convention, disgraceful in its numbers to any party, would *never reassemble* for the same purposes and advocating the same principles within the borders of our *glorious old* Calhoun.

REPORTER.

A CARD.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,
August the 7th, 1872.

MR. EDITOR: A Southern man by birth and education, and identified in interest and sympathy with her institutions, I have always given my political support to that *party* whose *principles* I believed afforded the surest guarantee of protection to those institutions from *sectional* aggression and oppression. From the time I cast my first vote to the year 1865 I affiliated with the Jeffersonian Democracy—the exponents and representatives of which were always *first, foremost, most fearless, and faithful* in defence of the South. In 1865 when the issues of war had been decided against us, when the great and vital principles underlying our government had shared to a fearful extent the fate of the "lost cause," when our property had been destroyed, lost or consumed, when at the *mercy* of our *arrogant conquerors* liberty itself was threatened, and when I believed the Democratic *party, combatting* as it must the passions and animosities of the war, was impotent to bring to us relief—the serious and important question with me was, what means can be most effectually employed to secure the object most desirable to my section, to-wit: Southern rights and equality of States in the Union. *The Republican party*, in the strength of its supremacy and the plenitude of its authority suggested as the only means of safety to the South affiliation with it. With hesitancy, yet yielding to the inexorable logic of events, and believing it the best that could be done I accepted it; and, although I have been assailed for my political faith as having arrayed myself against my section, I have nevertheless been influenced by my honest convictions of duty, and if I have erred, it is attributable to my judgment and not to my intentions. The Republican party has so far failed to unify and conciliate the North and South as to present a basis of settlement which would secure the co-operation of all sections in laboring for our common cause, to-wit: The best interest of the entire country.

The accomplishment of this grand result being the object with me paramount to all others, I hereby sever my connection with the Republican party, and true to myself, true to my sympathies and honest convictions of duty, and true to the land which gave me birth, citizenship, and protection declare my intention to unite in promoting the cause of Conservatism, the last and only hope for Southern deliverance.

W. P. CROOK.

A Card.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,
Aug. 5th, 1872.

MR. GRANT: It having come to my knowledge that my name was placed on a committee by Radical Convention held in the court house last Saturday, I desire that you say the same was done without my knowledge and consent. I am not a Radical, nor have I ever been. I was not present at the meeting and *knew nothing of the action of the convention* for twelve hours after its adjournment.

Very respectfully,
W. T. ALEXANDER.

A Card from a Colored Man.

MR. GRANT: After the adjournment of the late Radical County *Convention*, I was told that my name had been placed upon a committee to raise funds for the purpose of sending delegates to the Radical State Convention to be held at Montgomery. I was not present at the meeting; the act was entirely unauthorized, and I shall not serve on the committee.

Yours very resp'y,
JAMES ROWLAND.

Another Card from a Colored Man.

MR. GRANT: Some of my friends have informed me that my name appears on a committee appointed by the Radical Convention held in the court house last Saturday. I was not present at the convention, and did not know that my name had been used until the convention was over. I wish you to state that my name was used without authority from me.

Very respectfully,
HENRY GIBSON.
(Called Henry Wyly.)

A Nomination Fit to be Made.

Our readers will be gratified to learn that Col. John H. Caldwell of Calhoun has been selected as the candidate for *Congress* by the Democratic and Conservative Convention of his District.

The selection of Col. Caldwell is a nomination eminently fit to be *made*.—And though we shall not have the privilege of supporting him, we nevertheless sincerely congratulate the good people of his District in *having a man* before them for that honorable position so eminently worthy of support. Few men are better qualified for the position, by culture, attainments, *integrity and* natural endowments than Col. Caldwell.—Already and incisive debater, of a genial, ardent temperament and quick understanding, he is *a man* who fully comprehends his duties, with industry to discharge them—who knows his rights, and the right dare maintain. A patriot of "*soul sincere, in action* faithful, and in honor clear." A brave soldier, who forgetting the strife and carnage of the past is ready to grasp in good faith the hand of the Northern man "over the bloody chasm" His vast popularity secures the 5th District by at least *7,500 or 10,000* majority.—*Talladega Watchtower.*

Fifth Alabama Congressional District.

Our Democratic neighbors in Alabama, of the fifth Congressional District met in Convention in Gadsden on the 31st ult., and after a protracted balloting, nominated that good soldier and sterling old Democrat, Col. John H. Caldwell of Jacksonville, for Congress. The nomination is a good one, and Col. Caldwell will not only make a good fight in the contest, but a faithful, efficient and able representative.

Rome Courier.

Col. Jno. H. Caldwell of Jacksonville was nominated for Congress in the 5th district last Friday. His nomination is equivalent to an election, and his election equivalent to the true and perfect representation of the 5th district in the Congress of the United States.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

The nomination of Col. Caldwell at Gadsden is a deserved compliment to our county and to our citizens.

Oxford Chronicle.

We publish to-day the announcement of Capt. J. M. Renfro for the Legislature. The Capt. commands a vast deal of popularity in Calhoun county, and will run well.—*Oxford Chronicle.*

The Attalla Republican *Union*, a Grant organ, in speaking of our nominee for Congress, is constrained to say:

"Col. Caldwell is an honorable, high toned gentleman, against whose private or personal character nothing can be said.

Hon. John H. Caldwell of Jacksonville, was nominated to representthe 5th Congressional District of Ala., at Gadsden on the 31st inst. The *convention* ballotted ninety-seven times before nominating. If the members of the convention work as hard for Col. Caldwell as they did for their friends, he will certainly be elected. Col. Caldwell is a gentleman of fine talent and will ably represent his District.—*Rome Bulletin.*

Col. John H. Caldwell.

This citizen of Calhoun county, who has recently been honored by being nominated for Congress by the Convention of the 5th Congressional District, composed of delegates from the counties of Cherokee, Calhoun, Cleburne, Etowah, St. Clair, DeKalb, Jackson, Marshall Madison, is an impassioned orator of the first water. His declamations are argumentative and forcible. Integrity is one of the prominent traits of his character. Although bold, fearless and intrepid, he cannot be said to be rash, for he recognizes the truth of the aphorism that "discretion is the greater part of valor."

Gadsden Times.

COL. JOHN CALDWELL.—The Fifth District of Alabama has nominated Hon. John H. Caldwell for Congress. Hon. John is a natural orator in Alabama; truly may he be called "silver tongued." He will carry the District by a larger majority than was ever before polled, and we shall endeavor at least to hear one of his campaign speeches before he gets through. Let us hear your announcement Col. We admire in the highest degree the patriotism and abnegation of Hon. Jas. R. Reeves of Cherokee county, who when he had the prize almost in his grasp, and his friends in solid phalanx closed around him, withdrew from the race rather than endanger the success of the party. *Mr.* Reeves is one of the rising men of Alabama, and he is young enough to get his deserved reward yet, *many years in advance of* most men.—*Rome Commercial.*

The Nomination of Hon. John H. Caldwell.

Our neighboring Congressional District, at their recent Congressional Convention presented as their nominee Jno. H. Caldwell, Esq., of Calhoun county. Talladega claims the right to help introduce the candidate to his District, as he was for years one of our public servants. —As Solicitor for the circuit we can say he was able, faithful and successful. The State lost nothing of its honor, or the enforcement of its laws under his management, whilst we think no defendant maliciously prosecuted. A fair trial was given, but the closing speech was sometimes overwhelming to the indicted and their Attorneys.

Caldwell has superior speaking talent, very popular address. Is manly and honorable. He was a good soldier during the war and has been a good citizen since. The party to which he belongs presents Horace Greeley as candidate for President. Mr. Greeley will find no more manly or honest supporter to grasp hands with him across the bloody chasm if he should be elected.

Talladega Reporter.

VERMONT.—The Liberals and Democrats have nominated a Fusion Ticket for State officers, and also Electors.

Iowa has adopted a Fusion State Ticket and also Electoral.

Next!

And now for Maine! A little over a month remains for work—the election coming on the 9th of September. A month's campaign sufficed to revolutionize North Carolina. Shall we not do as well in Maine?

To attain an actual revolution in Maine were indeed a grave undertaking. She assisted in the first national victory of the Republican party, and for twelve years, through good and through evil report, has kept the faith. In 1860, she gave a September majority of 18,091 for Lincoln. In 1864, she gave a September majority of 19,180; in 1865 of 22,821; in 1866 of 27,687; and in 1867, in spite of distractions, of 11,614. The *Presidential excitement* brought up the September majority again in 1868 to 20,403, but it was the last year of overwhelming success. In 1869, the same candidate found his majority reduced to 6,084; in 1870, a *new man* forced it up to 9,506; and in 1871 to 10,631. That is the figure which the Liberal Republicans and Democrats propose to themselves to overcome. It is a serious but not impossible undertaking.

MARRIED—At the residence of Z. Williams, Esq., on the 30th ult., by E. T. Read, Mr. Wm. M. Nance and Miss Carrie Duncan. All of Calhoun county, Alabama.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for Said Court, July 3d 1872.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of Margaret Love, deceased, this day filed in court his account and vouches for final settlement of said estate, and the 12th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, judge of
aug10,1872—3t. Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for said county, July 4th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of John M. Love, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, judge of
aug18,1872—5t Probate.

FOR SALE.

Offered for sale, a building lot in the growing and flourishing town of Cross Plains. Said lot is known as the Pete Hines lot, and lays two blocks south of Humphries & Robinson's old stand, and contains one acre. For price apply at this office.

Aug101872—tf.

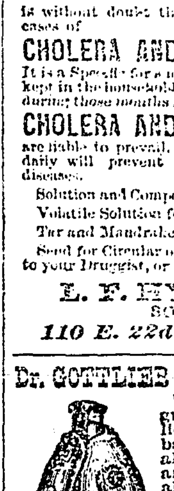
THE NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.

FREE GARVIN'S SOLUTION OF TAR.
TRADE MARK

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR,
UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,
including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
ALSO, A
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pill,
for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
TAR
is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.
Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.
Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.



(Shape of the Bottle.)

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Billiousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.
PIERCE, JONES & CO.
Cotton Factors,
Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.
Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,
SELMA.......ALABAMA.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PURELY DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce St., N. Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of John C. Whitcomb, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:– One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less known as the Phillips Mills in section 22, township 14 range 7.

C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of Roshmore, Carvel & Co., I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the 1st Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:– One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less, known as the Phillips mill, in section 22 Township 14 Range 7.

C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Bush as the guardian of B. F. & M. A. Maddox, minor heir of B. F. Maddox dec'd, this day filed in said court his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 29th day of July inst., 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of
July 6 1872—3t Probate.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county against Samuel Skelton and E. G. Morris and in favor of the State, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:– One set of Merchant mills and ten acres of land, more or less, known as the Phillips mills in section 22 township 14 range 7.

C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed, by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM.
Administratrix of the estate of
Moses Latham, deceased.
june15'72—6t.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

SAVANNAH, Ga. 11 NEW ST. New York.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS
THE FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
Possessing powerful invigorating
PROPERTIES [illegible]
These bitters are positively invaluable in
ALL SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS
They purify the system, and will cure
DYSPEPSIA [illegible]
Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,
NERVOUS DISEASES LIVER COMPLAINT
and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS & BLADDER
All yield to their powerful efficacy.
ARE GOOD FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION
Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.
THEY [illegible] VIGOR
to the wasted frame, and correct all
[illegible] BOWELS
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
CURES [illegible]
The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.
[illegible]
The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY
PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS
In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Squar
Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor*

Jacksonville, Ala., July 29, 1672.

I have formed a business connection with Messrs. Flash, Lewis & Co., of New Orleans, which will demand all my attention, hence I withdraw from the business in which I have been engaged here and leave same in the hands of E. L. Woodward, Sr., who will determine his own course of action in the matter. Thanking friends for past favors,

I remain,
ED. L. WOODWARD.

You see from the above that my son, Ed. L. Woodward, withdraws from this business, and leaves goods, dues, and all in my hands.

I WISH TO CLOSE OUT.

Hence I offer hats, shoes, and many other articles

AT COST!

If I can suit you in the article, you can save money by buying of me,

E. L. WOODWARD, Sr.
aug3—tf

An Ordinance.

Be it Ordained by the Town Council, of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person, without having first obtained a license to keep a Livery Stable, as required by law, shall hereafter let for hire or use for pay or reward, any horse, mule, buggy, carriage, wagon, or any other vehicle, (except for plowing purposes) shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence or act so done shall be fined not less than five nor more than ten dollars.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary T. C.

AN ORDINANCE.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Counsellors of the Town of Jacksonville; that any person or persons found playing base ball, or throwing, tossing, knocking or catching a ball or balls upon the public square, or any of the streets of the town during the day, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars, for each and every offence.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.
July 20 1872—3t.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Are you out of employment? We wish the address of every man and woman out of employment. We have work for them, Address (inclosing stamp)

GEORGE J. JOHNSTON,
P. O. Box 180. Montgomory, Ala.

J. & B. TRIMBLE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—
Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather.
Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Crib
and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts,
also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions,
Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign
and Domestic
Dress Goods,
Very Attractive
in Style and
Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING RATES.

University of Alabama.

THE next Session will begin on the 25th of September.

Tuition Free.

The Course of Instruction embraces 11 independent Schools. The Normal Department is also in successful operation. For further information, send for Catalogue, or address,

N. T. LUPTON,
President,
Aug31872w4t. Tuscaloosa, Ala.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county against Sevier Elston and in favor of M. J. Turnley & Son, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in Sept. next all of Sevier Elston's interest in the following described lands, to-wit:—Part of Section 10 and 15, Township 16, range 9, one hundred acres more or less, known as the place upon which the said Elston resides.

C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county against Jonathan L. Elston and William Johnston and in favor of Samuel K. Borders I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in Jacksonville, within the legal hours of sale, on the 1st Monday in September next, all of Jonathan L. Elston's and William Johnston's interest in the following described lands to-wit:—Section 33 township 15 range 9 also one hundred acres in section 34 15 range 9.

C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff.

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seeds!
HEDGE PLANTS!
NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLATES!
Address F. K. PHŒNIX,
BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, Ill.
600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.

SEND 50cts TO A. S. PATRICK, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, Rome Georgia & and receive by return mail a package of Dolly Varden Note Paper and Envelopes.—tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS
Now at work, or looking for some new book will miss it if they do not at once write for circulars of the best selling book published. Extraordinary inducements offered. Pays more than double money. Outfit free. Address, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth St., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—For GOODSPEED'S
Presidential Campaign Books.
Every citizen wants it. Also, for CAMPAIGN GOODS. Address, Goodspeed's Empire Publishing House, New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

Agents Wanted—for the Lives of
Grant! Greeley!
WILSON! BROWN!
And the leading men of all parties. One Steel Portraite. Just the book wanted by the masses everywhere. Agents meeting wonderful success. Send for circulars and secure territory at once. Address, ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 139 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

Donot Fail while on your Summer excursion North to secure one of
CELEBRATED IMPROVED
STEWART COOK STOVE
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WATER
New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six inch, is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.
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THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the languid DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality: it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, activity to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris possesses the most POWERFUL tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curative qualities and has been long used as a Specific in all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS of the INTESTINES, UTERINE and URINARY ORGANS.

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It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutricious food taken into the stomach it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the bowels, quiets the nerves, acts directly on the secretive organs, and by its powerful Tonic and restoring effects produces healthy and vigorous action to the whole system.

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Sole Agent for the United States.
Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

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Advertisements occupying one inch space will be inserted in 260 NEWSPAPERS, including 23 DAILIES, in
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covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Ddlaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana Arkansas Texas, Kentucky and Missouri,
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More Papers, More Dailies, Larger Circulation, Lower Price, than any other List. Special rates given for more or less pace than one inch. Equally low quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and information, furnished on application to
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Republican

Dr. C. C. Porter,

DENTIST.

ffice East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and ring Bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments d materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth ashes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything ecessary to success. So come one, come ; I will do the very best for you I can, d for as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

That splendid young fellow, John oodward, called upon us the "other" y. The only thing that we regret is t we were not in to chat him.

We are indebted to Mr. Seaborn oodruff for a lot of lucious grapes of e Concord variety. He has them for le.

We return thanks to Mr. J. D. Hamond for a lot of the most pleasant noking segars in the market. They e put up in neat holders, five together d can be carried easily in the pocket thout mashing or breaking. We adse everybody who wants a real good gar to go to Hammond's and get it.

It will be seen from announcement sewhere that our old army friend, apt. J. M. Renfro, is out for the Legslature. If elected, he will certainly be very "heavy" Legislator and "weigh-" in council, for he carries about with m a pefect lead mine, put into him by ankee muskets during the war. We new of no more gallant soldier in the enth Alabama Regiment than Capt. enfro.

Now as the the Water Works are mpleted, shall we not have a grand blow-out" and jollification some time September, to which public speakers om abroad, fire companies from a disnce, and others shall be invited? We ink it the right thing. What say the ople? We invite correspondence on e subject.

Col. Parr and Jacob Rosenberg have t them up a card something new in acksonville. On the reverse side of heir business cards are accurate photoraphs of their places of business. The ards will be preserved by those receivg them for the sake of the photoraphs. Both gentlemen had them rinted at the REPUBLICAN office and ave each left one with us.

D. A. Cary, formerly of White Plains, as opened up, in the city of Cross Plains, a splendid Sadderly and Harness stablishment. He will increase his tock, and be glad to receive work in his ine, either by order or in person. He will also have a shoe shop in operation.

At twenty-four minutes past 1 o'clock P. M., on the 9th of August the first water gushed through the pipes on our quare and Dr. Bellamy desires to say hat he has just received and will coninue to keep through the Summer an abundant supply of Ice and at his "Reteat;" will dispense Ice Cold Soda Waer, drawn from our mountains, Ice ream and other delicacies and nic naes o please the palate.

The meetings of the Calhoun Greeley nd Brown Club so far have been largely ttended and the greatest interest maniested. Last Wednesday night the ourt house was brilliantly illuminated for the occasion. Good speeches were made and the evening was altogether very pleasantly spent. All young men in the county favorable to the election of Greeley and Brown are invited to become members of the Club. We will see to the enrollment of all names sent ns.

Our friend, Jno. D. Rowland, sauntered into the REPUBLICAN office one day this week, bearing in his hand a large bundle, which he said he had just taken out of the express office for us as he came by. Upon the bundle was a card and written thereon, in a hand which looked suspiciously like John's, was the following:

Per Greeley Express,

FOR L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

The fruit of Greeley's affection for GRANT (L. W.) *expressed. Save the seed!* In your note of acceptance, should you *Grant* it, I hope *peach* will be meant, but not *impeachment.*

GREELEYITE.

Yesterday the indefatigable Superintendent of our Water Works completed the connection between the mountain spring and the pipes already laid along the streets and soon the water was gushing from the hydrants on every corner of the square. The work would have been completed long ago, if Messrs. Wood & Co., Philadelphia, who contracted for the piping had supplied it as fast as it was laid. As it is, in a few days the water will be coursing through every street of our town. To-day the Fire Co. will throw water from the fire plugs with the hose which has just arrived. All honor to the gallant Mayor and the vigorous young Council who have pushed this project to completion.

INVITATION.—Dr. Bellamy desires to invite the Hon. Intendent and Members of Council and the Superintendent and Contractors of the Water Works to take from his Soda Fount some of the first water that gushed through the pipes served with ice and fruitsyrups. Come, gentlemen, at 3, p. m. Saturday.

Andrew Johnson addresses the people of Knoxville to-day on the political situation.

Murder.

William Williams, a colored man, came into our office a few days ago and recited the particulars of a fight, near White Plains, in which Mack and Harry, his sons, were severely cut by another colored man, George Teague. It seems that the colored people had them a dinner, at which a great many were present; that whiskey was on hand and drank by the parties to the affray; that George Teague, who had been absent from the neighborhood for a long time, returned on that day and indulged in threats against the parties stabbed, and that a general fight was the consequence with the result stated above. George Teague, it is said, escaped. One was cut through the arm and the other stabbed in the side, his intestines obtruding from the gaping wound. The latter died from his wound Sunday morning.

A party of gentlemen met in Oxford Saturday last and organized an Association to be known as the "Calhoun Co. Bee-Keepers' Association," with permanent officers as follows: W. R. Hanna, President; S. C. Williams, Vice-President; J. R. Graham, Ladiga Beat, Vice-President; R. R. King, Secretary. There will be one vice-president from each beat represented in the Association. The meetings of the Association will be held in Oxford on the first Saturday in each month. The admission fee is 25 cents. The subjects for discussion at the next meeting are as follows:

1. Will bee-keeping pay as a business?
2. What is the proper fall and winter management for bees?
3. Are Italian preferable to black bees?
4. What forms of hives are preferable?
5. Are honey extractors beneficial?

The State Ticket.

The entire Democratic and Conservative Press of the State is now unitedly engaged in an earnest support of our candidates. All symptoms of disaffection have entirely vanished. There is positively no disaffection towards the ticket in any part of the State, from the Tennessee river to the Gulf. The great and victorious party of 1870 are everywhere aroused with a resolution to prevent the Government of the State of Alabama from falling into the hands of the disreputable and profligate Radical rabble by which Alabama was so much degraded and nearly ruined during the period in which they held their corrupt and disgusting orgies in the Capitol. To the army of Democrats and Conservatives since the nominations of the Cincinnati and Baltimore Conventions, have come as friends, allies and comrades, so we trust, a large body of Conservative-Republicans who will increase our majorities for Greeley and Brown and our State ticket in the Fall, and share with us the patriotic fruits of the victory for Peace and for Freedom. Under these circumstances the State of Alabama will not speak, we are sure, with any doubtful voice.

It is now evident that an effort will be made again to reduce Alabama to one of the Radical Provinces under carpet-bagger domination. The two leaders of the Radical party in Alabama are Spencer, the white carpet-bag Senator, so well and unfavorably known to our people, and Rapier the prospective Congressional nominee for the Montgomery District and the editor of the principal Radical organ in the State. Rapier is the representative of the African element, being himself of that color and blood. The forces of Radicalism consisting of the white adherents of carpet-baggerism and of the Radical negro element, under the inspiration and with the support of the Grant Administration, are being marshalled for the coming conflict. Every white man who supports them on any pretext knows the relations in which he stands and his fate as well as we do. He is willing by joining such a party to sacrifice the best interests of his fellow-citizens for the chance of an office. Every white man who by indifference or unmanly or stupid apathy, allows such a party without all the resistance he can make, to take possession of Alabama, knows how he is imperiling his character, his property and all most dear to him. Should Radicalism be triumphant in the contest, he will again disastrously appreciate the fact that his State, his home and his family are involved in an atmosphere of malaria every breath of which is laden with moral death. He will find his property again covered with heavy taxation. He will again be dismayed by hearing that votes are bought and sold in the Legislature to the highest bidder for schemes in which adventures will speculate at their leisure upon the honor and credit of the State. He will again be liable to Ku-klux Assizes like those we witnessed here in Montgomery and to Martial Law Government, and witness the spectacle of citizens marching through our streets hand-cuffed on their way to Northern Penitentiaries. If any native white man or any decent black man whishes to escape the threatened dangers of the future under a renewed carpet-bag domination let him at once rally in the fore front of the party in favor of pure Government, and of the complete reconciliation of all sectional differences in the past. This is the only safe position.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The Duty of the Colored People.

In a recent letter of Honorable Charles Sumner, in response to a communication from some twenty-four colored men of Washington, in which letter he declares for Greeley and Brown, we find the following paragraph, which contains some sensible advice to the colored people:

Nor can I observe without regret the colored people in organized masses rsisting friendly overtures even to the extent of intimidating those who are the other way. It is for them to consider carefully whether they should not take advantage of the unexpected opening and recognize the bailbond given at Baltimore as assurance of peace, holding the parties to the full performance of its conditions, provided always their rights are fixed. I am sure it cannot be best for the colored people to band together in a hostile camp, provoking antagonism and keeping alive the separation of races. Above all, there must be no intimidation, but every voter must act freely without constraint from league or lodge. And much better will it be when the two political parties compete for your votes, each anxious for your support. Only then will that citizenship which you are entitled have its full fruits. Only then will there be that harmony which is essential to true civilization. The present position of the colored citizen is in peril. He is exposed to injurious pressure where he needs support. But I see no early extrication except in the way now proposed. Let him cut adrift from the managers who would wield him merely as a political force, with little regard to his own good, and bravely stand by the candidate who has stood by him. If the Democrats unite with them, so much the better. An association once begun must naturally ripen into common friendship and trust. I am for peace in reality as in name. From the bottom of my heart I am for peace. I welcome all that makes for peace. With deep-felt satisfaction I remember that no citizen that drew his sword against us has suffered by the hand of execution. In just association with this humanity will be the triumph of equal rights, with the promises of the great declaration all fulfilled, and our people united as never before in the enduring fellowship of a common citizenship. To this end there must be reconciliation, nor can I withhold my hand. Freely I accept the hand that is offered, and reach forth my own in friendly grasp. I am against the policy of hate. I am against fanning ancient flames into continued life. I am against raking in the ashes of the past for the coals. Pile up the ashes, extinguish the flames, abolish hate—such is my creed.

Extract from a Speech of H. Fannin Colored.

In his speech to the colored people in Eufaula, on last Saturday, Harry Fannin(colored)said:

"I do not solicit your votes for Greeley, because he will need them to insure his election. His election now is a fixed fact, without the votes of his colored friends. But what will the world say, when, after devoting forty of the best years of his life in aid of your emancipation, the first thing you do after he has succeeded in the great work of your deliverance, will be to desert him in his utmost need. I repeat, it is not to insure his election that I implore you to vote for him—but to vindicate my race from the charge of such black ingratitude, that I plead."

Senator Carpenter, in a speech recently delivered at Madison, Wisconsin, said: "We regard Greeley's nomination as a huge joke, and laugh at the idea of his election." It is no joke to-day, and Senator Carpenter will be pushed to find a point at which his laugh "will come in."

DISTRESSING AFFAIR.—Jimmy Scanlan, whose parents live just across the Etowah Bridge was shot last Tuesday night by Harry Wimpee. The following, as related to us, were the attending circumstances:

It is stated that young Wimpee some time since had a difficulty with some parties in the neighborhood and had some apprehension of being waylaid. On the above named night he was going along the road between the Cave Spring road and Cohen's Mill in company with Ben Eve. They heard from behind some bushes what appeared to be a human voice imitating the barking of a dog. Wimpee demanded two or three times "who was there," and receiving no answer, fired with a Navy Pistol into the thicket, and hit Scanlan just under the right eye and the ball lodged, it is supposed, under the right ear. It seems that Scanlan had seen the other boys coming and concealed himself for the sake of frightening them.—*Rome Courier.*

Maine, hitherto regarded as sure for the Grantites, now begins to afford them much uneasiness. The next election is in that State, and the most sanguine spirit seems now to inspire the Democrats and Liberal Republicans. Their union, it is now thought, may carry the State.

A Darkey's View of War.

An elderly darkey, with a very philosophical and retrospective cast of countenance, was squatting upon his bundle on the hurricane deck of one of the Western river steamers, toasting his shins against the chimney, and appearently plunged in a state of profound mediation. His dress and appearance indicated familiarity with camp life, and it being soon after the siege and capture of Fort Donelson, I was inclined to disturb his reveries, and on interrogation found that he had been with the Union forces at that place, when I questioned him further. His philosophy was so much in the Falstaffian vein that I will give his views in his own words as near as my memory serves me.

"Were you in the fight?"

"I had a little taste of it, sah."

"Stood your ground, did you?"

"No, sah, I runs."

"Run at the first fire, did you?"

"Yes, sah, and would have ran soonah had I know'd it was comin'."

"Why, that wasn't very creditable to your courage?"

"Dat isn't in my line, sah—cookin's my profession."

"Well, but have you no regard for your reputation?"

"Reputation! Nuffin to me by de side of life!"

"Do you consider your life worth more than other people's?"

"It's wuth more to me, sah."

"Then you must value it very highly."

"Yes, sah, I does; more dan all dis world; more dan a million of dollahs, sah; for what would dat be wuth to a man wid de bref out of him? Self preservation am the fust law wid me, sah."

"But why should you act on a different rule from other men?"

"Cause, sah, different men sets different value upon derselves; my life is not in de market."

"But if you lost it you would have the satisfaction of knowing that you died for you country."

"What satisfaction would dat be to me when de power of feelin' was gone?"

"Then patriotism and honor are nothing to you?"

"Nuffin whatever, sah,—I regard dem as among the vanities."

"If our soldiers were like you, traitors might have broken up the government without resistance."

"Yes, sah, der would hab been no help for it I wouldn't put my life in the scales against any gabernment dat eber existed, for no gabernment could replace the loss to me 'Spect, dough, dat de gabernment safe if da all like me."

"Do you think any of your company would have missed you if you had been killed?"

"May be not, sah. A dead white man ain't much to dese sogers, let alone a dead nigga; but I'd missed myself, and dat was de pint wid me."

It is safe to say that the corpse of that African will never darken the field of carnage.

No sooner is the revolution ended in Mexico, than a general amnesty has been proclaimed. In this country, the Grantites are opposed to a general amnesty, even at this post-revolutionary period.

There have been several conflicts in Cuba recently between the Royal troops and the insurgents, in all of which the latter have been victorious. The end of the contest seems as far off as it was a year ago. Spain had better part with the island while such a course is open to her. In the end a separation must take place.

General Grant will probably be worse beaten than any candidate since General Scott, in 1852.

A Western Grant paper, disgusted with the foolish boasting of the "Ring" journals in relation to the popularity of the President in that section, bluntly declares: "We cannot count on Iowa, Illinois or Wisconsin, unless something causes the Greeley movement to die out." No signs of dying out just now.

The Blakshear Georgian employs a regular poet. His latest is as follows:

"Hark from Bob Toombs ye angry sound—
Joe Brown, attend the cry—
No living man shall view the ground
Where they will shortly lie.

"For them there'll be no duel'd beds,
In spite of all their jowers—
Their tall, their wise, their reverend heads,
Are about as level as ours."

Hiram Green, esq., thinks "that the Grant organ's 'Good riddance to bad rubbish' cry at the loss of such men as Gen. Banks, Chief-Justice Chase. Horace Greeley, Lyman Trumbull, Carl Schurz, and Charles Sumner, is equal to the consolation felt by old Tommy Blinco when he lost both of his feet in a saw-mill. 'Wall,' said the old man, groaning with pain, 'it's a good thing they're gone, for somehow or other it did take a power o' money to keep the d—d things in shoe-leather."

Judge Davis denies the recent public assertion that he had disapproved of the Liberal movement. He will publish a letter in a few days, in which he will cordially indorse the nomination of Greeley and Brown.

General B. F. Butler made a speech in Milford, Massachusetts, in which he said "we want four years more of Grant's rule." The "we" who want it are just the fellows to make the people not want it.

The Greenville (Tenn.) scandal, which unpleasantly connected the names of Andrew Johnson and Mrs. Harold, causing the suicide of the latter, has got into the courts on a suit for libel, in which $10,000 damages are claimed.

MATAMORAS, August 4.—Private dipatches from Monterey of the 1st state that General Rocha is preparing to take the field against Trevino and Quiroga, who refuse to accept the amnesty proffered by the existing government. They oppose Lerdo de Tejada and Cabinet, and favor Diaz for President. Reliable information from Tula, Tamaulipas, to-day, confirms the former news from there, that the place is still in possession of the revolutionary party, who exact large sums of money from persons passing through, who in fact are buying their liberty.

Ex-Senator George E. Pugh, of Ohio has declared for Greeley and Brown, and informed the Chairman of the State Central Committee of that State, his services are at their command.

Cyrus King of Barre, 75 years old, has been a sufferer from a supposed disease of the stomach for the last 40 years; but last week he was relieved, being rid of a snake 15 inches long and three-eighths of an inch in diameter: and he is now recovering his health.

The Cuban privateer Pioneer, lying in the harbor of Newport, has been formally seized by the Government, and will be dismantled. Her commander, after protesting against the seizure, with true Spanish bravado, fired off one of the privateer's guns, nailed the Cuban flag to the mast, threw his sword overboard, and, with his crew, left the vessel in high dudgeon.

LOOK

Here.

I NEED Greenbacks.

SHALL I CALL

IN

VAIN?

Forbid it ALL who OWE ME.
Come QUICKLY and SEE,
E. L. WOODWARD.

aug10,1872—tf

A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING & MINERAL LAND IN AMERICA.

3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
THE
GARDEN OF THE WEST,
Now for Sale!

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
The Best Locations for Colonies.
SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land.

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS.
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

FANNING' PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.

Recommended by leading physicians! Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.

WORCHESTER SKIRT CO
Sole Manufacturers,
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$1,000
Reward!

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Bing's PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at any thing else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers,* Portland, Me.

U.S. Piano Co. N. Y. Price $290 No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY. Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL RANKS are not desirable; therefore, keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir SOZODONT. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Cold, &c. in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Mild, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &, in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The material of which they are reconstructed is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, arising from depravation of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co., New York

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleedless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

The cause of Temperance finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called 'tonics' and 'appetizers,' made of cheap whisky and refuse liquors, doctored up to suit depraved appetites, under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and unrivalled remedy.

Time and enlightened experience have shown that certain sebsances formerly used and relied on in medical practice, are unnecessary and dangerous; yet some of these substances have found their way into medical compounds. Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters, however, contain nothing injurious, being composed exclusively of vegetable substances from California. For all disorders of the liver, kidneys, bladder, skin, and digestive organs, and for purifying the blood, they are the most wonderful remedy known.

DR. O. S. PROFITT'S
ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.
NEVER FAILING!
KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

CURES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Disease, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Frost Bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. ☞Of all

PAIN KILL IT:

the Remedies ever discovered for the relief of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralize or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful—Relief is Instantaneous. Its is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth

Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

W. C. LAND,

The oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have *any part or parts of good watches* made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.

nov11 1871—tf.

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MISS E. LOCKETT, English Branches.
MRS. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Music.
MISS E. T. BECK, Drawing & Painting.

The exercises of this INSTITUTUTE will be resumed Monday, September 2nd, 1872.

For further particulars or circular apply to the Principal, or to any of the Trustees.

J. K. ARMSTRONG,
Principal.

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots or Shoes from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy WhiteGoodsNotions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buyingyuro Goods.

He means what he says.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, July 29th, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John A. Fleming, as the Guardian of Mary C. Whiteside, Wm. Mc. Whiteside, Emma T. Whiteside and Martha V. Whiteside minor heirs of J. A. Whiteside, dec. this day filed in said court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August, 1872 is set for the making of said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, July 29, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John M. Bagley, Adm'r with will annexed of the estate of Wm. Miller; dec'd this day filed his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August next, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, July 16th, 1872.

THIS day came Josiah Hawkins & E. C. Brock and filed in court their written petition representing that they are the Sureties on the Administration Bond of L. P. Hawkins as Administrator of the Estate of David Hawkins late of said county, deceased. That the said L. P. Hawkins has left the State of Alabama and is now a non-resident of said State of Alabama. They further pray that such proceedings be had in said court as shall be necessary to reserve the said L. P. Hawkins from said Administration and revoke his letters as Administrator of said Estate. The premises considered. It is ordered by the court that the 17th day of August next be set to hear and determine said petition and *that notice thereof be given by publication* in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the said L. P. Hawkins, Adm'r as aforesaid to be and apper at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 17th day of August next and defend against said petition and application if he thinks proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Manhood:
How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically.*

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid,* on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,586.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Savage & De Rochemont, Attorneys at Law, Oxford, Ala., is hereby dissolved.

JAS. H. SAVAGE,

July 27, 1872.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will *bring on the Menses*; all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, GA., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what ti is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, REV. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other certificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.
OPEN JUNE 15th, 1872.

The proprietor offers additional attractions this season New, elegant, and spacious Drawing and Ball Rooms, beautiful lawns, exquisite air and scenery, while, the waters of these *special springs* invariably relieve Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia and Diarrhœa, and are for sale by leading Druggists everywhers Readily accessible via Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad. Stop at Goshen Depot, where coaches will be in waiting. Pamphlets on application. JAS. A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

The Election Law Unconstitutional.

[From the Montgomery Advance.]

Below we publish a decision of the Supreme Court of this state, which declares the election law passed at the last session of the Legislature, unconstitutional.—John Moody had been indicted for some violation of this law and the case came before the Supreme Court on an appeal from the City Court of Mobile. The elections hereafter will be held under the law as it existed before the passage of the last law. All officers elected under the new law are *functus officio*. Here is the decision:

Div., No.— .—John Moody vs. The State. Appeal from Mobile City Court.
Peck, C. J.

Held 1st. The journals of the two houses of the General Assembly are public records, of which the courts will take *judicial notice*, and if it appears from said journals, that an act was passed according to the forms of the constitution, it will be declared to have the force of the law.

2. *When a bill originates* in one house of the General Assembly, and is there passed and sent to the other House and is there materially amended, and said amendments concurred in by the house in which it originated, but when prepared for the signature of the presiding officers of the two houses the said amendments are omitted, and it is signed by the presiding officers and approved by the Governor without said amendments, such bill does not acquire the force of law, and as an act of the Legislature is wholly void.

3 The Act entitled "an act to regulate elections in the State of Alabama," approved the 20th of February, 1872, as the same is published in the book of Acts of 1871 and 1872, p. 15, never acquired the force of law as a constitutional enactment of the General Assembly of this State.—The said Act, as published, was never passed by the two Houses of the General Assembly, and is therefore, without any validity as a law of this State, and imposes no legal obligation on anybody.

4. The bill, having the same title, which passed the two Houses was never signed by the presiding officers of the two Houses, and was never submitted to the Governor for his approval, and for these reasons never acquired the force of law.

Reversed and defendant discharged.

GOOD SENSE AT COLUMBUS.

"We are told," said Gen. Thomas Ewing, in his speech the other night at Columbus, "that Mr. Greeley has abused the Democracy without measure. Giving him credit for sincerity then as now, I would rather support this outspoken, honest, and earnest man, with all his past hostility to the Democracy, than any statesman who from motives of self-expediency stood a dumb spectator of the great conflict, and therefore said no hard "things to be quoted." This is sensible as well as manly. What a wretched world this would be if enemies could never become friends, and an honest fight could never be followed by a frank and hearty reconciliation. When Mr. Greeley was waging war against the principles of the Democratic party, he was, as Gen. Ewing says, always in the thickest of the fight. He never concealed his sentiments, and the bitterest of his adversaries, we belive, never accused him of hypocrisy. And if he said hard things of the Democrats, they said things quite as hard of him. But in the course of history we have reached a time when Mr. Greeley and the Democracy can agree. Neither sacrifices principle; but the old issues are settled: the ends which Mr. Greeley sought to accomplish, the overthrow of Slavery and establishment of equal rights, are already secured; the Democratic party accepts the result; what reason is there then why these old adversaries should not be at peace? There is no plank in the Cincinnati platform which both cannot honorably and consistently adopt.

But reconciliation is something which the Grant Republicans cannot understand. They made a collection of Mr. Greeley's sharp sayings against the Democracy of former years, and sent it to the Baltimore Convention. As if the Convention cared! Let the dead past bury its dead; the duties of the new party are with the present and the future; its first and noblest task is to heal the wounds of the war, and allay the sectional animosities which the Administration is doing so much to aggravate and prolong.—*New York Tribune.*

The English representatives at the Geneva Conference have presented a supplementary case, in which they claim that England faithfully executed her laws in connection with the Confederate cruisers. The American agents rejoin to the effect that the question cannot be judged from a mere legal standpoint of English law, and say that England's liability arises principally from her non-fulfilment of the maxims of international law.

Venerable Victims of Old Rye

The Rev. Mr. Talbot a clergyman of some reputation in the western part of Pennsylvania, was a good hater of cant. Born and reared a farmer, he took to the church as a matter of choice, and without doubt his sincerity was the electrical effect by which he produced so many converts from the ways that are dark.

Dr. Talbot was without doubt always an original wit, and, when the purpose served him, a cynic. On returning to his former home at one time, his neighbors, having heard of his fame as a "sower of gospel," assembed to meet him, and one sanctimonious fellow, who carried a whining air about him on all occassions, was one of the first to come fawning about Mr. Talbot.

"By the way," said the clergyman, "what has become of old Smithers?"

"Dead," said Uriah Heap, with a groan.

"Dead?"

"Yes—whisky killed him."

"How old was he?"

"Seventy-four."

"Unfortunate man. And old Slater?"

"Dead," another groan.

"Poor old Slater. What die of?"

"Whisky."

"How old was he?"

"Eighty-one."

"Deluded wretch! And Daddy Wood?"

"He, too, has gone the way of all flesh. He drank himself to death when he should have been thinking of the future world. He was eighty-five, and even with the grave——"

"I say, brother," said Mr. T., with a quiet laugh in his eye, "can you tell me where I can get a hogshead of that same liquor?"

A Pleasant Reunion.

The members of the Eighth Alabama Regiment Associatiation held their regular monthly meeting on Thursday night last. The meeting is described as having been conducted with perfect harmony—good will, cordiality and fellowship, characterizing the entire proceedings. Quite a number were admitted to membership, and several are expected to tender their applications at the next meeting. We took occasion some weeks ago to allude to the nature and origin of this society, and, since that time, it has increased so much in popularity, that several represenatives of other gallant Alabama regiments have manifested a desire to unite with it, in response to which a favorable resolution has been offered, and is now under consideration, many of the members being inclined to extend the privileges of the organization to those veterans, who like themselves, were tutored in camp and on the field of battle.

Mobile Tribune.

The Huntington (Pa.) *Globe*, an old Republican paper, has lowered the Grant and Wilson flag, and now displays the names of Greeley and Brown. Huntington is the home of Senator Scott.

Dr. P. P. Linder has paid his *subscription* to the *Jacksonville Republican* for 2½ years in advance. We mean by this to do our part in giving Dr. L's name to posterity.

Hayneville Examiner.

The motion for a new trial in the case of Mrs. Clem, the Indiana murderess, has been overruled, and the prisoner again sentenced to the penitentiary for life. The Court decided to allow her a respite of forty days in jail before being removed to the State Prison.

The melancholic days have come in the Departments at Washington. The clerks, high and low, are daily and almost hourly, importuned for money wherewith to meet the expenses of the hopeless struggle now being urged by Grantism against Honesty and Reform. "Your stamps or your removal" is now the war cry.

Gov. Vance, of N. C., in one of his speeches lately, said that he had it from undoubted authority that the supreme court of the U. S. had decided that the enforcement act of congress was unconstitutional, but were withholding the decision so as to allow Grant to have the benefit of the infamous act in the approaching election. To this has Grant's reign brought the country. Corruption has crept into every branch of the government.

"Gen. Geo. E. Spencer has traveled extensively throughout the country, and reports Grant in the lead."—*Huntsville Republican.*

As "the sainted Lincoln" used to say, "this reminds us of a little anecdote:" A backwoods hunter was out wolfhunting and coming up to a woodsman felling trees in the forest, enquired: "Stranger, have you seen a dog and a wolf passing here?" "Yes." "Well, how were they making it?" "It was nip and tuck, and the dog was aleetle ahead." Grant is running like "a skeered dog," with a wolf after him, and is making tracks away from the White House.

Huntsville Democrat.

The *Staats Zeitung* of New York City, the most influential German paper in the East, has come out squarely for Greeley and Brown.

F. J. BARNARD & Co.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS,

PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.

No. 11. North Water Street,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞ This House was established in the year 1842.

sep16—6m.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00.
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,

aug12—71.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Scarbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.

A. WOODS, Judge
of Probate

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE

TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

Jan27 1872—1y.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell *very cheap*

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO

Feb24 1872—tf.

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricaural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas,
Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb. bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE

BETWEEN

JACKSONVILLE

AND

RICHMOND, NORFOLK,

BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA,

Boston & New York,

BY THE

Virginia and Tennessee

Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "Virginia and Tennessee Line," the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route; rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from *Norfolk, Boston*, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

☞NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON,—	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street.
BALTIMORE, 154 West Baltimore St
PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St.
RICHMOND, 1325 Main St.

C. E. EVANS,

General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York.

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to this market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where wil be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranted. June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

112 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

—o—

Keeps alway on land a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,

Engravings, Photographs, Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Photograph Albums, Chromos, Square and Oval Picture Frames, Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

—o—

WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

—o—

☞ New and Second Hand PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

Apr13 1872—td.

Jno. M. Carroll. Jno. B. McCain.

CARROLL & McCAIN,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Notions, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

JACKSONVILLE, Alabama.

july13 1872.

ATTENTION!!

AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least

Thirty Days Rations

on hand. To procure these cheap you should

Come Well Armed

with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always

Ready

to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his

Aim

to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither

Fire,

floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.

Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.

L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Apr20 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.

—o—

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope houlder spoke is used; they are weranted to give satisfaction in every case.

—o—

W. B. GILL

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)
CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of
Carriages Rockaways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches
BAROUCHES, HARNESS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Peramabutators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c. ☞ Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama. Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Deguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.

May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,
Oxford Ala.,
S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

THE GREAT TONIC OF THE AGE.

DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS

Cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Nervousness, Chills, Biliousness, & all Stomach Diseases,

WARE & SCHMITZ, Philadelphia, Proprietors of DR. FISCH'S FOOD CURE BITTERS.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Squar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor*

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. Johnson,
J. N. Hood,
J. N. Hood, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machines. If so, you want the best! And that is the

Improved

WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) and would be pleased to sell to any one in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only requires 17½ cents per day, for 17 or 19 months, to pay for one. Price, $90 and $100, on a credit of 17 and 19 months, respectively, notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months, without interest, for the $90 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address

S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

East Alabama

LAND AGENCY,

—o—o—

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Offi

No. 4. OFFICE ROW,

JACKSONVILLE A

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent REAL ESTATE in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.
B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys.
Inflammation of the Bladder.
Inflammation of the Bowels.
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing.
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria.
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The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

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Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

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Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

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Sep 23, 1871—1y

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VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., AUG. 17, 1872. WHOLE NO 1844

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WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of e 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of lhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah d Cherokee, and the Supreme court of e State.
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April 13 1872 1y.

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Feb17 1872—1y.

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Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,
HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.
He can be found at his office in Green & Ledbetter's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

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Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

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Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
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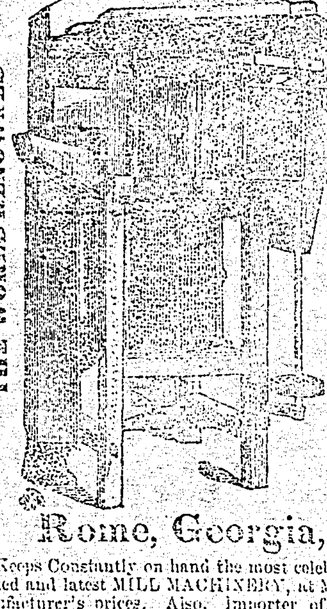

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We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
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MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
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TOMBS, HEADSTONES,
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Of the finest
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Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.
The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kept in a
Family Grocery
low for Cash or its equivolent.
I have also a fine assortment of
LIQUORS
OF ALL KINDS
ot sell at wholesale.
A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

Correspondence of the Republican.

WHITE CLIFF SPRINGS,
Monroe Co., E. Tenn.,
August 8th, 1872.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN—*Dear Sir:* After leaving Jacksonville at 5 o'clock last Monday evening, I arrived at Athens, Tennessee, about midnight of same day. Next morning at 9 o'clock I found in waiting a very neat, convenient and agreeable conveyance, the carriage of Col. J. A. Peck, the proprietor of the Hotel at this place, in which I took passage, arriving about 4 o'clock in the evening.

The number of visitors to the Springs here this season is not as great as it was last season when you were here; and I presume the same remark would be true, owing to the same causes, of most of the watering places of Alabama, Tennessee and Virginia. Prominent among these causes might be named, the hardness of the times, healthfulness of the season, and importance of business and political engagements. Another difference between this season and the last, seems to be, that a greater number are disposed to board at the hotel in preference to keeping house. I do not wonder at this, taking into consideration the large, commodious and conveniently arranged hotel, and the universal and well deserved popularity of the proprietor, Col. J. A. Peck, and his excellent and accomplished lady. I have never seen a set of boarders better pleased with a hotel in all its appointments and accommodations; and in fact no one who could be pleased at all, could well be otherwise. Those who are invalids too, appear to be as well satisfied as ever of the medicinal virtues of the mineral waters, and the healthful influence of the pure and bracing mountain atmosphere.

I found the crops on the entire route about as they are in Calhoun. I learn that they continue good up to Knoxville. From a short distance above there they have been injured by a disastrous drought as far up as Bristol, Tennessee.

The first political clarion note that I heard sounded out clear and strong, after crossing the line of Georgia into Tennessee, was in a conversation between some Tennesseeans, in which [illegible] thousand Democratic majority was claimed and conceded, and some persons claim considerably more. When questioned as to Alabama, I have invariably answered, that Alabama, unassisted, in a single fort in 1870, freed herself of two-thirds of the shackles of Radicalism, and that in the next November election, at a single bound, she would clear the outer wall. Whoever heard of a people who had freed themselves in whole or in part of the corrupt & debasing influence of Radical rule, voluntarily returning to its foul embrace? It cannot and will not be so in the case of Alabama. I hear of no Democrat here refusing or hesitating to vote for Greeley, because of his abolition antecedents. They all support him cheerfully and heartily, as the best and truest friend of the South that could possibly have been selected. I earnestly hope and believe that the few extreme Democrats in our State who have expressed an indisposition to support Greeley, will reconsider the question before the election. I am sure they will not go over to our most deadly political enemies; and if not, they will not surely aid them to the extent of half a vote by non-action. They trave in the excess of Democratic zeal, fallen partially overboard, by walking backwards from what they considered the contaminating touch of Liberal Republicans. Throw out every rope, and send out every lifeboat, MR. REPUBLICAN. They have fought with us too long, and too noble and too gallantly on the old Democratic ship, not only in the smoothe harbor of peace and prosperity, but also when tossed on the billows of war, and afterwards scathed by the lightnings of Radical fraud, corruption and oppression; and we love them too well to see them willingly commit political suicide, or aid their deadly enemies by non-action. Enemies who have not only deprived them of rights and privileges dear to freemen, but imprisoned and punished them for alleged crimes of which they were innocent. Depend upon it, that when once more aboard of the old Democratic ship, with the glorious banner of victory flying, they will not ask whether the rope was thrown on the lifeboat launched by a Liberal Republican or Democrat.

You will remember that in 1869, I wrote you a letter from this very point, a week or ten days before the election in which I predicted a Democratic majority of forty thousand. If I am not mistaken, the majority proved to be over that. That victory was obtained by a union of Liberal Republicans and Democrats. Similar ones have since been gained in Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri; *and next November* a greater victory will be achieved not only in Alabama, but all over this the greatest nation of the earth.

I will write you again if any thing of interest occurs before my return home.

J. F. G.

* * *

The public debt of Texas is $326,233,000.

Great Speech of Hon. Ben. H. Hill.

We lay before our readers an extract from the great speech of Hon. B. H. Hill, of Georgia, recently delivered in Atlanta:

* * * * * *

But, what shall Baltimore do? Shall she nominate the ticket? Fellow citizens, I confess to you frankly that this question has given me much trouble. I do not know that any question for solution has been submitted to my mind, to which I have given more serious and earnest consideration. I have endeavored to look at it in every light possible. I have endeavored to exercise upon it clear, cool, dispassionate reason; suppressing my feelings, for I confess to you if I allowed my prejudices and my feelings to take possession of my judgment, I would every hour of my life pray God to spare me to the day that I could gather this whole record of reconstruction infamy into one pile and make one bon fire of it. But hush! hush! You and I have been taught by bitter experience to submit to many things that were not agreeable, and we now have to submit to many more. We must obey the law. We must obey what the court declares to be law. We have no right to set up our judgment as the only standard of our action whether we approve or not. Therefore I am perfectly willing to gather secession, the war and reconstruction into one triune bundle of infamy, and bury them out of sight forever. But my reason brings me to the conclusion that the Baltimore Convention ought and will accomplish most good by co-operating with the Cincinnati movement. [Applause.] If I could have had the construction of the platform, I would have made it in some respects different. If I could have had the nomination of the candidates, I certainly would have made them different. If the Democratic party could muster all its forces, I might be willing to see them make an independent nomination. I wish it could be done, and done successfully, and if it shall turn out that it can be done, no man will rejoice more earnestly than myself. But I will proceed to give my reasons why I think we had better co-operate with Cincinnati.

Mr. Greeley has said and done many things which I need not tell you I do not approve, but Mr. Greeley has always been in favor of one policy which relieves me of the most vital objection to his support. He never [illegible] approved [illegible] reconstruction policy which [illegible] ed the virtue and intelligence of the South and enfranchised the ignorance and vice of the South. [Applause.] He has stood [illegible] one of the [illegible] construction policy. [illegible] the main reason why I never could, I never can, and never will, while [illegible] gives me grace to [illegible] a Southern man and a [illegible] approve those measures, [illegible] effect my honor, because [illegible] Southern people to give their [illegible] validity by their own consent, [illegible] to consent to a policy which [illegible] the white men of the South [illegible] ing that the masters should be in chains while their slaves should be unfettered to rob them. [Applause.] That is why I never could and never can indorse that policy. As I said before, in 1867 and in 1868, when all of you concurred with me, I do not and did not propose to resist the United States, nor anything they might do. I said all that then, when Congress passed outside of the constitution to oppress the Southern people, when the members of that body trampled upon their own oaths to gratify their feelings of vengeance against the Southern people, and asked the Southern people to give validity to that action by their consent, I said to Gen. Grant and I said to Gen. Pope, and I thank God that I said it, that I would take anything—death, confiscation, exile, martyrdom—but consent to that infamy, never! [Applause.] Now, Mr. Greeley comes to our relief upon that point. Though acting with the Republican party, he, from the beginning, protested against these features of the policy. Therefore I don't, nor do you, violate that principle of honor that we should ever hold dear, by supporting Mr. Greeley. That I put foremost as the first reason why I am willing to vote for him. There is another reason why I like Mr. Greeley. He has never been what is called a partisan; and an independent thinker, I think, has the greatest honesty. I pity any man when I see a man get up before an audience and talk about building up a party. You must use party to accomplish a good purpose. You must act harmoniously with your party, but when it comes to thought, be independent. Independence of thought and harmony in action is the business of all who associate in party movements. Now to the history of Mr. Greeley.

Why, I remember before the war he defied his party in the very hour of its fanaticism, and boldly declared that if the Southern people desired to secede, they had the right to do so. But, said the gentleman, after the war began he prosecuted the war. That is true. Can you object to that? Mr. Greeley honestly thought that the Southern States had a right to secede. But when the North waged war anyhow, and the South waged war also, why, Mr. Greeley joined his own side. Well, I opposed secession, and a great many other gentlemen opposed secession, but when our States seceded we went with the States through the war. [Applause.] Now, if you quarrel with Mr. Greeley for going with his States, you must proscribe me for the same reason. I would go with it again under the same circumstances. [Applause.] I have nothing to take back nor apologize for upon that subject. The only difference between us is, that he happened to be on that side and I on this. That is all. But Mr. Greeley was against the whole party on the subject of peace. There was no day of the war that he was not willing to negotiate upon the subject of peace, on terms honorable to both parties. Some represent Greeley as a vindictive man; but it is not true.

I call to mind that at one time, when the Confederate government sent commissioners around to Canada to open negotiations with Western Democrats. Our commissioners were there, and, so far as I know, or believe, or remember, Horace Greeley was the only man in the North—Democrat or Republican—that had the courage to go to Canada and have friendly communication with our people. [Applause.] Even the Democrats of the North refused to entertain propositions from us, or to treat with us. Horace Greeley was the only man that defied his party and acted upon his confidence as a patriot, and went there ready to enter into terms of peace consistent with the honor of both sections on the basis of preserving the Union. [Applause.]

After the war terminated, and our flag was furled and our noble chief, than whom no people ever had nobler, was a prisoner in chains, and the blood-hounds of the North were after his blood, he exhibited the highest moral courage. As I walked through the streets of New York, myself a prisoner, the first time I ever saw the city, I saw streaming from all their public buildings humiliating pictures of Jefferson Davis, in women's clothes and in chains; I heard their savage cries for blood. The first sound that saluted my ears when I entered the dungeon was the miserable jailor saying: "You ought to feel honored because you occupy a dungeon in which I had prepared to chain Jeff Davis." I replied to him: "I do feel honored, and if you had chained him, a criminal would have chained a patriot." [Applause.] Soon after Mr. Lincoln's unfortunate assassination, when passions were inflamed as I never saw them among any people, it was then that this man Horace Greeley defied his party alone and went to Richmond and dared become the surety of this man, and did it. [Great applause.] Because of the manhood, because of the moral courage it exhibits, that is why I admire it." "Why," says the gentleman, "he deserves no more credit than Gen. Grant, who threatened, if Gen. Lee was molested he would resign his commission." Why, my friends, don't you see the vast difference betwixt the two? *Grant did that as a soldier.* That was the condition on which Lee surrendered—that he was not to be disturbed. Grant was under a solemn pledge to protect Gen. Lee. He would have been false to his honor as a soldier if he had not done so. But Mr. Greeley had given no pledge to Jeff Davis. His act was a voluntary act. His act was not done for the purpose of redeeming a pledge, but to illustrate a principle. [Applause.]

I am not saying these things to pronounce a eulogy on Mr. Greeley, but I love independence and moral courage. In [illegible] that is yielding, [illegible] to the opinion of others, but when it comes to the [illegible] manliness, then [illegible] [illegible] to vote for Mr. Greeley.

I am willing to co-operate with this Cincinnati movement for another reason, [illegible] I believe it [illegible], as evidenced by the good it has already accomplished. Now, fellow-citizens, I want to call your attention to the fact this very move has already accomplished three important things. In the first place it has accomplished a large amnesty. The Republican party has refused to pass the bill removing the disabilities from Southern people at all. It had come up over and over again. They had managed to vote it down. Greeley had always advocated it. When the Cincinnati Convention met and passed resolutions demanding it, and Grant's party saw that the issue would be joined upon that subject, they promptly passed the bill, and thus disabilities were removed from all but a few of our Southern people.

My distinguished friend said last night that he was an outlaw, and that it was an outrage. Horace Greeley says it is an outrage. Horace Greeley always said so. [Applause.] The nomination has stricken the fetters from my limbs. The election of Horace Greeley will strike the fetters from yours (pointing to Gen. Toombs.) [Applause.]

Another good thing that this move has accomplished is this. The most dangerous bill, in my opinion, ever attempted for the purpose of centralizing the American government, is known as what is called the "force bill"—the "bayonet bill," by which the Federal government through its own officers, take charge of the election precincts of the country throughout the nation. I saw the infamy of this measure. I made a visit to New York expressly to beg the people, the authorities of New York, when the experiment was first attempted upon that State, to resist it, and it was the passage of that measure as one of the outrages that preceded and gave rise to this new departure. When that measure was passed, it then only applied to a few large towns. General Grant tried the experiment of enforcing that measure upon New York. My own opinion was, and the opinion of the leading Democrats was, that if New York submitted to that interference with State elections, that the Republican party would enlarge its powers, and by 1872 would have a bill passed which would authorize Gen. Grant to take the control of all the precincts and declare the election as he pleased. Sure enough, and 1870 and 1871 an amendatory bill was introduced and passed enlarging the powers of the President upon that subject; and during the last session of Congress a bill was introduced to give the President authority to take possession of every election precinct in the United States. How was that move defeated? It was not altogether defeated; a hard struggle ensued. It was modified, and the most of its odious features were stricken out; and now, the President instead of the right to arrest and imprison voters, without privilege of *habeas corpus* till the election is over, has no right but simply to allow men to go and look on and make report. How was that accomplished? *By a coalition—a combination of the Democracy and the Liberal Republicans.* That victory was won and that iniquity was defeated [applause], and I consider one of the greatest victories won. Fellow citizens, I congratulate you. His chief machinery the great engine which was to be put in the hands of Gen. Grant during the pending election, by which he would be enabled to control it, has been defeated by the management, by the combination, by the coalition, if you please, of the Greeley men and Democrats. Oh, in the face of such a patent, such a glorious truth, how I could look with utter contempt upon the poor creature that, hyena-like, could go back into the fair records of this patriot and dig up some little things to object to. I feel that this move has accomplished much for you and me. Now I don't believe the Democratic party could have done that, because Grant was willing to resist to the last that party alone, but General Grant and his party could not resist Greeley and the Cincinnati Convention united in this work. The third thing to which I allude as accomplished by this move is this: You remember that at the last session of Congress a bill was passed authorizing the suspension of *habeas corpus*, and the bill was to be in force till the adjournment of the present session. Prior to the adjournment, that party, the Republican party, brought forward a *move for the purpose of continuing* that act of force, and it was a most dangerous blow at the liberties of the people. Even the bayonet bill would be shorn of some of its power by the defeat of the suspension of *habeas corpus*; but when the President had the right to arrest a voter, right at the polls, and imprison him until after the election, you see what the consequences would be. Well, my friends, when the Republicans brought foward the bill to prolong the power, again the Democrats and Greeley men united and defeated it. And thus to this move it is owing that you and I today—*to-night—need* no longer dread martial law. Martial law has been threatened upon this State several times, as it has been actually enforced in North Carolina and South Carolina. Their *citizens have been in chains in the time* of peace with this writ suspended, and marched off to Northern prison for imprisonment. Thank God, this can no longer be. Grant has no longer power to take away the liberty of the people by the suppression of the writ of *habeas corpus* than you and I have; and that glorious result is attributable to the combination of the Democrats and Greeley Republicans. [Applause.] Now, these are the three things—amnesty, the modification of the bayonet bill, and the restoration of the writ of *habeas corpus*. These three things alone are worth the Cincinnati movement and are enough to inspire the great and noble with gratitude for the accomplishment of it. [Applause.] Therefore, as this much good has already been done, I argue from that that much other good may be done, and will be done.

There is another reason why I am willing to support the Cincinnati movement if the Baltimore Convention shall order it, and that is this: That Mr. Greeley has [illegible] of being [illegible] Democratic voters, [illegible] should be elected, [illegible] will have [illegible] into the [illegible] a majority of [illegible] in that body a majority of Democrats, the President [illegible]

[Illegible]—that is a strong point.]

[NOTE BY THE REPORTER.—This address was frequently and heartily received and applauded. Gen. Toombs several times manifested approval during its delivery, and at the conclusion, being called for, arose and said:

"You have heard one of the most eloquent, one of the grandest addresses that you will ever hear in favor of Mr. Greeley. He is entitled to the thanks of the country. Go home and consider it. I am against Greeley, but at the same time you have the best of the case on his side, and I call for three cheers for Mr. Hill."]

* * *

HON. JEREMIAH S. BLACK.

Interesting Letter on the Political Situation—The Democracy and Horace Greeley—Argument in Favor of the Baltimore Ticket.

On the 29th of July, the Hon. W. H. Welsh, formerly of Pennsylvania, but *now one of the editors and proprietors of The Baltimore Gazette*, addressed a letter to Judge Black, stating that his name had been used to promote the interests of the Grant faction, and suggested an *expression of his views and opinions* on the Presidential contest. To this letter Judge Black replies as follows:

To William H. Welsh, Esq., Editor of The Baltimore Gazette:

MY DEAR SIR:—I promised the gentleman who delivered your letter that I would answer it fully and as soon as I could consistently with other engagements.

I admit that the next President must be Grant or Greeley. The circumstances of the *political situation* limit our choice to these two men, as strictly if nobody else were legally elligible. We must weigh them against one another, and, like practical men, decide the case *before us in favor of the best.* Even if we find no *good* in either of them, we must take that one who shall appear to be *least bad.*

It is undeniable that the leading measures *of this administration are not* only unconstitutional, but anti-constitutional, showing not merely a contemptuous indifference to constitutional obligations, but a settled hostility to those rights of the States, and *those liberties* of the people which the organic law was made to secure. The President's appointment of officers and his general exercise of public authority, under the influence of men who paid him large sums of money, are scandalous outrages, and the effort to defend them has, combined with other like causes, to extinguish among his subordinates all respect for those rules of morality which used to be held sacred. When we consider what these men have done in the North, and add to it the large-handed robberies perpetrated in the South by the retainers of the President, with his direct aid and assistance, we are compelled to acknowledge that no other government now in the world is administered so entirely for personal and partisan purposes, or in such complete disregard for the rights and interests of the general public. This demoralization is not confined to the Executive branch, the tide of corruption rolls in the Legislature, and in some places it has risen high enough to touch the feet of the judiciary. Even the rank and file of the President's party have become debauched, let us hope not altogether, but certainly in a fearful degree. Acts which in former times a hardened criminal would hesitate to whisper in the ear of his accomplice can now be openly advocated by a political leader, not only with safety, but with a tolerable chance of being sustained by a sort of public opinion. That love of liberty and justice which used to pervade the whole community now "reneges all temper," and yields without resistance to the unprincipled demagogues who would enthrone fraud.

"Make the hoar leprosy adored; place thieves,
And give them title, knee and approbation,
With Senators on the bench."

If General Grant had been equal in mind and heart to the exigencies of the times, he could easily have made himself a great public benefactor. He might have purified official and political morals by simply setting the example in his own person of a clean-handed devotion to duty. His obedience to the laws would have restored them to universal supremacy. All the objects of the Constitution as recited in the preamble would have been accomplished but for the obstructions with which he himself impeded them. Unfortunately the interests of *certain rings* were in conflict with the interests of the country, and they, by large presents, seduced him into their service. The public contracted to give him the salary which his predecessors had been content with; the rings offered him *more*; he accepted their bounty, fell over to them, and took the government into his hands as "a Black Republican job."

Now, as to Greeley. It cannot be pretended that his political life is very symmerical. He was in the ranks of the Radical abolitionists for a good many years. That is bad: for such associations would have a natural tendency to debase him. But we must not forget that though he was *with* them, he was not always *of* them. He refused to be a partaker in their worst iniquities; he had none of their diabolical hatred for the Constitution; he did not lend his lips to their ribald blasphemies, and his feet were never swift in running to shed innocent blood. Before the great conflict began, his opposition to the designs of the Abolitionists against the Federal and State governments impelled him to the opposite heresy of the secessionists. Like the Roman father who killed his daughter to save her from a worse fate, he chose to destroy the government rather than see it dishonored and violated by lawless force. When war was flagrant, he provoked the extremest rage of his associates by exerting himself for a peace which would have left all the people in possession of their constitution liberties. After the close of the contest, he was the advocate of regular and legal, as well as honest government for all parts of the country. I have good authority for saying that he never gave his approval to any form of kidnapping or murder, by military commission. In short, although he did join the Abolitionists in their "devil's dance," he never learned to keep step with his partners, and we all know that when he could not stop it he *left it, and denounced it with becoming* indignation.

On another point he ought to have credit. The friends of religious freedom owe him an old debt of gratitude for the zeal and ability with which he resisted the church-burners when banded together in the secret lodges of the Know Nothing order. It is but reasonable to believe that his opposition saved the *country from the great danger* it was once in of being subjugated by that infamous organization.

He has often been accused of complicity in cheats of one kind or another, but in every case he has triumphantly refuted the charges. For this, and for other reasons, I conclude that his *personal integrity is without a stain.*

He has many times spoken of the Democratic party and its most honored *members in harsh and abusive terms.* These are faults of manner, and of temper, which, when mended, are always pardoned. We will not permit our judgment to be disturbed by considerations *so trifling as this.*

I have looked into his past history only to ascertain what he is now, and *what he is likely to be in the future.* I am bound to care nothing for his "antecedents," except as they furnish the means of estimating his character. I think I have found out with reasonable *certainty how far we may confide in him.* I devoutly believe that if chosen President he will keep his oath, preserve the Constitution inviolate, execute the laws faithfully, restore the States to *their rightful autonomy, protect* individual liberty by jury trial & *habeas corpus*, put the military in proper subordination to the civil authority, use neither force nor fraud to cary elections, keep his hands clean *from corrupting gifts*, set his face like a flint against all manner of financial dishonesty, purify the administration of justice as much as in him lies, maintain the public credit by a prompt *discharge of all just obligations*, economize the revenue and lighten taxation, give to capital the right which belongs to it, and at the same time see that labor is not robbed of its earnings. He will certainly hold his *power of appointment* as a public trust, and not as a part of his personal possession to be used for the support of his family, or to encourage the private liberality of his friends. He will, so far as he can without transgressing the limits of his legal authority, relieve the Southern States from the gangs that are now preying upon their vitals in open partnership with the present administration.

I think he will do all this; and my faith is founded on the testimony of his friends and enemies, on the known facts of his history, and on the moral influence which the Democracy will necessarily exert upon his conduct. The errors of his past life were caused by certain evil communications from which he has clean escaped. He heads a great revolt against wickedness in high places, and I do not believe he will go back upon us and be guilty of the same wickedness himself.

The contrast between the two candidates being so very strong, no fair-minded Democrat can doubt what he ought to do. Yet, the reluctance which many of us feel to vote for either of them is hard to overcome. I did, and do, most heartily sympathize with that class which received Mr. Greeley's nomination in much sorrow. I am sure this feeling proceeded from no unworthy passion or prejudice, but was the natural result of sober thought on the condition of the country and the fitness of things pertaining thereto.

In our view the controversy between the parties was *not* all about men, and not wholly on questions of mere administration. The Liberal Republicans and some Democrats think that we owe all our sufferings to the corruption or incapacity of General Grant and the "rings" that surround him. But the prime cause lies further back and deeper down in wrongs for which the triumph of Mr. Greeley with all his reforms offer no *immediate atonement and only a partial* remedy.

In England, after every civil commotion, the victorious party vented its rage and gratified its rapacity by passing bills of attainder and *bills of pains and penalties* against their fallen and helpless opponents. The best and greatest men of their respective ages were the victims *of these legislative decrees.* In all the most notable cases subsequent Parliaments acknowledged the wrong, reversed the attainders, and made what reparation they could. Our fathers determined that no such thing should ever be done here; and so they put their solemn interdict into plain words, and made it a part of the fundemental law that neither Congress nor any State Legislature should ever pass a bill of attainder.

The reconstruction act of 1867 was a bill of attainder more deliberately cruel, and with pains and penalties more compendiously unjust than any British bill that ever was passed. But its authors were conscious that it could not stand, and they must replace it with something else, for sooner or later the courts would be sure to pronounce it void. Besides, the object being to put the Southern people under the domination of greedy adventurers from the North with unlimited license to oppress and plunder them, the officers of the army were not very good agents in such a nefarious business. The negroes would be instruments of tyranny much more easily managed. But an act of Congress disfranchising the white people for offences real or imputed, and handing over their State governments to negroes to be run by them in the interests of carpet-baggers, would be merely another bill of attainder, or rather a modification of the first one, making it much worse, but equally within the reach of judicial correction. In this strait they resorted to the expedient of converting *the Constitution itself into a Bill of Attainder.*

The Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments were frauds upon the spirit and letter of the instrument, inasmuch as they affected the worst outrage which it was made to prevent. They were carried against the known will of nearly every State in the Union by shameless deception in the North and by brutal violence in the South. "May this be washed in Lethe and forgotten?" Certainly not, as long as any portion of our people are compelled to bear the intolerable burden of the yoke thus fastened upon them. I need not say how much *they have suffered already, nor try to* conjecture how much they will be called to endure hereafter; but it is certain that any ordinary despotism would have been a visitation of mercy in comparison. When we reflect upon the number and rapacity of the thieves that have been upheld in their pillage by means of the negro governments, we cannot help but regret the non-adoption of Mr. Steven's *proposition,* atrocious as it was, for universal confiscation. The pernicious consequences of this rule are felt in the general as well as the local governments. The legislation of Congress is largely controlled by fit representatives of the carpet-bag interest, and the worst acts of the Executive administration are done to please the power which *corrals* the negroes at their meeting places of the leagues, and drive them thence to the polls.

Mr. Greeley's election will not do all that we could wish to free us from these evils; it will not even be a popular condemnation of the base means by which they were inflicted upon us; but it will begin the process of their gradual extinction. It will give the white people a reasonable hope that the heritable qualities of their fathers' blood may some day be restored. In the meantime, if it does not reverse the attainder, it will at *least insure a merciful execution of it.* Democrats who disliked Mr. Greeley's nomination have reflected well, and I think will support him with almost perfect unanimity. The thought that *victory will not give us everything* at once may deminish in some degree "the rapture of the strife," but it will impair the efficiency of their support, for they are impelled to their utmost exertions *by a profound conviction* that nothing but his election will save the country from a long period of misgovernment, and perhaps the total destruction of our free institutions.

I am, with great respect, yours, &c.,
J. S. BLACK,
YORK, Pa., August 3d, 1872.

* * *

THE TRUE MAN.—Nine-tenths of the alleged inhumanity of mankind is owing to their being deceived. If people are sure of an accident or calamity, crowds hasten to relieve it. By veracity we charm in conversation; by sincerity we influence opinion; by trust worthiness we render friends loving and secure, add to the general confidence of men in men, and by thus strengthening the foundations of society, acquire the right to an analagous personal sense of worth and firmness. Truth gives a sense of security to the feeble man, as lying does of insecurity to the strongest. The true man has but one answer to give to interrogators, one story to tell them, nobody's face to fear.

* * *

The Chicago Tribune puts down the sum of $314,719 58 as the amount of Secretary Robeson's illegal payments. We shall not venture to request Mr. Robeson to tell us how he contrived to get away with the $314,719; it would be asking too much of him; but we would like to know what he did with that 58 cents.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

In doing good to our fellow creatures, it is from Heaven alone that he must seek a recompense. To labor in the service of mankind with either gratitude or applause in view, is merely courting the triumphs of vanity, and benevolence of this kind must necessarily die, at the first disappointment it meets.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 17th, 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
THOS. H. HERNDON,
of Mobile.
For Lieutenant Governor,
E. H. MOREN, of Mobile.
Secretary of State,
J. J. PARKER, of Monroe.
Attorney General,
J. W. A. SANFORD,
of Montgomery.
Auditor,
T. J. BURNETT, of Butler.
Treasurer,
J. F. GRANT, of Calhoun.
Supt. Public Instruction,
JOSEPH HODGSON,
of Montgomery.
Commiss'r Industrial Resources,
E. F. COMEGYS,
of Lawrence.
Congressmen at Large,
ALPHEUS BAKER, of Barbour
J. J. JOLLY, of Greene.
Rep. in Congress, 5th Dis.
J. H. CALDWELL.
For Board of Regents,
LEROY F. BOX, of St. Clair.
WM. N. COWAN, of Etowah.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

State Senate.
T. A. WALKER.
E. T. READ.

For Representative.
DR. S. C. WILLIAMS.
CAPT. J. M. RENFRO.

For Solicitor.
H. L. STEVENSON, ESQ.

NORTH CAROLINA.—By private telegram the news comes to us that after all the frauds perpetrated by the Radicals, Merrimon, the Democratic candidate for Governor, has been elected. With the ballot box purged of its spurious votes and with an honest count, there can be no doubt but that he is elected by a majority of at least five thousand. The Radicals must now go somewhere else for comfort than to North Carolina.

By private telegrams from Montgomery, we learn that the Radical Convention, at *Montgomery*, has succeeded in making the following nominations, for the State offices. When the telegram was sent, no nominations had been made for *Congressmen at Large*:

For Governor, D. P. Lewis, of Madison; for Lt. Governor, Alexander McKinstry, of Mobile; for Secretary of State, Pat Ragland; *for Auditor, Robt.* T. Smith, of Randolph; for Treasurer, Arthur Bingham, of Talladega; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, Speed; *for Attorney General, Gardner*; for Commissioner of Industrial Resources, Lambert, of Coosa. The convention was largely composed of negroes, who clamored loudly for their rights and a place on the State ticket, which the scalawags were too sharp and too selfish to give them. The carpet-bag gentry, it will be observed, have also been left out in the cold. The ticket was framed with an eye to Democratic support. This support it will hardly receive and what with the disafiaction of the carpet-baggers and the disappointment and chagrin of the negroes, it will be beaten by the present excellent State Democratic ticket. The defeat of the above ticket, coupled with the election of Greeley and Brown, will about put an end to the Radical party in our State. Let the Democrats and Liberal Republicans see to it, that it is defeated.

Since the above was written we learn that Alex. White, of Selma, and C. C. Sheats, of Decatur, have been nominated for Congress at Large. L. E. Parson, L. C. Coulson, W. J. Gilmer and J. L. Pennington were nominated as candidates for Electors for the State at Large.

Last Monday night the Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club assembled at the Court House for the purpose of listening to Maj. J. F. Burnett, the Democratic candidate for State Auditor, and Mr. Modawell, of *Perry county, a gentleman* well known throughout the State. All business for the evening being disposed of, loud calls were made for Burnett, who came forward *in response and for* an hour held the attention of the club throughout an address, replete with noble and patriotic sentiment seasonably spiced with anecdote and altogether a treat. Maj. Burnett left a most favorable impression upon all who heard him. The Speech of Mr. Modawell, who spoke after Maj. Burnett in response to vociferous calls, was one of the most logical and convincing one we have listened to since the opening of the campaign. If there was present one man who had made up his mind not to support Greeley and Brown, he must have changed after listening to the speech referred to. The only regret that we have is that all the voters in the county were not present to hear the very able speeches of both gentlemen. We are assured, if such could have been the case, much good would have been accomplished among those Democrats who cannot make up their minds to go with the people in this Presidential campaign.

After these speeches, several gentlemen *of our town were called out, among* them Col. Caldwell, Capt. James Crook, and John T. Martin, who responded in short and well timed speeches couched more in terms *of apology for not speaking* than otherwise. They promised to the gentlemen from South Alabama a good report from this section in November and *the people will make good that* promise.

Later in the campaign, when we have arranged for a Mass Meeting at this place, we hope to hear from both gentlemen again, if they can make it convenient to attend.

A REQUEST.

When the question of the Secession of Alabama was sprung, most of the old men in Calhoun county were enthusiastically in favor of it. The measure prevailed and the result was a war. The young men of Calhoun, (most of them too young to vote and who consequently had properly no hand in the Secession of the State) upon the first call, sprang forward as one man and for four weary years of hunger and carnage, held out their lives a constant offering, thousands of them absolutely yeilding their's up, to sustain the measure inaugurated through the votes and influence of these old men. When human courage and human endurance could do no more, those left of them returned to their homes and peaceful pursuits. Still faithful to the political principles imbibed from these old men, who had in their day the shaping of public opinion, at every election since the war, even though for prudential reasons the war element has been largely ignored, they have gone to the polls and planked down straight Democratic votes, even when these votes involved the support of Northern war Democrats, who were so largely instrumental in their disastrous overthrow and ruin in the field. They have done so because they have believed it to be their duty. When called upon by the Baltimore Convention to again come to the rescue of an imperilled country, they have not hesitated, but have marched forward over party name, past political prejudice and flinging behind them all bitter memories and hatred for their former enemies, they stand to-day in the foremost and front ranks of the great army of reform, and utterly oblivious of self, thinking only of the future greatness and glory of the country they are destined to inherit, will vote solidly for the man who while *he has ever antagonized the glorious old* party they have been taught to venerate, was the only man North, Democrat or Radical, who when defeat and disaster *overtook them in the field, when an in*furiated and cowardly rabble at the North were panting for the blood of their chosen and beloved leaders, when the word "rebel" at the North was a by-word and a reproach, had the broad charity and kindness of heart to beseech, nay demand, of his countrymen to call *off the dogs of war and greet the late* Confederates as brothers.

So far as we have been able to learn, every Confederate soldier in Calhoun county will vote for Horace Greeley.

They desire his election because they believe he will restore to the country they are soon to inherit, something if not quite all of its pristine glory and excellence.

They will vote for him because they believe that the election of Grant means the entire and complete subjection of themselves and their children to Grant and his kin for many years, if not for all time to come; because the re-election of Grant means to them barely tolerated existence in a government despotic in its every tendency, oppressive, cruel and harsh in its workings, burdensome and hard to live under.

They will vote for him because they desire to escape these terrors and to receive at the hands of *the old men when* they shall pass away as pure a government as it is possible for a pure Administration to build up out of the ruins *scattered around. And they ask the* old men to help them.

As they went out and offered to lay down their lives to fulfill the wishes of *the old men in the matter of Secession*; they now ask the old men simply to lay down their *prejudices*, to gratify their wishes in this Presidential contest.

They appeal to the gratitude of the kind old hearts they bared their bosoms to protect in the years 1861-2-3-4.

The appeal to them by the affectionate and kindly interest the "fathers" of old Calhoun have ever manifested in the young men who are to come after them.

Will the old men do it? Yes. As readily as the one responded in 1861 will the other respond in 1872. They have only to reflect that it is "the boys"—the old gray coats—who ask it, and it is not more quickly asked than granted.

The old men of Calhoun will keep step in November side by side with the gray jackets to the music of Greeley & Brown—Reconciliation—Reform—Pure Government.

The Executive Committees of the *Democratic and Liberal Republican* parties, of this State, which met at Talladega on the 14th instant, agreed on the following Electoral ticket for the State at *Large*:

W. B. Figures, of Madison, Elector.

A. C. Beard, of Marshall, Alternate.

W. T. Hatchett, of Montgomery, Elector.

Wm. S. Mudd, of Jefferson, Alternate.

C. C. Langdon, of Mobile, Elector.

N. A. Agee of Monroe, Alternate.

Richard O. Pickett, of Lauderdale, Elector.

Jas. T. Waddell, of Russel, Alternate.

It will be perceived that the ticket is an equal division between the Liberal Republicans and Democrats. After the business of the Committees was dispatched, both came together and speeches were made, in which the Liberal Republicans pledged a hearty support to the Democratic State ticket.

Grand Rally at Davis Town.

We are requested to state that a public meeting and speaking will take place at eleven o'clock at the Academy near Davis Town, on Saturday, August 24th instant.

Judge T. A. Walker and other speakers will be on hand.

"MY PRECIOUS COLORED FRIENDS, WE ADVISE YOU TO PUT YOUR HEELS ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN."—*Strobach, Radical Sheriff of Montgomery.*

Radicalism—Its Teaching.

"WE ARE ADVISED TO CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM MADE BY THE WAR. I PROTEST AGAINST THIS ADVICE."—*Boutwell, Grant's mouth-piece, at Greensboro.*

More of the Fruits of Greeley's Nomination.

When Mr. Greeley was nominated on a general Amnesty plank at Cincinnati, Grant's subservient Congress, in order to deprive Mr. Greeley of the strength the plank gave him, passed as broad an amnesty measure as their grudging souls could tolerate. When the Baltimore Convention took Mr. Greeley, Southern men languishing in Northern prisons, the victims of the blackest despotism in the world, immediately felt their chains begin to loosen, for as in the case of Amnesty, Grant at once saw the necessity of forestalling Mr. Greeley in the matter, and the result is the release of the prisoners mentioned in the report of his spy, published below. In this case, though, as in Amnesty, Tyrrany could not work itself up to that generous pitch that would have impelled a sweeping and general pardon. In both cases Grant and his co-conspirators have only gone far enough to establish their acknowledgement of error and not far enough to entitle themselves to the thanks of free and right thinking men. Mr. Greeley will complete the work that his nomination has already begun, when he comes in.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.

A Washington dispatch says that Col. Whitley, chief of the secret service division, reports in favor of the pardon of Collins and seventeen others of the Ku-klux from South Carolina now imprisoned at Albany. Collins was one of the persons for whom Gerritt Smith interceded. He is an illiterate, simple minded man.—The seventeen other cases are analogous to that of Collins. Col. Whitley reports against the pardon of Brown for whom a recommendation was made by Mr. Smith, but makes no recommendation in the remaining forty-six cases. It is understood that those recommended for pardon will be released immediately.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9, 1872.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a communication from your Department under date of the fifth inst., enclosing a copy of a letter from Gerritt Smith, Esq., addressed to the President in relation to those convicts in the Albany Penitentiary who were convicted of violation of the enforcement acts and requesting me to go to Albany and make a thorough investigation into the condition of those prisoners and report to the Department my views as to the expediency of exercising Executive clemency in regard to any of them. In accordance with your request, I proceeded to Albany on the seventh inst., for the purpose of fulfilling the duty assigned me. As a means of conducting my enquiries in a manner best adopted to arrive at all the facts in the case and to lead the prisoners to express themselves as freely as possible I deemed it best to see each of the parties separately without any knowledge upon their part as to my official character or the object of my visit. In this I had the fullest aid from Lewis D. Pillsbury, head keeper of the penitentiary, who brought each prisoner in separately with the simple remark to each: This gentleman desires to talk with you. The prisoners were manly, frank and communicative. Some of them are very poor, unlearned and left large families behind them, and while acknowledging that they were members of the various orders known under the general head of Ku-klux Klan and that they had been justly sentenced as such, plead in extenuation that they had joined the order without a full knowledge of its aims and objects and had been incited to deeds of violence by their leaders who had managed to escape from the country, leaving them to bear the responsibility and the punishment of their misdeeds. A number of them stated that they had been compelled to join the order to save themselves and families from visits of the klan. Others had entered into its ranks under the supposition that it was a society, organized for mutual protection, but learned subsequently that its real designs were the extermination of the negro race and the driving out of such of the whites as were in favor of the political equality and social elevation of the blacks. These severally exhibited the heartiest contrition for their misdeeds, stated the order was one inimical to the best interests of society and that the government was fully justified in breaking it up. In further extenuation of having been members of the order they stated that the operations of the Ku-klux Klan are wide spread, embracing within its folds men of superior intelligence to whom they had been accustomed to look for advice and counsel and whom they did not suppose would lead them into any combinations that contemplated personal violence and even murder, if these were necessary, for the accomplishment of its ends. They were told that it was a good institution to put down meanness in the country and they accepted the statement implicitly. Upwards of forty examinations were made in the manner above indicated, neither prisoner knowing that any but himself had been called out and none of them being aware, as before observed, of my official position or the object of my visit. There was a singular unanimity in their statements and a general expression of regret that they should have been drawn into an organization differing so entirely from the object which they supposed it had in view when they joined it. In reply to the general question: What were the objects of the organization? The answer was almost invariably: When we joined the order we supposed it to be a society established for mutual protection, but after having been fully initiated discovered it to be for a political purpose which purpose was embodied in an oath in which we swore to oppose the Radical party in all its forms and prevent the negroes from voting. It was the great deception that misled us and which has brought us into our present condition. The contrition manifested by many of these prisoners, the hearty abhorrence expressed by them for the acts into the commission of which they claim they were betrayed by unscrupulous and designing men of more enlightened mind, their general want of intelligence and their great poverty, all appeal strongly for mercy. My views as to the expediency of ~~restoring any~~ of them to society, through the exercise of Executive clemency, are clearly in favor of such a course with some portion of them, and I believe it may be done in some of the cases not only with great safety but fully in the interests of public good. In those to which I intend respectfully to call your attention, the prisoners appear not only truly repentant, but absolutely ashamed of the course which they seem to have unwillingly pursued. They expressed themselves anxious to return to the peaceful pursuits of industry whenever the opportunity is afforded them and to become law-abiding citizens in their respective communities.

Colonel Whitely then names four peasons safely to be considered as proper subjects for the exercise of Executive clemency. They are old men, poor and unlearned, and were undoubtedly led into the Ku-Klux order by misrepresentation. With regard to the others, should it be the intention of the Government to make an extended exercise of its clemency in that direction, he submits the names of 18 prisoners whom he deems most worthy of its consideration. As to the remainder of the prisoners who entered the Ku-Klux order with a full knowledge of its real objects Col. W. says it would not be entirely expedient to exercise the Executive clemency.

NOTICE!
VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will, as the administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of *Joseph* Pinson, deceased—sell on the *7th day of October next, on the premises*, the tract of land known as the Joseph Pinson *Home Tract*, about five miles South of Jacksonville, Alabama, and also known as the west half of the south east fourth and the north east fourth of the south east fourth of section three, township fifteen, range eighth, and the north half of the north west fourth and the north west fourth of the north east fourth of section ten, township fifteen, range eighth, east in the Coosa Land District and in Calhoun county, Alabama. The tract contains about 240 acres, and is regarded as one of the most desirable in the county—has upon it some of the finest quality of land for cotton, corn or wheat. The open land is in a high state of cultivation, and plenty of good No. 1 land to clear, well watered, and a fine outlet for cattle—no better place for its size in the county. Terms one half cash, the remaining half on 12 months time with interest. Note and security required.

M. L. PINSON,
aug17'72—4t Administrator.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, regular term Aug. 12th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that M. L. Pinson, administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of Joseph Pinson, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 7th day of October, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Probate.

Stonewall Institute
AT
Plantersville, Dallas County, Ala.

THIS famous for boys begins its eighth annual session Tuesday, October 1st, 1872. It is located 20 miles North of Selma, near the track of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, in the beautiful valley of the Mulberry. It is patronized by many of the most distinguished men of South Alabama.

The discipline is such as makes its strongest appeal to the manly aim and honor of the students.

Instruction is given at night as well as in day. All boys board with the Principal.

Two Hundred and Thirty Dollars will pay for Board and Tuition from October to July 1873.

Circulars, with particulars, will be sent on application to the President.

D. C. B. CONNERLY,
Aug18 1872. Plantersville, Ala.

Calhoun College.

THE Exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 2d day of *September next.*

S. FOUCHE,
Aug17—2t: Principal.

VALUABLE FARM
For Sale.

Being desirous to sell my farm I offer it cheap and on easy terms. It lies on the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad 1½ miles South of Weaver's Station. Six hundred acres of No. 1 up land, 275 acres open; fine improvements—house of six large rooms, never failing well with pump in it, extra fine orchard of select fruit, gin house, gin, cotton press, thresher, barn and all necessary out houses. Will sell land alone or will include personal property.

Apply to T. V. FINDLY,
Weaver's Station,
Calhoun County, Ala.
Or REPUBLICAN Office.
aug17'72—6m

FOR SALE.

Offered for sale, a building lot in the growing and flourishing town of Cross Plains. Said lot is known as the Pete Hines lot, and lays two blocks south of Rumpuries & Robinson's old stand, and contains one acre. For price apply at this office. Aug10 1872—tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county against Samuel Skelton and E. G. Morris and in favor of the State, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:- One set of Merchant mills and ten acres of land, more or less, known as the Phillips mills in section 22 township 14 range 7. C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be copied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.

May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.
S. C. KELLY.
sep16 '71—tf.

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machines. If so, you want the best! And that is the

Improved
WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) *and would be pleased to sell to any one* in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only requires 17½ cents per day, for 17 or 19 months, to pay for one. Price, $80 and $100, on a credit of 17 and 19 months, respectively, notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months, without interest for the $80 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address

S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Squar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor*

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Are you out of employment? We wish the *address* of every man and woman out of employment. We have work for them, Address (inclosing stamp)

GEORGE J. JOHNSTON,
P. O. Box 180. *Montgomery*, Ala.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.
Court of Probate for Said Court, July 3d 1872.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of Margaret Love, deceased, this day filed in court his a*ccount and* vouches for final settlement of said estate, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement. A. WOODS, judge of
aug10, 1872—5t. Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 4th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of John M. Love, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annua settlement, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement. A. WOODS, judge of
aug18, 1872—5t Probate.

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.
Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM.
Administratrix of the estate of
Moses Latham, deceased.
june15'72—6t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of John C. Whitcomb, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:- One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less known as the Phillips Mills in section 22, township 14 range 7. C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of Rushmore, Carvel & Co., I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the 1st Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:- One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less, known as the Phillips mill, in section 22 Township 14 Range 7. C. P. READ,
June 29 1872—5t. Sheriff.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Bush as the guardian of B. F. & M. A. Madden, minor heir of B. F. Madden dec'd, this day filed in said court his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 29th day of July inst., 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS. Judge of
July 6 1872—3t Probate.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce St., N. Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile **Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors,** doctored spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of **the Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other **WORMS,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

Jacksonville, Ala., July 29, 1672.

I have formed a business connection with Messrs. Flash, Lewis & Co., of New Orleans, which will demand all my attention, hence I withdraw from the business in which I have been engaged here and leave same in the hands of E. L. Woodward, Sr., who will determine his own course of action in the matter. Thanking friends for past favors,

I remain,
ED. L. WOODWARD.

☞ You see from the above that my son, Ed. L. Woodward, withdraws from this business, and leaves goods, dues, and all in my hands.

I WISH TO CLOSE OUT.

Hence I offer hats, shoes, and many other articles

AT COST!

If I can suit you in the article, you can save money by buying of me,

E. L. WOODWARD, Sr.
aug3—tf

An Ordinance.

Be it Ordained by the Town Council, of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person, without having first obtained a license to keep a Livery Stable, as required by law, shall hereafter let for hire or use for pay or reward, any horse, mule, buggy, carriage, wagon, or any other vehicle, (except for plowing purposes) shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence or act so done shall be fined not less than five nor more *than* ten dollars.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary T. C.

THE NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.

DR. E. F. GARVIN'S SOLUTION OF TAR
TRADE MARK

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

Including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

ALSO, A

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill,

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $3.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.

Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to

L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

AN ORDINANCE.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Counsellors of the Town of Jacksonville; that any person or persons found playing base ball, or throwing, tossing, knocking or catching a ball or balls upon the public square, or any of the streets of the town during the day, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars, for each and every offence.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.
July 20 1872—3t.

J. & S. TREMBLE,

Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,

Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands:
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather Ticking; Table Damask, Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES,

University of Alabama.

THE next Session will begin on the 25th of September.

Tuition Free.

The Course of Instruction embraces independent Schools. The Normal D partment is also in successful operati For further information, send for alogue, or address,

N. T. LUPTON,
President,
Aug31872w4t. Tuscaloosa,

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands from the Circuit Court of Cal county against Sevier Elston and in fa of M. J. Turnley & Son, I will proc to sell to the highest bidder for cash fore the court house door in the town Jacksonville, within the legal hours sale, on the first Monday in Sept. all of Sevier Elston's interest in the lowing described lands, to-wit:—Par Section 10 and 15. Township 16, range *one hundred* acres more or less, as the place upon which the said resides. C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands from the Circuit Court of Cal county against Jonathan L. Elston William Johnston and in favor of el K. Borders I will proceed to the highest bidder for cash before court house door in Jacksonville, the legal hours of sale, on the 1st day in September next, all of Jon L. Elston's and William Johnston's terest in the following described to-wit:—Section 33 township 15 also one hundred acres in section 15 range 9. C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff.

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seed

HEDGE PLANTS!

NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & F ER PLATES!

Address F. K. PHŒNIX,

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenh Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalogues, 20 cen

SEND 50cts TO A. S. PAT BOOKSELLER AND STATION Rome Georgia & and receive by mail a package of Dolly Varden Paper and Envelopes.—tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS

Now at work, or looking for some new will miss it if they do not at once circulars of the best selling book Extraordinary inducements offered. more than double money. Outfit fr dress, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth St., N.

AGENTS WANTED—For SPEED'S
Presidential Campaign Boo
Every citizen wants it. Also, PAIGN GOODS. Address, Goods **Empire Publishing House,** leans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

Agents Wanted—for the Lives
Grant! Greeley!
WILSON! BROWN!

And the leading men of all parties. Steel Portraits. Just the book wanted the masses everywhere. Agents meet wonderful success. Send for circular secure territory at once. Address, ZIE LER & McCURDY, 139 Race Street, Cin nati, O.

DonotFail while on Summer cursion North to secure one of CELEBRATED IMPROVED
STEWART COOK STO
With its special attachment, Roaster, & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture fully packed for safe shipment. Books on application.

FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St.

BURNHAM'S

New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six INCH, is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa d & co.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the LANGUID DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, activity to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris possesses the most POWERFUL tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curitive qualities and has been long used as a Specific in all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS of the INTESTINES, UTERINE and URINARY ORGANS.

Dr Wells Extract of Jurubeba

It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutricious food taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the *bowels*, quiets the nerves, acts directly on the secretive organs, and by its powerful *Tonic* and restoring effects produces *healthy* and *vigorous* action to the whole system.

J. Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. York.
Sole Agent for the United States.
☞Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

CHEAP ADVERTISING

Advertisements occupying ONE INCH of space will be inserted in 269 NEWSPAPERS, including 23 DAILIES, in

SOUTHERN STATES,

covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama Mississippi, Louisiana Aakansas Tennessee Kentucky and Missouri,

One Month for $148

More Papers, More Dailies Larger Circulation, Lower Price, than any other List. Special rates given for more or less pace than one inch. Equally favorable quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and full information, furnished on application.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO,
Newspaper Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

Republican

Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.
Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.
April 20th, 1872.—tf.

Col. Parr wants 1,000 hides dry or green, he will pay *cash* or Barter for them.

Attention is invited to the advertisement of the Stonewall Institute, under the management of that excellent teacher and christian gentleman, D. C. B. Connerly. The school has a wide reputation and parents who may patronize it may rest assured that the mental and moral welfare of their boys will be looked after with most scrupulous regard.

Go to Col. Parr's to buy your chickens he has a large airy coop to keep them in & keeps them fresh and fat. 200 fresh coosa water mellons very low.

Horace P. Mounger has left on our table an ear of corn which has seven "nubbins" growing around it on the same cobb. It is the "Egyptian."

It will be seen from a notice published in another column that the exercises of Calhoun College will be resumed on Monday the 2nd day of September next. Under the management of Prof. Fouche this Institution is steadily increasing its number of pupils and is growing in popularity. We hope to see a larger attendance this session than at any previous time.

Go to Parrs to buy your family supplies he has the largest & best assorted stock ever kept in this part af the State he will sell as low as lowest.

We took a flying trip to Talladega the day the Democratic and Liberal Republican Committees met there: We heard some good speeches from the candidates and others that we have not time to speak of as they deserve this week. We have before spoke of Talladega, but we omitted to do her entire justice. It is but due her to say that she has a very poor court house and very poor accommodations inside of it for an audience and the most wretched court yard we *ever* saw. The Talladegians are talking of grading it we see, through, from the *Reporter* since our return, and when the town hall is complete the accomodation for an audience will be better.

GRAND LIBERAL RALLY
AT
COLLINSVILLE, DEKALB COUNTY, AUGUST 28, 1872.

We have received a letter from Dekalb requesting us to publish the contents of a poster that accompanied it with the above heading and to extend a most cordial invitation to the people of old Calhoun to be present. The speakers mentioned on the poster to be present are, Ben Hill and Gen. Gordon, of Georgia; Gov. Brown and Ex-Gov. Senter, of Tennessee; Thos. H. Herndon, and Williard Warner of Mobile; Alpheus Baker, Sam Rice, Robt. Brickle, Nick Davis, Chas. Rattray, W. L. Whitlock, and W. J. Harralson.

It seems after all there may be oppression and injustice inflicted upon innocent Southern men under pretense of enforcing the Ku-klux laws. At least, such is the opinion of that eminent Reconciliationist, the Hon. Gerrit Smith. The benevolent gentleman has visited the Albany Penitentiary, and found there sixty-five Ku-klux *prisoners*. He has come to the conclusion that the punishment inflicted upon many of them is unwarranted. He picks out three especially, and advises the President to pardon them immediately. One is a young man whose health is so bad that he will soon die, and who, as Mr. Smith is convinced, never did anything warranting such punishment. One is an old man, once a magistrate, who never belonged to the Ku-klux order at all. He, it seems, was badly advised to plead guilty. The third is a person of character heretofore perfectly irreproachable, and who is described as "the victim of circumstances." Here are three innocent prisoners discovered by Mr. Smith, and the question immediately suggested is, how many more are there of the same description? We suppose, in view of the precedent of Mr. Smith's action, that a man may honestly ask this question without being called a traitor and a secessionist. The President and his supporters are finding out by this time that the severe and savage style of doing things in the South will hardly pay. Mr. Smith sees plainly that sending more soldiers to the South, infantry and artillery and cavalry, will hardly re-elect the President. Recourse is to be had to clemency, and the Executive is probably getting ready to pardon the three persons whose cases have been so suddenly discovered by Gerrit Smith. But these three do not stand alone. How many more are there who have been tried by packed juries or sent to prison by military authority? That's what we want to know.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

From the Montgomery Advance.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE

The Calhoun Democracy—The Town of Jacksonville — Water Works — The Young Men's Greeley and Brown Club—The Crops—The Schools, &c.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., Aug. 8, '72.

Your correspondent for the past week has been enjoying the pure air, that comes with health-giving power and cool breezes from the mountains of old Calhoun, the banner county of the State. The Democracy of Calhoun have ever responded to every draft upon their patriotism and is now engaged in the work of reconciliation and reform. A few in the county who have been constant readers of the Day Book, are still hard to convince that they must vote for Greeley and Brown. All of these, however, will come over before the election in November. The recent accessions to the *Democratic* ranks are numerous and leave but two or three white radicals in this county who will support Grant. At a recent Convention of the Republicans held at the Court House in Jacksonville, there were only seven Radicals present, and since then two of the four white men have pronounced for Greeley and Brown.

THE TOWN OF JACKSONVILLE,

on the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, about one hundred and fifty miles Northeast from Montgomery, is situated at the base of a *range of mountains extending* Northeast and Southwest through Talladega, Calhoun and into the mountains of North Georgia. It has a population of about 1,200, among the number many of the most prominent men in the State as well as some of the wealthiest. Ex-Chancellor John Foster, Col. John H. Caldwell, recently nominated for Congress from the 5th District; Gen. W. H. Forney; Judge Thos. A. Walker, of the National Democratic Executive Committee; Judge M. J. Turnley, Lieut. Gen. Jno. Forney, J. F. Grant, the present State Treasurer, and many others known throughout Alabama, reside here. In fact Jacksonville has been the home or birth-place of many of the most prominent men of whom Alabama can boast. Judges Walker and Rice, once upon the Supreme bench of the State, Gen. Jno. H. Morgan, and many others we cannot now call to mind once lived in the place.

THE WATER WORKS.

This evening we took a pleasant jaunt at Gen. W. H. Forney's invitation, to the reservoir and working force now engaged in laying the last pipes, to convey the water from a magnificent free-stone spring, which gushes from the mountain about two miles distant, to the reservoir which will hold a half million gallons of water. We found Gen. John Forney, who has charge of the work, for which he is eminently fitted by reason of his superior education as a military officer, and who attended West Point, at the same time Grant was a cadet, hard at work with the ever facetious "Pete" in arranging for the final closing of the pipes which will take place to-morrow, when Jacksonville will ever afterwards have an abundance of pure water. In honor of the event,

THE BRASS BAND

will be out and discourse sweet music amid the falling of the waters as it is thrown from the hose of as gallant a Fire Company as any in the South. We hope Montgomery Firemen will not forget them in their next annual parade, if they want to see the finest, best looking Company of Firemen who ever responded when the fire fiend demanded their presence.

THE YOUNG MEN'S GREELEY AND BROWN CLUB

was organized a few evenings since and has now about one hundred members. Capt. L. W. Grant, of the Republican was unanimously elected President, and other gentlemen whose names we publish in the *proceedings* of the meeting, which was requested be published in THE ADVANCE, and which appear in another column, were selected for other positions in the club. They have gone to work in earnest. Capt. Jas. Crook, Ch'n of the County Executive Committee; Geo. L. Turnley, Esq., the courteous Mayor of the town; Thos. Martin, Esq., a young lawyer of much promise; H. L. Stevenson, the rising young Solicitor for Calhoun county; John Caldwell, Jr., a "chip of the block," and many others are active working members of the club.

THE CROPS,

were never better in this part of the State. Cotton, which is a much more certain crop in this part of the State than in South Alabama where the worm is now destroying the crops, which but a few weeks ago, promised the planters an abundant yield. The cotton crop in this section has not been visited by the worm but once in the last twenty years. The corn crop is also splendid. The rain a few days since will mature the crop if it should not have another drop during the summer.

THE SCHOOLS.

The Public Schools in this section are well managed under the superintendence of Mr. McAuley, an able and energetic officer. Both the white and colored schools are in progress, and to-day, notwithstanding the radical howl of Grant's minions, the people of Alabama are doing more to educate and elevate the negro than any State in the Union. This evening we noticed a number of little negroes trudging home with their school books and slates. Jacksonville has several good schools, we will not write about now, but will devote a separate communication especially to them.

MONTGOMERIANS IN JACKSONVILLE.

There are several ladies here from Montgomery, besides a number of gentlemen—Capt. Bragg, Dr. Vandiveer, and others we cannot now call to mind. They, and all who come here are delighted with the place and go no further to spend the Summer. There are a number of visitors from Selma and other points in South Alabama. Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone water can be had in four hours ride from the town. If you desire to leave the dust and heat of a Southern city, come to Jacksonville and have a pleasant time.

J. H. F.

The Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Stevenson *Era* attended the Baltimore convention, and their accounts of the affair were the most interesting we have read.

Hayneville Examiner.

Thank you friend Brewer. We lift our Greeley hat to you.

Col. Parr wants 10,000 lbs. Beaswax, 10,000 chickens 5,000 lbs. Butter, 50,000 lbs. Scrap iron, 100,000 lbs. Cottons & Wooling rags he will pay *cash* or barter.

In the *re-organization* of the democratic national executive committee, Judge Thomas A. Walker, of Jacksonville, was made the member for Alabama—a merited tribute to his services, integrity, character, and ability.—*Selma Argus.*

B. GRATZ BROWN'S ACCEPTANCE.

His Letter to the Chairman of the Baltimore Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—*The Evening Dispatch* publishes the correspondence between J. R. Doolittle and B. Gratz Brown respecting the nomination of the latter for Vice-President by the Baltimore Convention. The letter of Mr. Brown is as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
JEFFERSON CITY, Aug. 8, 1872.

Gentlemen of the Committee: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication advising me that I had been unanimously nominated as candidate for the Vice-Presidency of the United States at Baltimore. For this mark of confidence on the part of so large a representative body of my fellow-citizens, I cannot too deeply express my gratitude. The distinction is one which I feel to be in a great measure undeserved, where so many more suitable could have been found; and yet, should your action be confirmed, I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of that high place with fidelity to your trust, with devotion to the public interest, and with inflexible resolution to prove not unworthy of such choice.

The fact that it reposes also upon the declaration of principles affirmed by the Liberal Republicans at Cincinnati and proclaimed without amendment by the Democratic party at Baltimore, gives assurance that in this combined expression there is sought only the deliverance of the nation from a present great peril to its peace and liberties. To that end all minor considerations have been subordinated, and an illustration presented to the country of unselfish patriotism rather than any stickling for party advantage, which should convince all of the perfect sincerity of this movement.

It has involved no surrender on either part of any former convictions. It has not been *negotiated* or *bargained*. Its origin was from the people. Though differing in the past on some issues of great magnitude, yet, now that they are settled, there is hearty concurrence between us all upon the vital questions agitating the public mind. What conduct of national affairs that involves, your convention has well set forth in its platform, and its true accord with the Democratic ideas that guided our earlier administrations is the best guaranty that it will restore equal rights, tranquil development, and constitutional rule.

Permit me also, gentlemen, through you, to express my thanks to the great masses of your party who have since ratified the action with such signal unanimity, and to say to *them* that in accepting this, their nomination, I do so, believing there is nothing in honor or in conscience that should prevent the most cordial co-operation henceforth in behalf of the politics presented. In conclusion, it is proper to state that a severe illness has intervened since the reception of your communication, which has delayed this reply until my recovery and return home.

With very great respect, yours truly,
B. GRATZ BROWN.

The meanest Radical newspapers in the country are patting Blanton Duncan on the back and calling him a "True Democrat."

A Jackson is understood to have the inside track for the Presidential nomination at the Louisville Convention.—*Missouri Democrat.*

The Radical Watchword.

"My Colored Friends, YOU MUST PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM IN THE DUST."—*From Fred Sirsbach's speech at the Grant and Wilson ratification meeting.*

An exchange tells us that "there is much less broom-corn planted this year than commonly." That was because the farmers knew that Greeley and Brown would sweep every thing clean without the use of broom-corn.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kept in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivalent.
I have also a fine assortment of

LIQUORS
OF ALL KINDS

ot sell at wholesale.
A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

Nashville
Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTLES, URNS

Vases, Etc.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice, of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Scarbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE
TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.
P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.
Jan27 1872—1y.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell *very cheap*

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provide for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to call on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once a year.
ROWAN, DEAN & CO.
Feb21 1872—tf.

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN.
BOWEN & WALTHALL,
Wholesale Grocers
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.
SELMA——ALABAMA.
Ja —6ly

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. R. MCKINNEY.
McKINNEY & Co.,
Receiving and Forwarding
Merchants
—AND—
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Selma..........................Alabama.
☞ We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

C. C. SAMUEL,
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing.)
Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23,1871—1y

LOOK
Here,
I NEED Greenbacks!
SHALL I CALL
IN
VAIN?
Forbid it ALL who OWE ME.
Come QUICKLY and oblige,
E. L. WOODWARD.
aug10,1872—tf

A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.
A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING & MINERAL LAND IN AMERICA.
3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
THE
GARDEN OF THE WEST,
Now For Sale!
These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.
CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.
FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
The Best Locations for Colonies.
SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land.
Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R-R. Co.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

TAMSING'S PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.
Recommended by leading physicians. Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates [illegible] of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.
WORCESTER SKIRT CO.,
Sole Manufacturers,
Worcester, Mass.

$1,000
Reward?
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that [illegible] fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles [illegible]

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & CO., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Me.

U.S. PIANO CO. N.Y. PRICE $290. No Agents. Circulars free.
[illegible] Address Dr. [illegible] & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

SAVANNAH, Ga.
[illegible]
Possessing powerful invigorating
[illegible]
These Bitters are positively invaluable in
[illegible]
They purify the system, and will cure
[illegible]
Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.
[illegible]
and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.
[illegible]
All yield to their powerful efficacy.
[illegible]
Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.
[illegible]
to the wasted frame, and correct all
[illegible]
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
[illegible]
The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.
[illegible]
The Standard BITTERS of GERMANY
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS
PHYSICIANS THROUGHOUT PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.
In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.
This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of *Nervous Energy*; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; so inforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Forces and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak *after* sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.
(Shape of the Bottle.)

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY. Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL RANKS are not desirable; therefore, keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir, Sozodont. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the Breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Colic, &c. in Horses; and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Milk, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The material of which they are reconstructed is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, arising from depravation of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable dye in existence, never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so long known to the customers of Bartland, Rignal and Risley and their branches, for its delicate and permanent fragrance, is now made by W. H. Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SNAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas. Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburn, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

The cause of Temperance finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called "tonics" and "appetizers," made of cheap whisky and refuse liquors, which [illegible] under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and unrivalled remedy.

Time and enlightened experience have shown that certain substances formerly used and relied on in medical practice are unnecessary and dangerous, yet some of these substances have found their way into medical compounds. Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters, however, contain nothing injurious, being composed exclusively of vegetable substances from California. For all disorders of the liver, kidneys, bladder, skin, and digestive organs, and for purifying the blood, they are the most wonderful remedy known.

DR. G. S. PROPHITT'S
ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.
NEVER FAILING!
KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.
CURES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chilblains, Frost-bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. ☞ Of all
PAIN KILL IT:
the Remedies ever discovered for the relief of suffering humanity, this is the best Medication known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralize or drive the inflammation upon an internal organ. Its efficiency is truly wonderful. Relief is instantaneous. It is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth.
Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oroide watches need be brought in to be fixed.
Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.
nov11 1871—tf.

JACKSONVILLE
Female Academy,
Jacksonville, Ala.
FACULTY.

Rev. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Principal.
Mrs. T. OLIVER, English Branches.
Miss E. LOCKETT, English Branches.
Mrs. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Music.
Miss E. T. BECK, Drawing & Painting.

The exercises of this INSTITUTE will be resumed Monday, September 2nd, 1872.

For further particulars or circular apply to the Principal, or to any of the Trustees.

J. K. ARMSTRONG,
Principal.

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots or Shoes from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy WhiteGoodsNotions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buying your Goods.

He means what he says.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, July 29th, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John A. Fleming, as the Guardian of Mary C. Whiteside, Wm. Mc. Whiteside, Emma T. Whiteside and Martha V. Whiteside minor heirs of J. A. Whiteside, dec. this day filed in said court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August, 1872 is set for the making of said settlement.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Aug. 3—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, July 25, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John M. Bagley, Adm'r with will annexed of the estate of Wm. Miller; dec'd this day filed his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August next, 1872, is set for making said settlement.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Aug. 3—3t.

State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, July 16th, 1872.

THIS day came Josiah Hawkins & E. C. Brock and filed in court their written petition representing that they are the Sureties on the Administration Bond of L. P. Hawkins as Administrator of the Estate of David Hawkins late of said county, deceased. That the said L. P. Hawkins has left the State of Alabama and is now a non-resident of said State of Alabama. They further pray that such proceedings be had in said court as shall be necessary to reserve the said L. P. Hawkins from said Administration and revoke his letters as Administrator of said Estate. The premises considered. It is ordered by the court that the 17th day of August next be set to hear and determine said petition and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to the said L. P. Hawkins, Adm'r as aforesaid to be and appear at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 17th day of August next and defend against said petition and application if he thinks proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically.*

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York. P. O. box, 4,586.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Savage & De Rochemont, Attorneys at Law, Oxford, Ala., is hereby dissolved.

JAS. H. SAVAGE,
July 27, 1872.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will bring on the Menses; all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and correct all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.
BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,
I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, GA., March 21, 1870.
MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what ti is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.
Yours respectfully, REV. H. B. JOHNSON.

We could add a thousand other certificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by
BRADFIELD & CO.,
Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.
OPEN JUNE 15th, 1872.
The proprietor offers additional attractions this season. New, elegant, and spacious Drawing and Ball Rooms, beautiful lawns, exquisite air and scenery, while, the waters of these special springs invariably relieve Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia and Diarrhœa, and are for sale by leading Druggists everywhere. Readily accessible via Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad. Stop at Goshen Depot, where coaches will be in waiting. Pamphlets on application. JAS. A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

The Fourth Plank.

The fourth plank in the Cincinnati platform, if there was not another one in it, is sufficient of itself to commend it to the support of every true Southern; it is broad enough and firm enough to hold every man in the country, be his political status what it may. Only read it and reflect upon it, and answer to your own conscience and common sense, if we have not said true. It contains the very "pith and marrow" of the true theory upon which this Government was founded, and if we can only get back to this point we will feel safe. Here it is; it can't be seen too often:—*Eufaula Times.*

Fourth—Local self-govered with impartial suffrage will guard the rights of all citizens more securely than any centralized power. The public welfare requires the supremacy of the civil over the military authority, and the freedom of person under the protection of the habeas corpus. We demand for the individual the largest liberty consistent with the public order, for the State self-government, and for the nation a return to the methods of peace and the constitution limitations of power.

◆

Grant's Pallace for His Horses.

A correspondent writes for information regarding the new stables built for the use of Grant's horses without authority of law. We copy a description of the building from the Washington *Capital:*

"About a hundred rods from the new State Department building, now being erected, there stands a handsome pressed-brick structure that resembles the residence of some vilage merchant or banker. It is, we should say, some eighty feet front by seventy deep, two-stories in height, with a Mansard roof, and finished with admirable taste. These are the President's stables, and they are perfectly superg. We have seen imperial stables abroad and Bonner's prucely establishment in New York, but we never looked on anything of the sort superior to these of the President. One enters under a broad, *imposing porch*, with a carriage storeroom on one side and the harness rooms upon the other. From this the visitor or horse passes over a solid concrete pavement *through* handsome oak doors to a hall. To the left are six handsome box stalls beautifully finished in oak, and surmounted by wire screens of the most admirable finish. These stalls are at least fifteen feet square. To the left of the hall are ordinary stalls. Above this are hay mows and a suite of well-finished rooms for the head hostler and family. Below are more stalls for horses, feed-rooms, and other conveniences for such an extensive establishment."

Some time ago a great outcry was made in England because certain members of the nobility expended more money on their dog kennels than on the cottages occupied by the laborers on their estates. But here we have the President of a Republic who insists upon having his horses far more expensively housed than are the vast majority of the taxpayers who supply the money which is so recklessly squandered by this Administration.

And this is not the worst feature of the case. The money required to provide these palatial quarters for Grant's horses has been taken from the public treasury *without any authority of law.* For a long time it was a profound mystery where the money was to come from to pay for this useless expenditure. The appropriations for White House expenses during Grant's term have been so unusual and extravagant that at first it was supposed that possibly the money for these stables had been charged under the head of fuel or furniture. But subsequent investigations have shown that the sum of $50,000 was illegally diverted from the appropriation made by Congress for the new State Department building, and applied to the construction of the horse pallace which Grant has built without any authority whatever, and in utter defiance of law.

Very likely President Grant though he had as much right to provide handsomely for his horses at the public expense as for his worthless relations, and perhaps morally the offence was in the one case no greater than in the other. But in illegally using public money for such a purpose, which was voted by Congress for an entirely different object, President Grant has openly violated the laws of the land, to say nothing of the dictates of propriety.—*New York Sun.*

◆

The Huntsville Democrat states that Col Nick Davis has withdrawn from the States Senatorial Canvass in Madison County.

◆

When the young men lately arrested as kukuxes in Dale county were being carried through Ozark by federal soldiers, the only Grant whiteman in the town turned to a squad of his neighbors and said "Damn any man that won't vote for Greeley now."

◆

Col. John H. Caldwell of Calhoun county was nominated by the conservatives for congress in the 5th district(Dox's)last week. John Caldwell, (of) Calhoun is certainly to reappear in the federal congress.—*Hayneville Examiner.*

A Mississippi River Story.

A couple of flat-boat men on the Mississippi River having made an extraordinarily good speculation concluded that while they were in New Orleans they would go for a real first-class hotel dinner at the St. Charles Hotel. Having eaten their meal, they called for their bill. The waiter in attendance misunderstood them, and, supposing that they wanted the bill of fare, laid it before them, with the wine list uppermost.

"Whew, Bill!" said Jerry, "here's a bill! Just look at it! Here, you add up one side and I'll add up the other, and we'll see what the old thing comes to." So Bill added up the prices of wines on one side of the list and Jerry added them up on the other, and they made the sum total $584.

"Wh—ew, Bill" said Jerry, "that's pretty nigh all we've got! What are we goin' to do about it!"

"We can't pay that," said Bill, "it 'ud clean us right out. The waiter ain't here now let's jump o' the window and put!"

"No, sir-ee," said Jerry, "I'd never do sich a mean thing as that. Let's pay the bill and then go down stairs and shoot the landlord."

◆

Girls.

BY A BOY.

Girls are the most unaccountablest things in the world—except women. Like the wicked flea, when you have them they ain't there. I can cipher clean over to improper fractions, and the teacher says I do it first rate; but I can't cipher out a girl, proper or improper, and you can't either. The only rule in arithmetic that hits their case is the double rule of two. They are full of Old Nick as their skins can hold, and they would die if they couldn't torment some body. When they try to be mean they are as mean as pusley, though they ain't as mean as they let on except sometimes, and then they are a great deal meaner. The only way to get along with a girl when she comes at you with her nonsense, is to give her tit for tat, and that will flummux her, and when you get a girl flummuxed she is as nice as a new pin. A girl can sow more wild oats in a day than a boy sows in a year, but girls get their wild oats sowed after a while, which boys never do, and then they settle *down as calm* and placid as a mad puddle.

But I like girls firstrate, and I guess the boys all do. I don't care how many tricks they play on me—and they don't care either. The hoitytoitiest girls in the world can't always boil over like a glass of soda. By and by they will get into the traces with somebody they like and pull as steady as any old stage horse. That is the beauty of them. So let them wave, I say; they will pay for it some day, sewing on buttons and trying to make a decent man of the fellow they have spliced on to, and ten chances to one if they don't get the worst of it.

◆

EDITORIAL SALUTATORY.—A new weekly paper has been started in Bath county, Kentucky. The editor says, by way of salutatory: "We would as soon expect to win a fortune by betting against a pat hand as to suppose that we shall please everybody. No doubt, in the course of human events, we shall realize those pleasant little editorial episodes in which indignant readers find no other soothing syrup for their wounded feelings than by attempting to 'put a head on the editor;' paint a mournful expression over his eye; or, without consulting him as to whether he 'wants to be an angel, and with the angels stand,' endeavor to send him to that bourne (on a dead-head ticket) whence no editor returnes. We stand six feet in our stockings in the winter time—five feet eleven inches and a half, without socks, in the summer season. One principal amusement, when a boy, was to throw one hundred pound anvils over our head, hold a barrel of flour at arm's length and practice other muscular developments. Aided by our early education in the manly art we shall endeavor to hoe our own row, paddle our own canoe, and hold a full hand in the editorial game of "bluff."

◆

THE SAME OLD STORY.—In speaking of the election held in Memphis, Tenn., on the 1st the Ledger says:

Yesterday and to-day hundreds of vagabond negroes were lying around the court buildings awaiting, as they said, the arrival of some one to pay their expenses back to Missippi and Arkansas. They had been brought here to vote; had been promised money, but the white Radicals had gone back on them. The negroes denounced their Radical employes in the most earnest and profane manner. Messrs. Radicals, these ignorant men have done your dirty work, send them home according to agreement.

◆

The last list of 'prominent Democrats who would not vote for Greeley" was published in the New York Times, and turned out to be the names of half a dozen small boys of Springfield. The Times is unhappy in its "stampedes from Greeley."

F. J. BARNARD & Co.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS,

PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.

No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞ This House was established in the year 1842.

sep16—6m.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00.
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,

aug12—71.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Scarbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

Jan27 1872—1y.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell *very cheap*

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Feb241872—tf.

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas,
Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb. bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE

BETWEEN

JACKSONVILLE

AND

RICHMOND, NORFOLK,

BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA,

Boston & New York,

BY THE

Virginia and Tennessee

Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "*Virginia and Tennessee Line,*" the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route: rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
☞ NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street.
BALTIMORE, 154 West Baltimore St
PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St.
RICHMOND, 1325 Main St.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York.

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to shis market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where wil be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranted.

June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

—o—

Keeps alway on hand a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books,
Square and Oval Picture Frames,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

—o—

WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

—o—

☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

Apr13 1872—td.

JNO. M. CARROLL. JNO. B. McCAIN.

CARROLL & McCAIN,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Notions, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

JACKSONVILLE, *Alabama.*

july131872.

ATTENTION!!

AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least

Thirty Days Rations

on hand. To procure these cheap you should

Come Well Armed

with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always

Ready

to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his

Aim

to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither

Fire,

floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.

Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.

L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Apr20 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.

—o—

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope houlder spoke is used; they are wearanted to give satisfaction in every case.

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of
Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches
CARTS, HARNESS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambutators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c, ☞ Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama.
Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 61 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Deguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.

May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

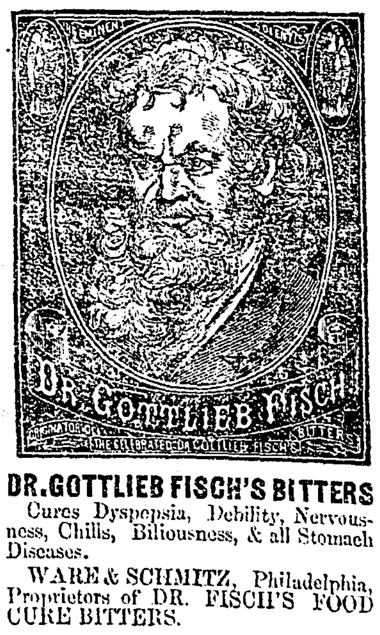
S. C. KELLY, Prop:

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

THE GREAT TONIC OF THE AGE.



DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS

Cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Nervousness, Chills, Biliousness, & all Stomach Diseases.

WARE & SCHMITZ, Philadelphia, Proprietors of DR. FISCH'S FOOD CURE BITTERS.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Squar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor*

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machines. If so, you want the best! And that is the

Improved

WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) and would be pleased to sell to any one in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only requires 17½ cents per day, for 17 or 19 months, to pay for one. Price, $90 and $100, on a credit of 17 and 19 months, respectively, notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months, without interest, for the $90 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address

S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

East Alabama

LAND AGENCY,

—o—

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Office,

No. 4. OFFICE ROW,

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us, and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS

in from One to Twenty Minutes

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys.
Inflammation of the Bladder.
Inflammation of the Bowels.
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing.
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria.
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache.
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is [illegible]

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula*, [illegible] *Consumption, Glandular disease*, [illegible] *the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes* in the *Glands and other parts of the system*, Sore *Eyes, Strumorous discharges* from the Ears, *and the worst forms of Skin diseases*, Eruptions, *Fever Sores, Scald Head*, Ring Worm, *Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne*, Black Spots, *Worms in the Flesh, Tumors*, Cancers in the *Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No. [illegible] Street, Corner of Church Street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 23, 1871—1y

ksonville Republican.
D, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

RMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
e year in advance,..........$2 00
paid in advance,..........$3 00
RMS OF ADVERTISING.
quare of 10 lines or less, first insertion,..........$1 00
subsequent insertion..........50
one square counted as two, &c.
aries charged at advertising rates.
age notices,..........50
nnunciation of Candidates
ounty offices,..........$5 00
tate offices,..........$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., AUG. 24, 1872. WHOLE NO 1845

Rates of Advertising,
For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$5 0
" "	6 "	7 50
" "	12 "	10 00
One fourth column,	3 "	10 00
" " "	6 "	15 00
" " "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" " "	6 "	35 00
" " "	12	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	60 00
" "	12 "	100

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

ROFESSIONAL CARDS.

M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN.

AMES & MARTIN,

neys at Law and Solicitors in Chan- No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,

ILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of 2th Judicial circuit, consisting of oun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah Cherokee, and the Supreme court of tate.
ay20—1871.

FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

ILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme t of the State.
22d, 1865.

TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

orneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery
AND
General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

ILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, rae, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and alb; in the Supreme Court of the , and in the U. S. District Court, hern and Middle Division of Alaba-

ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

LIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

AVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice to- er, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the ties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, dolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
h. 6. 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

vage & de Rochemont,

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND

LLECTORS IN CHANCERY & COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

ILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. llections made before the United State rt of Claims, also general land and nsion Agents.

April 13 1872 ly.

J. D. HAMMOND,

Notary Public

AND

-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CKSONVILLE,.......ALABAMA

ILL attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—ly.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

FFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

ACKSONVILLE - - ALA
Feb 25 1871—ly.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity. He can be found at his office in Green & edbetter's Store during the day, and at the te residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, less professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, s follows:

ight'g Exp. l'v's Montgomery, at 10,00 am
" " Arrives at Calera 12,50 p m
" " at Birmingham 3,30 p m
ail train leaves Montgomery at 2'20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera 6,15 p m
ight'g Exp. l'v's Birmingham at 5,25 p m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 12,05 a m
ail train Leaves Calera at 5,05 a m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 8,25 a m.

lose Connections with DOUBLE DAILY rains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, r Mobile, New Orleans and all points of exas.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route o and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills ssued. Rates as low as by any other line.

A. SHAW, *Ass't Sup't.*

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proo Warehouse.
Drake's new Building opposite Troup House
SELMA........ALABAMA.

NOTICE!

VALUABLE LAND

FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will, as the administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of Joseph Pinson, deceased—sell on the *7th day of October next, on the premises,* the tract of land known as the Joseph Pinson *Home Tract*, about five miles South of Jacksonville, Alabama, and also known as the west half of the south east fourth and the north east fourth of the south east fourth of section three, township S[illegible], range eighth; and the north half of the north west fourth and the north west fourth of the north east fourth of section ten, township fifteen, range eighth, east in the Coosa Land District and in Calhoun county, Alabama. The tract contains about 240 acres, and is regarded as one of the most desirable in the county—has upon it some of the finest quality of land for cotton, corn or wheat. The open land is in a high state of cultivation, and plenty of good No. 1 land to clear, well watered, and a fine outlet for cattle—no better place for its size in the county. Terms one half cash, the remaining half on 12 months time with interest. Note and security required.

M. L. PINSON,
aug17'72—4t Administrator.

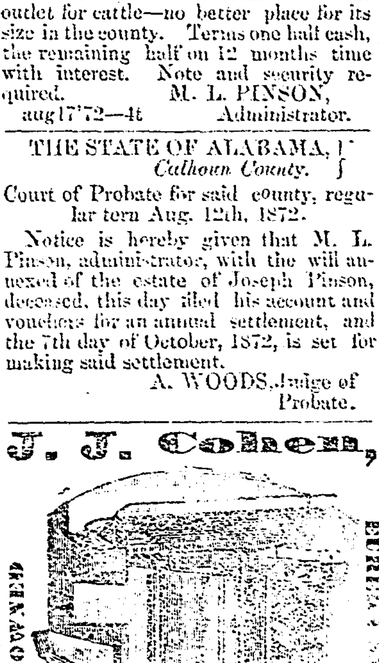
THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, regular term Aug. 12th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that M. L. Pinson, administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of Joseph Pinson, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 7th day of October, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES. Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—ly.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kipt in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivolent.
I have also a fine assortment of

LIQUORS
OF ALL KINDS

ot sell at wholesale.

A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

Nashville

Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTLES, URNS

Vases, Etc.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

SHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
1872—ly.

Week Old—Wee Cold—Weak Old.

For a combination of pathos and humor, the following purporting to be the wail of a father over his buried boy is, to say the least, very peculiar:

Close nestled in his mother's arms,
His cheeks as red as roses;
With eyes of Heaven's bluest blue
And snubbiest of noses—
Close nestled in his mother's arms,
My "week-old" boy reposes.

Fast mouldering on the hillside green,
Where myrtles bloom, and roses,
His baby brother sleeps. I ween—
No arm *his* form encloses;
Fast mouldering on the hillside green,
My "wee, cold," boy reposes.

Sweet slumbering in loving arms,
Dear dreamer, 'neath the roses,
May I, as free from all harms,
Rest, when this brief life closes—
When mouldering on the hillside green,
This "weak, old" boy reposes.

[*Communicated.*]

CROSS PLAINS, ALA., Aug. 19, 1872.

MR. EDITOR: The meeting on Saturday last at this place passed off all right. The friends of Judge Walker have no cause of regret at its results. I will not attempt any set description of the speeches—but leave the future to tell who came off best. I wish, with your permission, to remind the good people of Calhoun and Cherokee counties of the noble acts of kindness and liberality of Judge Walker at the beginning, during the struggle, and after the disastrous close of the late war. To each of three companies, he gave $500 00 in cash, 200 pair of shoes, given at his own expense to the Tenth Alabama Regiment, and all through the terrible struggle he stood manfully by the cause, and contributed largely of his means to sustain it, and with ready open hand and heart, did he respond to every call from the needy families of the brave Confederates, who were in the field battling for their country's rights and liberties. Af-[illegible] distributed, through the [illegible] of Calhoun county, 1,100 [illegible] to the needy and suffer-[illegible] our brave heroes, and his [illegible], did not stop at that, but to a company of about thirty women, who went with him to his farm, he gave 500 bushels more of corn, had it shucked, shelled, sacked and delivered at the cars for them during a busy period of his farm work. Will the people forget all this kindness and liberality on the day of election, when they will have the opportunity of showing their appreciation by casting their votes for the man who is and has always been their friend, true and tried? We believe they will remember with gratitude and triumphantly elect him over all opposition.

* * *

Aha! Aha!

We want those Democrats in Calhoun county who cannot make up their minds to vote for Greeley to carefully read the following correspondence of the Savannah *News* and the comments of the Atlanta *Constitution* thereon. We do not for a moment think we have any anti-Greeley Democrats in this county who really desire to be of any aid to Grant in the canvass, and the mere thought that they may be unwittingly in such company will startle them. The safe course is to go with ninety-nine hundredths of your party for Greeley and Brown. Then you *know* you are with *your party*. As it is you cannot be certain what party you may be unintentionally giving aid and comfort to.

ATLANTA, August 3, 1872.

POLITICAL MISCEGENATION EXTRAORDINARY.

There is a good deal of talk on the streets about a new sensational political combination. I know not how much truth there is in it, but one hears it wherever he goes, and some of the parties to the movement do not hesitate to avow it and defend it. The combination is in substance as follows:

The Radicals propose to unite with the discontented Democrats in support of an anti-Greeley ticket in Georgia, and to give these Democrats all the offices and positions within their joint control, provided the latter will aid in securing the electoral vote of the State for Grant and Wilson! The Democratic parties to the coalition are to have the nominations for Congress and the Legislature, and such Federal patronage as would fall to Georgia in the event of Grant's election. Even the electors will probably be Democrats, who may be relied upon to cast the vote of the State for Grant, and if not for him, then certainly not for Greeley, but for some third person. The point in the whole thing is the defeat of Greeley in this State.

THE SCHEME RECEIVES NO COUNTENANCE FROM THE DEMOCRATS.

I need hardly to say that this movement towards political miscegenation in Georgia receives no countenance or support from the leading and influential gentlemen among us who have not yet obtained their consent to support Mr. Greeley. The men who are engineering the movement are without political weight or sagacity, and the whole thing is bound to end in disaster, both to Grant and the individuals concerned in it. No true Democrat can be a party to such a monstrous bargain. There are good men in Georgia who are unwilling to vote for the Cincinnati nominees, but they would scorn all attempts to trade them off to the Radicals, or to induce them to enter into an unnatural amalgamation with the vile scalawags, carpetbaggers, and dusky supporters of Grant policy.—*Special Cor. Savannah News.*

The above we have heard. While many of the "Straights" are no party to such a thing, there are undoubtedly some engaged in it. We have heard many painful things. We hear that some of the Grant leaders have been in close consultation with anti-Greeley Democrats. We have also heard that a gentleman, prominent in the "Straight" movement, was in Washington a short time ago, and was met at the depot by a Government official to whom he said he had come as soon as he could after getting his dispatch. The official asked him what he could do for Grant in Georgia. He replied a good deal, but he must have money to work with. This conversation was overheard by a Georgian. The parties moved away and no more was heard.

We do know this, that some of the very "straight" Democrats drift into very earnest defence of Grant when talking against Greeley's support by the Democracy.

We know also that some of these very "straight" gentlemen would soon to support Grant and endorse his Southern oppression; and when it is known that intrigues are going on to help Grant under the Democratic cloak, these gentlemen seeing that they are thus aiding Grant, will come over to the large masses of the Democracy in support of Greeley.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

How Grant Proposes to Conduct the Canvass.

We wish every man who has not yet made up his mind to vote for Greeley, for the purpose of defeating the stolid Tyrant at Washington who knows no success but that purchased by violence, to read the following letter and editorials clipped from the *Mobile Register*. We do not propose to comment. We only ask every Democrat who says he will not vote for Greeley, to take the matter home to himself, to put himself in the place of Mr. Williams, who, together with the ladies of his household were so grossly insulted by these blue coated villains, the pliant tools of the most utterly corrupt Administration this country has ever had, and then we have no fears as to what will be his conclusion.

PEACE OR WAR!

We print below a letter, elsewhere alluded to, from a known and responsible citizen of Washington county. It details but one of *many* such attempts to stir up the entirely peaceful citizens of our State—and of all her *Southern sister States*—to revolt against *personal* abuse and maltreatment. We rejoice that so far they have all failed of their plain purpose—the bare excuse of a Ku-klux howl, military occupation of interior counties and consequent *destruction of all chance of a fair election.*

W. Irving Squire seems to be the chief mover in this vile work in this neighborhood. He figures in this last transaction as he lately did at Red Bud; in both cases parading himself as a hunted and endangered patriot! Heaven save the mark! We believe the fellow could travel from State Line to the Gulf in the perfect safety of his insignificance; and without even the compliment of a single word from any white man. In fact he *has done* this already, he has proclaimed the fact, *over his own signature*, in these very columns; and has there vaunted his *brave* (?) intent to do the same again.

The sham is "too thin." It shall not blind any man, in town or country, if we can open their eyes. Squire and his blue coats are *sent to stir up strife*; but we believe the whole temper of our people is to disappoint and put them to shame. Dr. Williams writes as follows.

WASHINGTON COUNTY, ALA., }
Thursday, August 8, 1872. }

To the Editor of the Register:

Under the present Administration, we have the "best Government the world ever saw."

On Wednesday night, about 11 o'clock I was aroused from my slumbers by "Halloo! halloo!" I went to the window and asked who was there? The reply was, "United States troops!" and they wanted my wagon to take them across the creek, about four miles off. I replied that I had no wagon, and if I had had one I was not disposed to let them have it, as we were at peace, and had no use for United States troops in our county. The reply from the party was I would "Damned soon see whether they would get the wagon." To this I stated that brute force could do anything. A part of the squad immediately walked back and broke through my garden fence, exposing it to the stock. They then went around to a negro house, and inquired if I had any wagon. Being answered only a timber wagon, they went back to the balance of their comrades; and then, in the hearing of my family and other lady friends, said that I was "Nobody but a damned old vagabond," with other insulting expressions, such as "*We ought to see the gals before we leave,*" etc.

To be forced to stand such insults in time of peace is mortifying in the extreme. After they had left about half an hour they fired several shots, the balls whistling over the house, frightening my family almost to frenzy. They remained about two hundred yards from my house all night, and left next morning for parts unknown to me, but I rather expect for some negro settlement.

I have just learned that this rowdy squad was an escort and body guard of one Squire, whose design is to canvass the county in the cause of "Master Grant." Up to yesterday I, with many others, had determined not to vote for Horace Greeley, but an open enemy is better than a man who works in the dark. Therefore we will declare for Greeley. We can't be worsted and time may work miracles. "Let us have peace!"

Yours respectfully,
W. A. WILLIAMS.

RETURN OF SQUIRE AND HIS BODY GUARD.—The notorious carpet bagger, W. I. Squire, whose aim now seems to be to stir up strife in peaceable districts, arrived in the city Monday from Washington county surrounded by his body guard of Federal soldiers. Their presence in Washington county was fully explained in the letter from Dr. W. A. Williams, published in the *Register* of Sunday, by which it was shown that the soldiers were drunk and conducted themselves in an insulting, rowdy and vagabond manner. Soldiers placed on such duty, solely for the purpose of making political capital, cannot but feel that such service is degrading, consequently we are not surprised to hear of their having acted in such an outrageous and unsoldierly manner. Squire himself was so ashamed of the part he acted that he took advantage of an opportunity, when the train slackened its speed, to stealthily *jump off*, near the One-mile Creek, and proceed through the woods in the direction of Orange Grove. He evidently did not think it an honer to march proudly through the streets of the city, surrounded by the bayonets of his master. The impudence of the fellow, which is sublime, could not stand this. He knew it would be a farcical sight, and he accordingly sneaked off.

Mobile Register.

Greeley in Maine.

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 15, 1872.

The following is the address of Mr. Greeley in the City Hall yesterday:

Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen: It is certainly true that throughout the course of my life, so far as I have been connected with public affairs, I have struggled with such capacity as God has given me for, first, impartial and universal liberty; 2d, for the Union and the greatness of our common country; and 3d, though by no means least, when the former end was attained, for early and hearty reconciliation and peace among our countrymen. For these great ends I have struggled and hope the issue of the third is not doubtful. I thoroughly comprehend that no personal consideration has drawn this vast assembly together. Other, higher and grander considerations have collected you around me to-day. It is part of the unwritten law of our country that a candidate for the Presidency may not make a speech in vindication and commendation of the measures which his election is intended to promote, though a candidate for the Vice-Presidency is under no such prohibition. I do not merely acquiesce in the restriction—I recognize and affirm its propriety. The temptation to misinterpret and misrepresent a candidate for the higher posts is so great, the means of circulating such perversions among people who never see a word of the refutation so vast that a candidate has no moral right to subject his friends to the perils he must brave, if not invite, by taking part in the canvass. Yet there is a truth to be uttered in behalf of those who have placed me before the American people which does them such honor that I claim the privilege of stating it here and now. This is that truth. No person has ever yet made the fact known that he proposed to support or did actively support my nomination, whether at Cincinnati or at Baltimore, as the basis of a claim for office at my hands. No one who favored my nomination before either convention has sought office at my hands, either for himself or for any one else; nor has any one suggested to me that I might strengthen myself as a candidate by promising to appoint any one to an important office. In a very few instances, less than a dozen I am certain, some of the smaller fry of politicians have since my double nomination hinted to me that I might increase my chances of election by promising a post office or some such place to my volunteer correspondents respectively. I have not usually responded to these overtures, but I now give general notice that should I be elected I will consider the claims of these untimely aspirants, after those of the more moderate and retired shall have been fully satisfied (applause.) In two or three instances I have been asked to say whether I would, or would not, if elected, confine my appointments to Republicans. I answer these by pointing to the plank in the Cincinnati platform wherein all who concur in the principles there involved are cordially invited to participate in their establishment and vindication. I have never yet heard of a man who asked his neighbors to help him raise a house and afterwards proceeded to kick them out of it as soon as the roof was fairly over his head. For my own part I recognize every honest man who approves and adheres to the platform as my political brother, and as such fully entitled to my confidence and friendly regard. One other point demands a word; those adverse to me ask what pledge I have given to those lately hostile to the Union to secure their favor and support? I answer that no man or woman in all the South ever asked of me, either directly or through another any other pledge than is given in all my acts and words. From the hour of Lee's surrender to this moment, no Southern man ever hinted to me an expectation, hope or wish that the Southern debt, whether Confederate or State, should be assumed or paid by the Union, and no Southern man who could be elected to a legislature or made Colonel of a military regiment, ever suggested the pensioning of all the Confederate soldiers or any of them, even as a remote possibility. All who nominated me were perfectly aware that I upheld and justified Federal legislation to repress Ku-klux conspiracies and outrages, though I had long ago insisted, as strenuously as I now do, that complete amnesty and general oblivion of the bloody, hateful past would do more for the suppression and utter extinction of such outrages than all the force bills and suspension of habeas corpus ever devised by man. Wrong and crime must be suppressed and punished, but far wiser and nobler is the legislation, the policy, by which they are prevented. From those who support me in the South I have heard but one demand, justice! but one desire, reconciliation! They wish to be heartily reunited and at peace with the North on terms which do not involve the surrender of their manhood. They ask that they should be regarded and treated by the Federal authority as citizens, not as culprits, so long as they obey and uphold every law consistent with equality and right. They desire a rule which shall be alike for white and black, which shall encourage industry and discourage rapacity and villainy.

They cherish a joyful hope, in which I fully concur, that between the fifth of November and the 4th of March next quite a number of Governors and other dignitaries, who in the abused name of Republicanism and loyalty have for years been piling debts and taxes upon their war wasted States, will follow the wholesome example of Bullock, of Georgia, and seek the shades of private life. The darker and deeper those shades the better for themselves and for mankind, and the hope that my election may hasten the much desired *hegira* of thieving carpet-baggers has reconciled, to the necessity of supporting me, many who would otherwise have hesitated and probably refused. Fellow-citizens, the deposed, and partially exiled, Tammany ring, has stolen about thirty millions of dollars from the city of New York. That was a most gigantic robbery and it hurled its contrivers and abettors from power and splendor to infamy; but thieving carpet-baggers have stolen at least three times that amount—stolen it from people already impoverished and needy—and they still flaunt their prosperous villainy in the highest places of the land and are addressed as "honorable" and "excellency" (applause.) I think I hear a voice *from the honest people of* all the States declaring that their iniquity shall be gainful and insolent no longer, at the farthest than the 4th of March next. By that time a national verdict will be pronounced that will cause them to fold their tents like the Arabs and as silently steal away, and that I trust will be an end of their stealing at the cost of the good name of our country and the well being of her people.

At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Greeley sat down amidst a storm of cheers.

Skies Bright.

The Athens (Ga.) "Watchman" says: —A citizen of this town, just returned from a Northern tour, informs us that the prospect of Greeley's success brightens rapidly. So far as New York and Pennsylvania—those great controlling States—are concerned, he says that in both States the Irish are for Greeley, the Germans are for him—the people generally are for him—while, in addition to all this, the Quakers of Pennsylvania are for him, on account of his Peace principles. This virtually settles the question as to those two States; as they go, so goes the Union—especially if backed by Ohio. And, as regards the latter State, a distinguished Liberal Republican of Mansfield assured the writer, in Cincinnati, a few weeks since, that if two-thirds of the Democrats would vote for Greeley, he would carry the State. Competent judges, who are well posted, express the opinion that Greeley will not lose 500 Democratic votes in the entire State.

In the New England States, where Mr. Greeley has been travelling for some days past, the accessions to the Liberal ranks are not only numerous, but absolutely astonishing.

The work goes bravely on every where and in spite of Grant and his sympathizers, the impracticable soreheads, Greeley will be the next President, when the country will have real peace, and not a mere sham.

Grant Ku-Klux in Alabama—Colored Virginians on Their Way to Chappaqua.

A letter received at the Liberal Headquarters, from Eufaula, Alabama, says: "We have a colored Greeley Club organized here, and last night a crowd of from 50 to 100 negroes went to the house of one of the officers of the colored club and abused him outrageously, insulting him and his family, and made so many threats against him that he was forced to appeal to the police for protection. All because he had announced himself for Greeley. Nevertheless, there are white votes enough for Greeley to carry Alabama.

A Committee of three colored Virginians called at the Liberal Headquarters, to-day, to procure a topmast from Chappaqua for their flagstaff. A telegram was sent to Mr. Greeley, who sent the following dispatch in reply:

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 16.—Tell the Virginians to take this dispatch to Chappaqua, and my farmer will give *them the hickory.*

AN EYE TO THE FUTURE.—Scofield, the Congressman from a Pennsylvania district, is somewhat noted for his "soft scraping" qualities. He has an extraordinary faculty of rubbing his acquaintances down and making a palaver over them. Some time ago, after he had returned a visit to the Congressional "refreshment room," he met the well known Judge Black, of that State, who, besides being the greatest man, is one of the plainest speaking men in America. The following scene is reported to have occurred:

Scofield—Ah, Judge, glad to see you, glad to see you; how well you are looking—you look younger than you did fifteen years ago.

Judge Black—A fine day, Mr. Scofield.

Scofield—It's a pity, Judge, that a man of your splendid mind should not be in the public service; you are too great a man to remain in the minority.

The Judge responded with a shrug and a grunt.

Scofield—Judge, you had better come over to us; we would do handsomely by you.

Judge—I have thought sometimes about it, Mr. Scofield, but there is one obstacle in the way.

Scofield—eagerly—Ah, Judge, what can that be? Is it a serious one? Can't something be done to remove it? You are too great ——

Judge—impatiently—Yes, sir, a serious one—a very serious one—I BELIEVE IN A HELL!

Some of the gentlemen who wish to "recognize God" in the Constitution may be pleased to hear that Mr. Chauncey Barns has been nominated for President by a convention presided over by the "Lord of Hosts." At least, Mr. Barns says so, and disbelievers must run the risk of doubting the new candidate's veracity. If he succeeds, the country is to be remodelled "by rules of virtue, honor, and peace, turning her men-of-war into fishing-smacks for the benefit of the poor." The campaign fund at his disposition is, evidently, not large, since his inability to pay $8 rent has forced him to abandon his headquarters. Contributions will doubtless be acceptable. They may be sent to him at his home in the New Jersey town of Vineland, the home of half-a-dozen good isms, and as many bad ones.

To Preserve Green Corn.

Can you tell us of any good way of preserving green corn for winter use? An agricultural paper recommends salting it down in the shuck. Do you think it will keep that way? FOUR READERS.

It will not keep salted down in the "shuck"—we have tried it thoroughly. But we can tell you how you *can* keep it as long as you like, and have it as fresh and good as when taken from the stalk. Shave the corn from the cob and pack it away in a common stone jar, with salt in alternate layers.—A layer of corn, say 1 inch thick, then a layer of salt sufficient to cover it; then another layer of corn, and so on till the jar is filled. Then cut pieces of boards to fit into the jar, lay them upon the corn, and put on a weight to keep it down; for a pickle will soon rise, and all the corn must be held beneath the surface of the pickle. A cloth or paper must next be tied over the mouth of the jar to keep out dust and flies, and that is all there is of it.

But there will be something more to do when you desire to use your corn, and therein lieth the secret of the process. It will be too salt for the table as packed away, of course, and if you soak the salt out on the ordinary plan you spoil the whole thing, for the milk and life of the grain comes out with the salt. But you must soak it nevertheless, and now let us tell you how to do it. Commence operations by taking it from your jar and dropping it directly into a kettle of boiling water—don't fail to have the water boiling when the corn strikes it. This cooks the milk in the grain at once, rendering it insoluble, after which you may soak through as many waters as you desire without impairing the flavor or virtues of the corn in the least.

We have eaten green corn four years old, kept in this way, and treated as above; and so perfect was it, that had the roasting-ear season been at hand we would never have suspected otherwise than it had just been taken from the patch.—*Mobile Register.*

The political fight in Louisiana has assumed another phase. The Pinchback Convention, after a stormy session, defeated a proposition to fuse with the Liberals. Thereupon, General Campbell, the President, and eighty-seven members withdrew, proceeded to another hall, and organized by themselves. The Pinchback Convention finally nominated Pinchback for Governor, and also nominated a full Congressional ticket. The seceders adopted resolutions endorsing the Cincinnati-Baltimore nominations, and the Liberal State ticket; also authorizing the formation of a State Executive Committee.

Thank God.

At the close of the Revolution, George III. desired his Chaplain to return thanks to God.

The Chaplain replied, "Sire, do you wish me to thank God that you lost so many troops?"

"No!"

"Do you want to thank God because you have lost so many millions sterling?"

"No!"

"Do you want to thank God because you have lost thirteen *of your best colonies?*"

"No!"

"Then what do you want me to thank God for?"

"I want to thank God *because it is no worse.*"

So it is with the Radicals. They fire salutes over North Carolina, and thank God that it is no worse.

A Remarkable Story.

A CLERGYMAN'S EXPERIENCE IN APPARITIONS.

We read in the Newnan (Ga.) *Herald*, of a recent date:

On Sabbath morning Rev. R. W. Bingham, pastor of the Methodist church of this city, preached on the visitation of angels. He selected no particular text, but read many passages of Scripture to prove that angels had often visited the earth, bearing messages from God, and conversed with men and women, and insisted that these angelic visitations are not limited to time and place—that the men and women of the present day have seen angels and heard them sing and talk as well as those mentioned in the Bible. After Mr. B. had concluded this portion of his discourse he related his personal experience. He stated that God had permitted his sainted wife, (who died on the —day of June,) since her death, to visit him twice—once by night and once by day. He declared that on a certain night after her death, about the same hour of the night on which she had entered Heaven, he was awakened by music sweeter than earth can know; that he was fully aroused, with every power of his mind in full operation, and in fact, could see his wife and understand her words as distinctly as the congregation could his. Mr. Bingham added: I know I am neither insane nor superstitious, and yet I would as soon doubt my own existence as the truth and reality of what I have told you.

A very important pamphlet, giving a review of Mr. Boutwell's management of the National finances, is now in press in Washington, and will be issued shortly. It will show, from the records of the Department, that the pretended debt reduction is false in fact, and that the public accounts have been mutilated in order to mislead the people. It will also show, from official data, that the public accounts are in a muddled condition, and that there has been a double issue of United States bonds, which is clearly *proved by the* fact that duplicate coupons, aggregating more than three millions of dollars, have been paid. Complete notes will accompany every statement, so that reference may be made to the volume, page, and date in verification thereof.

A FACT FOR THE NEGROES.—Virginia, under Democratic rule, has established over 700 schools for negroes, while South Carolina, under Radical rule, has not only done nothing for the negroes but the Radical State Government has stolen all the school money, and broken down the negro schools that were established.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

The New York *Day Book* no longer supports the straight-out movement, but hoists the Greeley and Brown banner.

What Might Have Been Expected.

The Atlanta *Sun* a "straight" Democratic paper which started out with a mere captious opposition to Mr. Greeley, has been at last forced, through a controversy with that sound Democratic paper, the Atlanta *Constitution*, to declare its preference for Grant over Greeley. We might charitably suppose that the *Sun* was driven to this shameful confession by a sudden fit of anger at being worsted in a *controversy*, did not the same number and other numbers of the paper contain numerous articles and squibs of the same import.

The inevitable tendency of Democratic opposition to Greeley is Democratic support of Grant.

While pretending opposition to both the *Sun* makes this strange confession: "We had as lief aid Grant as Greeley." In another article the *Sun* defends Grant in the following manner, forgetting to mention all his after usurpations and infamous tyranny, under the manipulation of such men as Butler, Morton & Co.

"When the war was ended, it was Gen. Grant who was then for putting an end to the strife. He was for an immediate restoration of all the States to their proper position in the Union."

The editor then goes on to state Mr. Greeley's position as contrasted with that of Grant in language by no means complimentary to the former. The *Sun* takes no trouble to explain to its readers that Grant had placed himself in the favorable light described while he was yet a General in the army and was fishing for a nomination by the Democratic party. It fails to tell how he changed front when assured of a nomination at the hands of the Radical party; his shameless course as Secretary of War for the time; his entire abandonment of his own "Let us have peace" motto; his attempts, after becoming President, to grasp Imperial powers; his persecution of the people of the South, including the Confederate soldiers to whom he guarteed protection when they laid down their arms to him in the field; his steady support of the carpet-bag thieves who robbed Georgia and other Southern States of millions upon millions, that class to whom Mr. Greeley directed the slow moving finger of scorn and against whom he has since waged a most bitter and relentless war.

Oh! no, the *Sun* could mention none of these things, lest Mr. Greeley profit by the comparison. In order to defeat Greeley, against whom the blind hate of the Editor is directed because of past differences, Grant is sugar-coated and the brutal Tyrant, the cowardly persecutor of a gallant people, who, trusting to his honor, surrendered their fortunes to him, is made quite lovely beside the quiet old man, who, being under no pledge to defend us as was Grant, stepped forward, at a critical time in our history, in the face of a furious North and, by his firm and manly action in the case of Mr. Davis, most probably saved the neck of the political Editor of the *Sun*, the Hon. Alexander Stephens.

We implore the Democracy of old Calhoun to give such "straight" party a wide berth. We beg of them not to suffer their *inaction* to lend support to Grant. To prevent this they must go with their party and people in support of Mr. Greeley.

Both Houses of the Georgia Legislature have passed a bill, bringing on the election of Governor and Legislature in October and postponing the election of County officers until January.

Duluth, having made miserable failures of all other attempts to force herself into prominence, has gone into the ghost business on a large scale. Other villages may boast of their haunted house or haunted lane, but the "Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas" proclaims the existence, near by her scanty limits, of a whole lake and whole island, on both of which spirits, black, white, and gray, meet and shriek during daylight, and at night are ever busy with infernal fireworks. In fact, Duluth is inclined to suspect that she has discovered the old, original lake of fire and brimstone.

We spoke yesterday of the negro vote, showing why it can not be secured for Greeley, and why it will be given to Grant. There is one point, however, that we did not mention, to which we desire to call public attention, and particularly the attention of the more intelligent of the black people themselves. A spirit of persecution is showing itself among the negroes, which, if pursued, will prove fatal to their future well-being. Here and there a black man shows a preference for Greeley, and is immediately proscribed by his class. Now, the blacks can not afford to play Ku-klux. Their true interest is tolerance; and if there are any disinterested leaders among them they will diffuse this idea.

Courier Journal.

Mr. Sager, the Rabbi of the Jewish Synagogue in Mobile, has renounced the Hebrew faith, embraced Christianity, and united with the Baptists. The change was owing to his study of the New Testament.

A reporter, not as reliable as romantic, in describing a fashionable wedding, got things mixed up some, as his accounts reads: She stood before the alter on her head, a fair wreath of orange blossom upon her dainty feet, lovely white satin shoes upon her roseate lips, a confiding, happy smile as she gazed lovingly upon him who stood by her side.

A man named Joiner, was stabbed and killed by one Moonly, at Cokersville a few days since. No particulars.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24 th, 1872

FOR PRESIDENT
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
THOS. H. HERNDON,
of Mobile.
For Lieutenant Governor,
E H. MOREN, of Mobile.
Secretary of State,
J. J. PARKER, of Monroe.
Attorney General,
J. W. A. SANFORD,
of Montgomery.
Auditor,
T. J. BURNETT, of Butler.
Treasurer,
J. F. GRANT, of Calhoun.
Supt. Public Instruction,
JOSEPH HODGSON,
of Montgomery.
Commiss'r Industrial Resources,
E. F. COMEGYS,
of Lawrence.
Congressmen at Large,
ALPHEUS BAKER, of Barbour
J. J. JOLLY, of Greene.
Rep. in Congress, 5th Dis.
J. H. CALDWELL.
For Board of Regents.
LEROY F. BOX, of St. Clair.
WM. N. COWAN, of Etowah.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

State Senate,
T. A. WALKER.
E. T. READ.

For Representative.
DR. S. C. WILLIAMS.
CAPT. J. M. RENFRO.
R. B. SIMMS.

For Solicitor.
H. L. STEVENSON, Esq.

At the request of many friends, I announce my name as a candidate for Representative for Calhoun county. Election 5th of November.

R. B. SIMMS.

Ben. Gardner, the Radical nominee for Attorney General, was two years ago a blatant mouthed Democrat and was beaten in a Democratic Convention for the nomination for Congress by Mr. Welborn. Finding that his large talent was not appreciated by the Democracy he tried his hand with better success in the late Radical Convention at Montgomery. He is said to be a chronic office seeker, and is bound to keep on running until he gets an office, no matter at whose hands he receives it. We are sorry for Benjamin, but he will miss it again this time.

Rapier, the negro editor of the Montgomery *Republican Sentinel*, beat carpet-bag Congressman Buckly in his District for Congress, and every white man was rejoiced at the result. It now seems, though, that the white scalawags and carpet-baggers cannot bear the sight of seeing a colored man carry off such a fat office as that, and the result is that he has as his opponent an independent white Radical.

We hope that some respectable Greeley and Brown man will come out and beat both of them.

From correspondence of the Montgomery *Advertiser* we learn that J. J. Martin, fourth Auditor in the United States Treasury Department, offered to buy the Tuskegee *News* and *present* it to a Democrat with whom he was conversing and whom he supposed to be a "straightout" Democrat, if he, the Democrat, would consent to support Grant for the Presidency and him (Martin) for Congress through the columns of the paper. The Grant people depend on the anti-Greeley Democrats as their only hope in Alabama.

Honest old Horace said a good thing in his Portland speech published on the outside of the REPUBLICAN when he said, in allusion to the men who had written him letters hinting at appointments to office of themselves, "I have not usually responded to these overtures, but I will consider the claims of these untimely aspirants, *after* those of the *more modest and retired* shall have been fully satisfied." In reply to the question whether if elected he would appoint only Republicans to office, he also said: "I answer this by pointing to the plank in the Cincinnati platform wherein all who concur in the principles there involved are cordially invited to participate in their establishment and vindication. I have never yet heard of a man who asked his neighbors to help him raise a house *and afterwards proceeded to kick them out of it as soon as the roof was fairly over his head.* For my own part I regard every honest man who approves and adheres to the platform as my political brother, and as such entitled to my confidence and friendly regard."

Chattanooga concluded she would like to entertain a live President, and therefore sent an invitation to Grant through her city authorities, Sam Bard and her Board of Trade, to come and see the city and Lookout Mountain. Grant kindly declined the proffered honor and Chattanooga is again unhappy.

Of a Truth.

The negroes of the South live in constant dread of being deprived of the right to vote. For a long time they were fearful of being put back into slavery, but they have about got out of that foolishness. They have been taught by the vile carpet-baggers to expect the attempt, in both cases, to come from the Democratic party of the South. Now if we tell them that there *is* danger that they will be deprived of the right to vote they will be surprised. If we tell them that the attempt to deprive them of the right to vote will not come from the people of the South, they will be more surprised. But if we tell them that the danger to their political rights is threatened from the North, by their late friends there, they will scarcely believe us. But such is the case, and as a public journalist, one whose duty it is to look out for the public weal of all citizens of the State, white and black, we so inform them, and shall attempt to show them the cause and produce the proof.

The colored men must recollect that the Northern people have always given them credit for a better education and acquaintance with public affairs than they really possess. When the colored men refused to vote for Democrats for office, these Northern men were not surprised, seeing that the Radicals have made the loudest professions of friend*ship for the black man; but when they* now see these same colored men turn away from Horace Greeley, the best and most powerful friend they ever had, and turn a deaf ear to the voice of Charles Sumner, who for the last twenty years has stood up in the United States Senate as their special advocate, it does surprise them, and they (the better people of the North) begin to think they have over rated their colored friends. When they see them not only not disposed to vote for Horace Greeley, but absolutely abusing and maltreating those of their own color who are sensible enough to prefer him to Grant, they (the Northern people) begin seriously to consider whether or not they (the blacks) ought to have the ballot.

When the discussion once fairly starts at the North, the negroes had better look out.

When their Northern allies turn away from them their only hope will be in the South. What can they expect at the hands of the people of the South, if they continue to vote against the best interests of the South? Once politically allied with the white people of the South, the political rights of the negro would be secure beyond question, for the people of the South are interested in the preservation of his right to vote because of the increased representation in Congress that that vote secures to them.

In New York two colored speakers met at Cooper's Institute to discuss the merits of Grant and Greeley. About four thousand negroes were present. The Greeley speaker from the outset was hooted and abused and it was with difficulty the police kept the crowd from mobbing him. *They closed their ears and would not hear one word about Greeley.* To the speaker for Grant they gave the most respectful attention. All this when they met for deliberation *on both sides.* When Mr. Saunders, the colored Greeley speaker, said to them it was not Grant or anybody else that freed them, but God himself the remark was received with yells, hisses, catcalls, "hoodoos" and cries of dissent. Commenting on this disgraceful scene, the *New York Herald*, a paper which leans to the side of Grant, a paper that has battled through thick and thin for their freedom and the right to vote, says:

"The scene at Cooper Institute was a disgrace to a civilized city, and was calculated to shake the conviction of those who have hitherto been most earnest in their advocacy of negro suffrage. Throughout the proceedings there was a display of ignorance, bigotry and ruffianism revolting to those who have been taught to believe that the ballot is the palladium of our liberties. Yet, deplorable as was the exhibition at Cooper Institute, it was orderly compared with scenes enacted in some of the Southern States. The fault does not lie with the negroes, but with those who strive to bind them together as a distinctively political power, by imposing on their credulity and inflaming their passions.

"The incendiary speeches of Secretary Boutwell calling for a useless enmity between negroes and whites, the dangerous and unchristian letter of Gerritt Smith, in whom those hatreds, engendered by slavery, are invoked to make the South, in his own words, 'a hell of horrors.' These are influences calculated to turn the negro into a demon, and to make the suffrage extended to the black a curse to the nation."

The *Herald* concludes by saying: "Left alone by the politicians, gradually enlightened and educated up to the capacity of forming an intelligent political judgment, taught that the shackles of slavery are broken forever; that their lot in life must henceforth be carved out by their own industry; that they have an equal interest with all other citizens in the peace, progress and prosperity of the nation, and that they must henceforth live in harmony and trust with their white neighbors, the negroes would become a docile and useful people, and their success in life would be insured. But the teachings of Radical Republican politicians are calculated to keep them still in the ignorance into which slavery has plunged them and to bring untold evils upon their heads."

The Chicago *Tribune*, the most influential Republican paper in the West and a firm advocate of negro suffrage, in commenting upon the conduct of the blacks in the late North Carolina election, is driven to say these hard things of them. The editor is evidently debating in his mind whether it will not be best to take the ballot from them:

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

Recent events which have transpired in North Carolina, in connection with the State campaign and election, are already beginning to suggest the question whether the political power wielded by the negro element in the South is not a serious menace to Republican institutions. During the campaign, colored men who dared to expres a preference for Mr. Greeley were mobbed, driven from their homes, and one colored Greeley man was killed by the infuriated Grantites. On election day a colored man, at Clifton's Mills, Franklin county, named Hal Young, came to the polls and voted for Merrimon. As soon as he had deposited his vote, and before time was given him to leave the polls, a colored Grant man, named Tom Spivey, took a pitchfork and stabed him through the heart, killing him instantly. The murderer was arrested, and is now in Louisville jail. There had been no quarrel of any kind between the two men; but the brutal deed was done to gratify that ignorant hatred which has implanted in the breasts of the majority of the negroes of the South against those of their own race who have intelligence and independence enough to vote for candidates of their own choice.

This is but the beginning of the end; and, it some stern measures are not devised to check it, it will grow into dimensions fraught with evil to the whole country, manifesting itself especially upon political occasions, which are always heated and excited, and full of provocations for the display of the worst passions. The negroes of the South, as a mass, are superstitious, ignorant and brutal, governed only by the lowest instincts, and incapable of comprehending the issues of a political campaign. Of course, they are not to blame for their condition. That has grown out of long years of servitude and enforced ignorance, and it will take long years to overcome the blighting influences of the servitude. But the fact remains, nevertheless. They vote in a herd for the regular nomination, without regard to issues or the character of the candidates, which they neither can appreciate nor *comprehend. So far from understanding* things of this nature, or being able to exercise the elective franchise after the spirit of the average American citizen, they can not conscientiously take oath as to their own names or ages, or the time they have been in a State. They do as they are bidden, and vote as they are bidden, by those who have authority over them, just as they worked under the orders of the task-master, and it is not all to be wondered at.

The introduction of such an element as this into American politics, and its manipulation by unprincipled men to subserve their base purposes, are something entirely new in our history, and the numerical *strength of this element* in the South only increases the certainty of the injury which it threatens. As at present constituted and used, it is a menace to Republican institutions, for it is [illegible] in a large section of [illegible]arism over intelligence [illegible]. Its only tendency is t[illegible] against blacks, than which nothing can be more unfortunate, or more detrimental to the interests of the negroes themselves. No one questions the lawful right of the black men to vote, but, when that vote is managed by designing men, bent upon public plunder, and represents only ignorance, perjury, brutality, and the lowest ruffianism, it becomes those in the North who have invested these negroes with such dangerous powers to put them under better influences; and this can only be done by turning out the carpet-bag tribe, and banishing them from the places which they have so long filled and so abundantly disgraced.

The whole drift of the Grant party in their campaign in North Carolina, from Secretary Boutwell down to the most petty carpet-bagger, was to perpetuate the animosities between the two races, and to encourage the negro in the free use and gratification of his ignorant nature. No restraint was placed upon him; but, on the other hand, he was crammed with falsehoods and filled with wild stories of the horrors which his lifelong friend, Mr. Greeley, would inflict upon him if he were elected President; while Grant, who had voted all his life, until he became President, to keep him in slavery, and had never done anything for him, was set before him as the savior of the black race.

In pointing out this danger to the country, we do not blame the negro for his condition, *nor do we deny him the* full and equal right to vote; but that condition must not be made a nuisance, neither must that vote be used for purposes of intimidating those who have sense enough to vote as their judgment dictates. Persistence in such negro ruffianism as disgraced the election in North Carolina is fraught with disastrous consequences in the no very distant future, and the responsibility will rest upon the heads of the demagogues who thus use it.

Now we ask the colored men, after they have read what these Northern papers say of them, to calmly reflect and see if they are not about to loose the confidence and respect of the better Republicans of the North by suffering themselves to be led longer by the few disreputable Radical rascals in this State, who boast that they carry the negro vote of Alabama in their breeches pocket. Men are judged by the company they keep and if the negro knows his best interests he will come *out* at the filthy gang and go with the great mass of the white people of the South for Greeley and Brown. In the friendship of the people of the South and the respect of the people of the North lies the greatest and only safety of the negroes of the South.

Alexander White, the man for whom the negroes are called upon by the Radical party to vote for Congress, opposed the [illegible] Alabama Convention [illegible] forever abolished [illegible] "the effect of this [illegible] *all hope* on the question of slavery," meaning that it put things in such condition that he (Alex. White) and other enemies of the negro could never put the negro back into slavery as they desired to do. But the Democrats did not listen to Alexander White and passed the ordinance forever freeing the negro in Alabama. Very soon after his freedom the ballot was given the black man and then Alex. White, smelling office through their votes professed the loudest friendship for the negro. Colored men do not forget that Alex. White was one of the few men who opposed the ordinance abolishing slavery in Alabama—one of the few men who did not want to give up "all hope" of putting you back into slavery some day. This is true and Mr. White will not dare to deny it.

The negroes of Gadsden assaulted and nearly killed a colored Greeley speaker who attempted to address them. They are not as intelligent in Etowah county as in Calhoun. Here they meet and hear all sides.

MEETING OF COLORED MEN MONDAY NIGHT.

Speeches from Prominent Men among Them.

No Fear of Greeley.

No Distrust of their White Fellow Citizens.

They are not afraid to vote for Greeley

Carpet-Baggers and Scalawags Denounced.

A Hasty Colored Brother Chawed up.

On last Monday night a meeting of the Colored men of Calhoun was held under the auspicies of the committee appointed by the Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club, to form a Greeley & Brown Colored Man's Club. At the appointed hour more than one hundred of the most intelligent and thinking colored men of Jacksonville and vicinity met. The meeting was called to order by the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. John M. Caldwell, who tersely and lucidly explained the *object of the call.* He was followed by Rev. E. T. Read, in a speech full of practical, sound and good advice. At the close of his speech, our excellent Sheriff Mr. C. P. Read, spoke to the colored men present on the political situation and their duty in the premises, promising them complete protection in the exercise of their franchise, whatever might be their political faith or predilections. At the close of his speech, the colored men present who desired to enroll their names as members of the club were invited to do so. There being some hesitation observable, it was suggested that any of the colored men present so disposed be *invited to speak, ask questions or* explain as the case might be. The chairman, acting upon the suggestion, did extend them an invitation, whereupon, James Rowland, one of the most intelligent, conservative and influential colored men in our midst arose and spoke for a short time. He explained to the committee the call was a sudden one, requiring rather too hasty a decision upon the part of the colored men than they were prepared for that evening—that they looked favorably upon the Greeley move*ment*, but were distrustful of any organizations, club or otherwise, (having once been bitten so badly by the League) which might operate to bind them so far in advance to any one candidate, thus indirectly destroying the freedom of their ballot, &c., &c. It was explained to him that association with the club did not operate so as to *bind* anybody, but was merely an expression of preferance for the time, &c., &c. He thought it more than likely that his colored friends after they had reflected on the matter, would join the club and go hand in hand with the resident whites, with whom they had to live and with whom their fortunes were indissolubly connected, to a common victory in November; but that to-night they would ask further time to consider of it, promising in the meantime to attend all the club and other political meetings, for the purpose of learning all they could of the situation. He was well received and was repeatedly cheered, especially in those portions of his speech in which he professed warm friendship for his Democratic white friends, in whom he professed a larger degree of confidence than in the carpet-baggers and scalawags, who had in the past manipulated the colored vote of the country.

He was followed by George Woodward, also a colored man of long residence in the county, and one who had perhaps the kindest master in the—State, a master that has probably done more for him since the war than has any other in the country—but who notwithstanding this fact has suffered the Radicals to poison his mind and embitter him against those who have been in the past and are now the only and best friends he has on earth. He declared emphatically that the negro would not vote for any man who had the support of the Democratic party, a party of which they (the colored men) were distrustful and afraid. He referred to the fact that the white men present could perhaps out talk him because while he was in slavery they were being educated at the colleges by the colored man's labor—their *bones*, as he expressed it. He said that the white men of the South had not taken *the right course* with the negroes from the start; that while we kept them seperate and apart from us, even in politics, the Radicals mixed with them and practically exhibited the political equality they professed. He referred with trembling voice and suppressed passion to the Ku-klux, and said: "One thing is certain, the colored men will all vote for Gen. Grant this time. *Keep your Ku-klux out of our* houses with their masks and their guns, saying they come from the far corner of the moon, and maybe by the next Presidential election we will begin to talk of voting with you; but now we will not vote with the Democratic party or for any man the Democratic party supports. We are distrustful of you, afraid of you. We know nothing of this man Greeley. We never heard of him until a few weeks ago and we are afraid of him because the Democrats have taken him up."

This harangue brought Jim Rowland to his feet. He said it pained him to his heart to hear such language; that George Woodward *did not* represent his race in the utterance of it, so far as Calhoun county was concerned; that George only spoke for himself and his own individual sentiments; that he knew his race better than that: that they were *not* afraid of Greeley and had full confidence in many gentlemen who were leaders of the party in the county and were prepared to believe what they would say.

He was followed in quick succession by every prominent colored man present, *every one of whom* denounced the incendiary language of George Woodward in the strongest terms, declaring the higher confidence in the old citizens of the county than in all the carpet-baggers in the State. One of them, Henry Whatley, recited his experience with Pister, a flown carpet-bagger. It was rich. He worked for him three years and got nothing but promises. He was a mechanic, and since he had let Radical politics alone, he had made more in six months than he had made in the whole three years when he was a Radical politician. He declared his unqualified adhesion to the man upon whom the Democratic party of the county choose to confer their ballots. Isham Woodward, a former fellow servant of George Woodward, the Radical, spoke at length. He said that George did not have sense enough to know the full force of his language or what his words implied. That so far as he was concerned he intended to act with the people who, when he was in need could and would aid him: that he never had made anything out of the scalawags and carpet-baggers and never expected to now as he intended to cut loose from them. He said in reference to George, that he had worked on a plantation with him over twenty years and that he (George) never did have sense enough to tell "big wood from brush." He suggested that the meeting be postponed to another time to give the colored men time to consider of the proposition to form a club, and then when called together they would be prepared to answer: that so far as he was concerned he was inclined to regard the proposition favorably.

The meeting was then adjourned amidst the greatest good feling on all sides. It was determined to meet again Wednesday night, but in consideration of the revival meeting, now going on in the M. E. Church, it was postponed. As soon as circumstances will admit, the meeting will be called and we will then see whether the professions made were true or false. If they join with us they shall certainly be protected in their choice, even at risk of our own lives. If they join with us, it were better for any radical incendiary villian, that a millstone were tied about his neck and he cast into the midst of the sea, than that he should intimidate or attempt to harm one of them for the free choice they may make. The people of Calhoun will have no fooling in this matter, and we now announce for the benefit of those knaves who do not dare to meet us in open controversy, that the first instance of intimidation that comes to the knowledge of the club shall be prosecuted as long as money can do it—that the first instance of actual violence practiced upon a Greeley colored man by them will withdraw from them the protection of an already injured and justly indignant people.

It is but justice to George Woodward to say that he explained his language and declared his affection for the white people of the south. He said he was only enunciating a truth as applied to his race, not personal to himself. (Jim Rowland at this point cried out: "We deny it.") He said he had not been in politics for two years and did not know that he would vote *this time.* The following is the list of colored men, who addressed the meeting. It includes Burrell Williams, a delegate to the Radical State Convention. Burrell says he will not throw one single obstacle in the way of the formation of the club: James Rowland, Ephriam Forney, George Woodward Isham Woodward Louis Donaldson, Alfred Grant, Washington Weaver, Manuel Atkins, Henry Whatley, Alex Forney.

Poor Erin.

The celebration of the repeal of the Party-processions act in Ireland has this year been marked with the greatest disorder in many parts of the island. For three days the telegraph has been bringing us news of the riots, and as we write the bloody work still continues. From Belfast the news is particularly startling. We shall look with interest to the end, although the end can only be the complete discomfiture of the mob and the utter ruin of many of the poor creatures. The following is the latest dispatch from Belfast.

LONDON, August. 20.—The rioting in Belfast continued without abatement yesterday, despite the warning of the proclamation of the Mayor and magistrates. The fighting was kept up by parties of rioters in various quarters with stones, bludgeons and fire arms. The magistrates began yesterday to swear in special constables to assist in supporting the Mayor in authorizing troops holding streets to fire upon all riotous assemblages offering resistance. All stores were closed and business was entirely suspended. Additional troops were sent for and are expected to reach Belfast to-day.

LATER.—A mob yesterday attacked three large warehouses and made a complete wreck of the entire buildings, carrying off every portable article and demolishing other merchandize. The magistrates are becoming convinced of their ability to restore order and have surrender the control of the city into the hands of the military, thus practicably establishing martial law. The commanding officers of troops issued a proclamation warning all quietly disposed citizens to remain in their houses, and stating that every person found on the streets would be looked upon as a rioter and treated accordingly. All public houses have received orders to close their doors and not to reopen them until permitted by the authorities.

As we go to press rioting still continues.

Joe. Speed, Radical candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, has been fitly described by Dryden as:

> A man so various that he seemed to be
> Not one, but all mankinds' epitome:
> Stiff in opinions—always in the wrong,
> Was everything by turns, and nothing long."

Joseph is accused of having belonged to all political parties but the Liberal party and we shall not be at all surprised to find him safely lodged in that before the termination of this campaign. Of one thing we are pretty confident, and that is that Speed will be the first man in Alabama to discover on which side of the bread the butter is to be found. Trust him implicitly for *that.*

ADVERTISEMENT.

It having come to my knowledge that Elisha Lester has told it publicly that I never did anything in the war but steal horses, I take this method to brand the statement as a malicious lie. Lester and I were in the same company. It is notoriously known to members of the company that he (Lester) made a very poor soldier, laying most of the time around the wagon train. My time was mostly spent at the front, and I never took a horse, except when under orders; which I am able to prove by B. H. Denman, R. P. Weaver, Bill Denman, Jas. K. Douglas, John Gore, John Graham, Harris Graham, Capt. Anderson and Lt. Jno. D. Rowland, all of whom were members of my company and who can tesify as to what kind of a soldier I made.

M. A. PARKER.

Select Female School.

Corner College and Main Streets.

Exercises resumed on Tuesday Oct. 1st., 1872. A thorough course of English taught, also Latin, French, German, Vocal and Instrumental music, Drawing and Painting.

Pupils may obtain board with the Principal.

For terms and other particulars apply to

MRS. W. C. BELLAMY,
Principal.

U. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Jacksonville, Ala., July 29, 187

I have formed a business connection with Messrs. Flash, Lewis & Co., of New Orleans, which will demand all my attention, hence I withdraw from the business in which I have been engaged here and leave same in the hands of E. L. Woodward, Sr., who will determine his own course of action in the matter. Thanking friends for past favors,

I remain,
ED. L. WOODWARD.

☞ You see from the above that my son, Ed. L. Woodward, withdraws from this business, and leaves goods, dues, and all in my hands.

I WISH TO CLOSE OUT.

Hence I offer hats, shoes, and many other articles

AT COST!

If I can suit you in the article, you can save money by buying of me,

E. L. WOODWARD, Sr.
aug3—tf

An Ordinance.

Be it Ordained by the Town Council, of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person, without having first obtained a license to keep a Livery Stable, as required by law, shall hereafter let for hire or use for pay or reward, any horse, mule, buggy, carriage, wagon, or any other vehicle, (except for plowing purposes) shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence or act so done shall be fined not less than five nor more than ten dollars.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary T. C.

VINEGAR BITTERS
PURELY VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 & 34 Commerce St., N.Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other **WORMS**, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal. and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

AN ORDINANCE.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Counsellors of the Town of Jacksonville that any person or persons found playing base ball, or throwing, tossing, knocking or catching a ball or balls upon the public square, or any of the streets of the town during the day, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars, for each and every offence.

JNO. M CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.
July 20 1872—3t.

J. & R. TRIMBLE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels; Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RAT

University of Alabama.

THE next Session will begin on the 25th of September.

Tuition Free.

The Course of Instruction embraces 11 independent Schools. The Normal Department is also in successful operation. For further information, send for Catalogue, or address,

N. T. LUPTON,
President,
Tuscaloosa, Ala.
Aug31872w4t.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county against Sevier Elston and in favor of M. J. Turnley & Son, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in Sept. next, all of Sevier Elston's interest in the following described lands, to-wit:—Part of Section 10 and 15, Township 16, range 9, one hundred acres more or less, known as the place upon which the said Elston resides.

C. P. READ,
Sheriff.
July27—6t.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county against Jonathan L. Elston and William Johnston and in favor of Samuel K. Borders I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in Jacksonville, within the legal hours of sale, on the 1st Monday in September next, all of Jonathan L. Elston's and William Johnston's interest in the following described lands to-wit:—Section 33 township 15 range 9, also one hundred acres in section 34 T. 15 range 9.

C. P. READ,
Sheriff.
July27—6t.

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seeds!
HEDGE PLANTS!
NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLATES!

Address F. K. PHOENIX,
BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, Ill.

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50. 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.

SEND 50cts TO A. S. PATRICK, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, Rome Georgia & and receive by return mail a package of Dolly Varden Note Paper and Envelopes.—tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS Now at work, or looking for some new book, will miss it if they do not at once write for circulars of the best selling book published. Extraordinary inducements offered. Pays more than double money. Outfit free. Address, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth St., N.Y.

AGENTS WANTED—For GOODSPEED'S **Presidential Campaign Book.** Every citizen wants it. Also, for CAMPAIGN GOODS. Address, Goodspeed's **Empire Publishing House,** New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

Agents Wanted—for the Lives of
Grant! Greeley!
WILSON! BROWN!
And the leading men of all parties. Over 60 Steel Portraits. Just the book wanted by the masses everywhere. Agents meet with wonderful success. Send for circular and secure territory at once. Address, ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 139 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

Do not Fail while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the CELEBRATED IMPROVED **STEWART COOK STOVES** With its special attachment, Roaster, Baker & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books on application.
FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St. N.Y.

BURNHAM'S New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six inch, is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D.C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa. & co.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the languid and debilitated system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, activity to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris possesses the most powerful tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curative qualities, and has been long used as a Specific in all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS of the INTESTINES, UTERINE or URINARY ORGANS.

Dr Wells' Extract of Jurubeba is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutritious food taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the *bowels*, *quiets the nerves*, acts directly on the secretive organs, and, by its powerful *Tonic* and restoring effects, produces *healthy* and *vigorous* action to the whole system.

J. Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. York.
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

CHEAP ADVERTISING
Advertisements occupying one inch of space will be inserted in 269 NEWSPAPERS, including 23 DAILIES, in the
SOUTHERN STATES,
covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana Arkansas Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri,
One Month for $148.
More Papers, More Dailies, Larger Circulation, Lower Price, than any other List. Special rates given for more or less space than one inch. Equally favorable rates for any single State. Complete Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and all information, furnished on application to
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.
Newspaper Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

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69 NEWSPA-
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for $148.
Dailies Larger,
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application.
ELL & CO.,
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Republican

Dr. C. C. Porter,

DENTIST,

Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and bottom Operating chair. Just re[ceived] a new supply of Dental instruments [and] materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth [wash,] Tooth soap, and indeed everything [necess]ary to success. So come one, come [all, I] will do the very best for you I can, [and] as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

[WE] ARE COMPELLED BY THE [RULE]S OF ALABAMA PRESS ASSO[CIATI]ON, TO CHARGE ADVERTIS[ING R]ATES FOR ALL COMMUNICA[TIONS] AFFECTING THE CLAIMS OF [CAN]DIDATES.

[We] return thanks to Mr. Jno. F. [Burns,] Burnsville, Alabama, and com[pany,] for an invitation to a barbacue [to be] given under the auspices of the [...]s Association of which Mr. Burns [is Pre]sident.

[The] young men of Jacksonville have [dete]rmined on a Tournament to come off [at] the completion of the Water-works [...]brated. Next week we may be [able to] give fuller particulars.

[The] political meeting at Cross Plains, [on S]aturday, was well attended, we un[derst]and. Messrs. Walker and Read, [candid]ates for the State Senate and Mr. [...]e, of Cherokee, spoke to the peo[ple on] the political situation.

[We] will tell our correspondent [abo]ut the feathered worm next [wee]k. Are waiting to see how it [will c]ome out. Now it is enclosed [in a s]ilk-worm net. Next it will [be a] butterfly or bug.

[In o]rder not to be too much crowded [with] manuscript copy on the eve of pub[licatio]n we have inserted one communi[cation] and a portion of our editoria[l matter] on the outside of the paper. [This w]e shall do throughout the cam[paign] as the necessities of the case re[quire.]

[A w]ater fight between squads of the [Fire C]ompany with hose attached to the [...]ugs on opposite sides of the square [was o]ne of the incidents of the week. [They] fought gallantly until the foreman [turned] off the water and stopped the [fight.] All got thoroughly wet, of course. [Ladie]s and gentlemen on the square wit[nessed] the affair.

[Pub]lic Speaking at Caloma, Cherokee County.

[We] are requested to give notice that [on S]aturday, August 31, 1872, there will [be pu]blic speaking at Caloma, Cherokee [county.] Judge T. A. Walker and other [spea]kers will be on hand. The candi[dates] for the Senate are invited to at[tend.]

[As] we write (Wednesday) quite a re[vival] meeting is in progress in the M. [E. C]hurch. Revs. Brandon, Slaughter, [Rich]ardson, Taylor, and Armstrong [have] assisted the resident pastor. Mr. [Dave]nport, so far. There is an en[coura]ging prospect of a thorough revival [of rel]igion in our midst, a consummation [devout]ly to be wished by every christian [heart.] The Presiding Elder, Rev. Mr. [...]K is here, but he is confined to his [room] with inflammatory rheumatism.

[Ev]ery Beat in the County ought [to ha]ve a Greeley & Brown Club. [We] are glad to hear that Clubs [are t]o be formed in Dale's and [...]'s neighborhoods. Oxford al[read]y has one, as well as this place. [Let e]very Beat in the County have [one, a]nd let old Calhoun, white and [black,] give Greeley a united sup[port.] The Club here will be glad [to fu]rnish any information desired [to p]arties contemplating the for[mati]on of Clubs. Let every Club [in th]e County confer with the Club [at th]is place. We will doubtless [be a]ble to furnish them campaign [docu]ments. We are already in [recei]pt of a large quantity from [the] Liberal Republican Headquar[ters] in New York.

[At]tention is invited to the school ad[verti]sement of Mrs. Bellamy. She is a[n] excellent teacher and a most ac[comp]lished lady. She has had large ex[perie]nce as a teacher and we wish her [many] pupils.

[A] well authenticated rumor reaches [us of] a negro fight on a plantation be[low h]ere, in which one negro was killed [and a]nother dangerously wounded. Ex[empt]ion from punishment in such cases [leads] to further atrocities. If we are [corre]ctly informed one of these negro[es] [...]s engaged has before been on tri[al for] the murder of a negro woman. [Th]e good of society demands that the [law-b]reakers be brought to justice.

[Mes]srs. Scott, Martin and Grant will [meet at] Scott's church Wednesday to or[ganiz]e a Greeley and Brown Club. All [favor]able to the move are invited to be [prese]nt.

[We] invite attention to the advertise[ment] of our friend Ledbetter. He is [so] well and favorably known in this [count]y to need commendatory notice at [our h]ands. We cannot refrain however [from] saying that he is one of the best [busin]ess men we ever knew, perfectly [upri]ght in all his dealings, possessed of [the f]ull confidence of all good men, pleas[ant i]n his intercourse with all with whom [he is] brought in contact and altogether [the ri]ght man in the right place. He [repre]sents a good house and will doubt[less] receive orders from all our mer[chan]ts.

[Communicated.]

"Necessitas Rei."

MR. GRANT.—During the last week I have made it an especial point as one of the Executive Committee of the Calhoun Greeley and Brown Club to approach several men on the subject of the coming Presidential election, and as my argument "per oris" seemed to fail somewhat in producing upon one or two of them the desired effect, I have concluded it would not be amiss to appeal to them through the *public press*. The gentlemen to whom I allude are true "*Southrons*" "*straight out*" Democrats—Southern men heart and soul, and would rather see the Union "in ruins" than Grant President. But the only trouble is that they are *too true.* So very, very *ultra* Southern in principle that they are likely to over do the matter. They go not upon the principle of choosing the lesser of two evils nor of taking for our Democratic choice a man who, when he saw our fallen President incarcerated and in chains, forgot all else but his christian duty—his humanity and sense of justice, and "seeing the right, the right dare maintain" in unselfishly signing the bond that released our beloved Davis from the dismal slimy walls of Fortress Monroe. Don't let it go to the world Mr. Grant that I breathe one thought against the patriotism of these men, or their love for the South, for I have abundant opportunity to know that they were among the first to shoulder the musket, aye and were the first to shed their blood for the South and her cause. But on the other hand let me entreat them not to be over zeal*ous on the other side. for* let every argument prevail to convince them that every vote they fail to cast for Greeley is one for Grant. Let them be convinced that this is a race for *life* or *death*—and that in effect if they do not vote for Greeley it is equivalent to voting for Grant. If they can be convinced of that I am sure their patriotism will never let them waver an instant and if they listened to Maj. Burnett's eloquent and logical speech the other night they cannot. I am sure they will come up next November in solid phalanx and put H. G. in the White House by such a majority as shall show the world that we are once again a united people.

Then let me say in conclusion friends (for you *must* know the writer and to whom these remarks are addressed) throw aside that unnecessary prejudice that cannot now possibly avail anything and remember that if you don't vote for Greeley it is equivalent to voting for Grant, and God knows that you would not do that. B. C. W.

Only five democrats in the State of Deleware refuse to support Greeley.

The republican majority in Maine in 1871 was 10,631. Rather a hard nut for the Greelevites to crack!

When Parsons was acting the role of Governor of the State of Alabama he was so superlatively Straight-out in favor of a purely white man's party that he would not even speak to negroes But when the Radical party gained control of the State, and had "officers enough for all" to bestow, Gov. Parsons, all at once became so *intensely* Radical in his views that very few white men would speak to him—when they could avoid it. Oh lovely Parsons!

Montgomery Advertiser.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY. Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL BANKS are not desirable; therefore, keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir SOZODONT. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Cold, &c. in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Milk, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &, in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The material of which they are reconstructed is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, arising from depravation of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F G Wells & Co, New York

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

A [BEA]UTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth [s]kin is produced by using G. W. [...] [Bloo]m of Youth." It removes tan, [...]rns, and all other discoloratio[ns of the s]kin, leaving the complexion bri[lliant and b]eautiful. Sold at all druggis[ts. This pre]paration is entirely free from any [...] detrimental to health.

GENERAL SMASH UP OF *OLD PRICES* AT

J. Rosenberg's Cheap *CASH* Store, and great Reduction in the Prices of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, DRESS GOODS & SHOES and especially CLOTHING.

In consequence of the scarcity of money at present and being determined to reduce my stock I will from now on offer my entire stock for CASH regardless of price and will guarantee a saving of money to all wishing to purchase any goods.

I would respectfully inform the Public that my advertisement is not intended for *effect* only but that the low prices our goods will be offered at, will satisfy all that "I mean what I say" and am determined to keep up the reputation of my establishment for being Head Quarters for Cheap Goods for *CASH.*

J. Rosenberg.

List of Claims

The following is a list of claims allowed at the August Term of the Court of County Commissioners 1872, to-wit:

Claim in favor of E. V. Weaver et al bridge appropriation	$300 00
Claim in favor of M. A. Parker, use, &c., of G. W. Gleen for keeping paupers	55 00
Claim in favor of M. A. Parker balance in full for keeping paupers from 1st May to 1st August, 1872	280 35
Claim in favor of John F. Hubbard for material and repairs on court house	106 00
Claim in favor of G. B. Douthit for material and repairs on court house	175 00
Claim in favor of C. R. Lester for making coffin for a pauper	5 00
Claim in favor of Whisonant & Driskill for merchandise for prisoners in jail	7 50
Claim in favor of W. L. Dale for clothing furnished prisoners in jail	20 00
Claim in favor of J. F. & L. W. Grant for stationary furnished circuit court and Probate Judge	15 25
Claim in favor of J. F. & L. W. Grant for printing for Calhoun county	141 75
Claim in favor of Dr. W. S. Acker for traveling to Jacksonville and medical examination of John Alsup a pauper	10 00
Claim in favor of W. L. Dale for carrying Columbus Ryan a pauper to the Tuscaloosa Lunatic Asylum	3 00
Claim in favor of A. Woods, Judge, for ex-officio services	62 50
Claim in favor of A Woods, Judge, for road services	22 50
Claim in favor of A. Woods, Judge, for indexing books and records of probate court	15 00
Claim in favor of J. Draper, jr., for money advanced by him for assessors book	33 75
Claim in favor of Joshua Draper, County Treasurer, for expenses, &c., in going to Gadsden on business for Calhoun county	9 50
Claim in favor of W. P. Crook, Clerk circuit court, for ex-officio services	50 00
Claim in favor of W. P. Crook clerk for indexing records of clerks office	15 00
Claim in favor of C. P. Read sheriff for ex-officio services	62 50
Claim in favor of C. P. Read sheriff for road services	22 50
Claim in favor of C. P. Read sheriff for washing done for prisoners in jail	15 00
Claim in favor of A. Woods judge, &c., for his services 5 days as presiding officer of the court of County Commissioners at present term	$20 00
Claim in favor of A. M. Stewart for his services 5 days as a member of the court of County Commissioners at the present term	15 00
Claim in favor of John Y. Henderson for his services 5 days at the present term of the court of County Commissioners	15 00
Claim in favor of C. W. Brewton for his services 5 days at the present term of the court of County Commissioners	15 00
Claim in favor of Joseph Borden for his services 5 days at the present term of the court of County Commissioners	15 00
Claim in favor J. F. Hubbard for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of J. A. Aderhold for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of T. Sparks for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of Robt. Page for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of R. J. Castlebery for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of J. K. Douglass for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of M. M. James for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of Wily Carpenter for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of Ab Littlejohn for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of W. G. Woodly for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of G. B. Douthit for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of W. J. Aderhod for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of W. W. Weaver for his services one day as road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of W. Glover for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of M. Sprouse for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claimin favor of A. G. Ford for his services one day as road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of H Bolinger for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of C. D. Fite for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00
Claim in favor of D. F. Weaver for his services one day as a road reviewer	1 00

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun county.

I, Alexander Woods, Judge of the Probate Court in and for Calhoun county State aforesaid hereby certify the foregoing contains a true list of all the claims allowed at the August Term of the court of County Commissioners 1872 as appears of record in my office.

Given under my hand this 21st day of August, 1872.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

H. Pierce, J. H. Jones
G. A. Morrison, Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.

Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,
SELMA.......ALABAMA.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING & MINERAL LAND IN AMERICA.

3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
THE
GARDEN OF THE WEST,
Now for Sale!

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
The Best Locations for Colonies.
SOLDIERS ENTITLED TO A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address **O. F. DAVIS**,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

TANNING'S PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.

Recommended by leading physicians. Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.

WORCESTER SKIRT Co
Sole Manufacturers,
Worcester, Mass.

$1,000 Reward!

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Bing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price [illegible]

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G STINSON & Co., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Me.

U. S. Pianos Co. N. Y. Price $290 No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its results, Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Billiousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water, &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Forces and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

(Shape of the bottle.)

SAVANNAH, Ga. — FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD — 51 NEW ST., New York.

Possessing powerful invigorating properties

These Bitters are positively invaluable in

They purify the system, and will cure

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.

All yield to their powerful efficacy.

Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.

to the wasted frame, and correct all

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and

The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY. FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life. PHYSICIANS THERE PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

JACKSONVILLE
Female Academy,
Jacksonville, Ala.
FACULTY.

REV. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Principal.
MRS. T. OLIVER, English Branches.
MISS E. LOCKETT, English Branches.
MRS. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Music.
MISS E. T. BECK, Drawing & Painting.

The exercises of this INSTITUTE will be resumed Monday, September 2nd, 1872.

For further particulars or circular apply to the Principal, or to any of the Trustees.

J. K. ARMSTRONG,
Principal.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S
ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.
NEVER FAILING!

KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

CURES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Frost Bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. ☞Of all

PAIN KILL IT

the Remedies ever discovered for the relief of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralize or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful—Relief is Instantaneous. Its is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth

Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

W. C. LAND,

THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that *may* be brought in. No brass or oride watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of *good watches made* new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.

nov11 1871—tf.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for said county, July 4th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of John M. Love, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement. A. WOODS, judge of Probate.

aug18, 1872—5t

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.
Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM,
Administratrix of the estate of Moses Latham, deceased.

june15'72—6t.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Are you out of employment? We wish the address of every man and woman out of employment. We have work for them, Address (inclosing stamp)

GEORGE J. JOHNSTON,
P. O. Box 181. Montgomery, Ala.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County
Court of Probate for Said Court. July 3d 1872.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of Margaret Love, deceased, this day filed in court his account and vouches for final settlement of said estate, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement. A. WOODS, judge of Probate.

aug10, 1872—5t.

Calhoun College.

THE Exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 2d day of September next.

S. FOUCHE, Principal.

Aug17—2t.

VALUABLE FARM

For Sale.

Being desirous to sell my farm I offer it cheap and on easy terms. It lies on the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad 13 miles South of Weaver's Station. Six hundred acres of No. 1 up land, 275 acres open; fine improvements—house of six large rooms, never failing well with pump in it, extra fine orchard of select fruit, gin house, gin, cotton press, thresher, barn and all necessary out houses. Will sell land alone or will include personal property.

Apply to T. V. FINDLY,
Weaver's Station,
Calhoun County, Ala.
Or REPUBLICAN Office.

aug17'72—5m

Stonewall Institute
AT
Plantersville, Dallas County, Ala.

THIS famous for boys begins its eighth annual session Tuesday, October 1st, 1872. It is located 20 miles North of Selma, near the track of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, in the beautiful valley of the *Mulberry.* It is patronized by many of the most distinguished men of South Alabama

The discipline is such as makes its strongest appeal to the manly aim and honor of the students.

Instruction is given at night as well as in day. All boys board with the Principal

Two Hundred and Thirty Dollars will pay for Board and Tuition from October to July 1873.

Circulars, with particulars, will be sent on application to the President.

D. C. B. CONNERLY,
Aug18 1872. Plantersville, Ala.

FOR SALE.

Offered for sale, a building lot in the growing and flourishing town of Cross Plains. Said lot is known as the Pete Hines lot, and lays two blocks south of Humphries & Robinson's old stand, and contains one acre. For price apply at this office. Aug1018—tf.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Bush as the guardian of B. F. & M. A. Maddox, minor heir of B. F. Maddox dec'd, this day filed in said court his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 29th day of July inst., 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
July 6 1872—3t

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots or Shoes from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

You can buy White Goods Notions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buying your Goods.

He means what he says.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, July 29th, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John A. Fleming, as the Guardian of Mary C. Whiteside, Wm. Mc. Whiteside, Emma T. Whiteside and Martha V. Whiteside minor heirs of J. A. Whiteside, dec. this day filed in said court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August, 1872 is set for the making of said settlement. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, July 29, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John M. Bagley, Adm'r with will annexed of the estate of Wm. Miller; dec'd this day filed his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August next, 1872, is set for making said settlement. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, July 16th, 1872.

THIS day came Josiah Hawkins & E. C. Brock and filed in court their written petition representing that they are the Sureties on the Administration Bond of L. P. Hawkins as Administator of the Estate of David Hawkins late of said county, deceased. That the said L. P. Hawkins has left the State of Alabama and is now a non-resident of said State of Alabama. They further pray that such proceedings be had in said court as shall be necessary to reserve the said L. P. Hawkins from said Administration and revoke his letters as Administrator of said Estate. The premises considered. It is ordered by the court that the 17th day of August next be set to hear and determine said petition and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the said L. P. Hawkins, Adm'r as aforesaid to be and apper at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 17th day of August next and defend against said petition and application if he thinks proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Manhood:
How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically.*

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box. 4,586.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Savage & De Rochemont, Attorneys at Law, Oxford, Ala., is hereby dissolved.

JAS. H. SAVAGE,
July 27, 1872.

A Guide to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will bring on the Menses: all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorrhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortyfying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, GA., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what it is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other certificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.
OPEN JUNE 15th, 1872.

The proprietor offers additional attractions this season—New, elegant, and spacious Drawing and Ball Rooms, beautiful lawns, exquisite air and scenery, while, the waters of these special springs invariably relieve Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia and Diarrhœa, and are for sale by leading Druggists everywhere. Readily accessible via Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad. Stop at Goshen Depot, where coaches will be in waiting. Pamphlets on application. JAS. A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

Opinion in Paris.

A letter from Paris, addressed by an old worthy citizen of New Orleans to a gentleman connected with this office, thus speaks of our national and State politics from a foreign stand point of observation:

"The action of the Baltimore Convention has been looked for all over Europe with almost as much interest as the Geneva Conference, and when the result was announced in Paris it soon spread over the city, and was regarded by all classes as the knell of Grantism, nepotism and Radicalism in America, with a return of peace, prosperity, and an honest administration of the Government. The friends of Grant in diplomatic and official circles, whom I met all over Europe, never believed the Democrats would have the wisdom and self-abnegation to indorse the Cincinnati nominations, but admitted that the game would be up if they did. If I do not err in my judgment of human nature old White Hat will sweep the country with an enthusiasm only equaled by "Tippecanoe and Tyler too," and the Rads may as well hand in their checks at once. If the powers above have anything to do with mundane affairs I hope they will preside over the Louisanna Convention to assemble about the time this comes to hand."—N. O. Times.

* * *

Colored Greely and Brown clubs are organizing all over the State of Missippi.

* * *

The New York Democratic and Liberal Republican State Conventions will be held at Syracuse on the 4th of September.

* * *

Events which have recently transpired, justify the belief that the Conservatives will carry California by a hadsome majority for Greeley.
San Francisco Examiner.

* * *

A Grant paper says that John Allen, the "wickedest man in New York," is out for Greeley. As John died some time since, he is probably glad to get "out" for anybody, and doubtless understands his need of repentance.

* * *

Mr. Greeley denies the authenticity of the letter *purporting to* have been written by him, giving an opinion as to the prospects of the Liberal ticket in the New England States.

* * *

The rumor comes from Florence that Antonelli and the Pope *have* quarrelled, and that the former threatens to resign if the Holy Father does not abandon his policy of hostility to the Italian Government.

* * *

Our Atlanta correspondent states that Messrs. Toombs and Stephens will take no part in the disorganizing movements of the "straightouters," but preserve "a masterly iinactivity" in relation to the Democratic nominees, whom they prefer not to support, and have decided no longer to oppose.
Savannah (Ga.) Republican.

* * *

A prominent North Carolinian, now in Washington, states that Judge Merrimon has entered into a thorough investigation of the alleged election frauds, and he (Merrimon) believes that, before the Legislature meets in November, he will have secured sufficient evidence of illegal voting to entitle him to the certificate.

* * *

A HUGE SNAKE.—We learn that a rattle snake which weighed one hundred and ten pounds and had fifty rattles, was killed by some workmen on the Savannah & Memphis Rail Road in Tallapoosa county last week.
Talledega Watchtower.

All snake tales heretofore told are withdrawn, with the emphatic promise to never tell another. The Watchtower goes ahead.
Opelika Locomotive.

* * *

A Southern gentlemen wearing a Greeley badge was accosted by a Grant man yesterday on a Fulton street ferry boat with the remark, "Well, I suppose you are going to vote for Greeley?"

"Correct. I shall vote for Greeley," replied the Southerner.

"On what grounds?"

"On the grounds of what he knows about farming."

"What does Greeley know about *farming?*"

"He knows that when a pile of manure gets too high it requires spreading."

Exit Grant man.
New York Sun.

* * *

A LIE NAILED.—The New York *Tribune* brands the quotation made use by of Mr. Lyons, of Richmond Va., in his letter to the people, in which the women of the South are vilely spoken of, as a fabrication. The sentence quoted by Mr. Lyons was printed in the *Tribune*, but it was printed as a quotation from a work called "Miscegenation" which Mr. Greeley was then and there denouncing in the most unmeasured terms. Mr. Lyons has therefore palmed off as Mr Greeley's sentiment which Mr. Greeley was, in point of fact, *denouncing* and *condemning as a vile and insidious attack on the morals of the people!* Will Mr. Lyons retract his false and slanderous charge? We will see.

RAVAGES OF AN ESCAPED RHINOCEROS.

It Kills Two Men, Destroys a Museum, and Does other Damage.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—A letter from Red Bird, a small town in Monroe county, Ill., gives a thrilling account of the escape from its keepers of the rhinoceros belonging to Warner & Co.'s menagerie and circus on the occasion of its being brought into the ring for the first time. The showmen had prepared the animal for exhibition by attaching to a ring in its nose two strong wire ropes, and twenty-four men were deemed sufficient to control the beast. It submitted quietly to being led from the cage, but on entering the arena suddenly threw up its head and, plunging madly to the right and left, broke loose from the men and dashed forward through the tents. Its first victim was John Gillem, a canvasman, who was knocked down, and, the beast trampling upon his breast, he was killed *instantly.*

It next ran its noseagainst Martin Ready, another canvassman, striking him in the stomach, ripping out his bowels, and killing him on the spot. It them made a dash in the direction of the seats, which by this time were cleared by the frightened spectators, and knocked down nearly all of the seats on one side of the tent, dislocating the shoulder of one of the employers and breaking the arm of a spectator. Running next into the menagerie tent, it upset Mr. Forepaugh's den of performing animals, after which it struck the centerpole with its head, bringing it down with a crash upon the cages of the tiger and leopard, but not breaking them so as to allow the animals to escape. Dashing into the museum tent, it broke all the curiosities, frightened all the people in the neighborhood, and rushed out through the canvass into the street, finally stopping in a vacant house, the door of which stood open. Here the men succeeded in capturing the animal and getting it into a cage. The damage to the show was about $8,000.

* * *

WHY WAS IT.—"Why was it!" asked Mrs. N——— of her own heart, as she was walking homewards from the communion-table. "Why was it?" she almost unconsciously exclaimed, aloud; "oh, I do wish somebody could tell me."

"Could tell you what?" said a pleasant voice behind her; and looking around, she saw her pastor and his wife approaching.

"Could tell me," said she, "why the Savior died for us. I have never heard it answered to my satisfaction. You will say it was because He loved us; but why was that love? He certainly did not need us, and in our sinful state there was nothing in us to attract his love."

"I may suppose, Mrs. N———," said her pastor, "that it would be no loss for you to lose your deformed little babe. You have a large circle of friends, you have other children, and a kind husband. You do not need the deformed child and what use is it?"

"O sir," said Mrs. N———, "I could not part with my poor child. I do need him. I need his love. I would rather die than fail of receiving it."

"Well," said her pastor, "does God love his children less than earthly, sinful parents do?"

"I never looked upon it in that way before," said Mrs. N———.

The pastor added. "My own little boy once wandered away, and was lost for one day. He suffered during the day, but I do not think he suffered as I did. He had disobeyed, and thus was lost; but I did not feel, while looking for him, that if I failed to find him it would make no particular difference to me. I felt that I must find him, or I could not live. God loves his children as no earthly parent can. I adore him for that love for us, but do not wonder at it, and I have taken more interest in laboring for the conversion of sinners than I did now that I feel that God does need his children, and that if their souls are lost, not they alone will be the losers."

* * *

God says, "Repent," The sinner answers. "I mean to." "Believe." Yes, I intend to." "Prepare to meet thy God." "Such is my purpose." "Turn ye, for why will you die?" "I intend to turn before the hour of death." "What thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might." "Yes, I believe that is the best way, and I intend to be zealous for God some time." "Now is the accepted time." "No, not now," "To-day is the day of salvation." "No, not to-day; I must attend to other concerns today." "Seek first the kingdom of God and his righteousness." "But to-morrow will do as well, or next month, or next year." "To-day, if you will hear his voice, harden not your hearts." "Go thy way for this time; when I have a convenient season I will call for thee." Thus does God invite, beseech, and command, and thus do men hesitate, temporize or delay, till all is lost.

* * *

Matters are still in an unsettled condition between Brazil and the Argentine Republic. Should the present mission of General Mitre fail, war between these powers is cinsidered inevitable.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Scarbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.

A. WOODS, Judge
of Probate

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE

TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of *Jacksonville* and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

[illegible] 1872—1y.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell *very cheap*

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

[illegible] y. All who have not [illegible] 's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers *for money unless*

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO
Feb21 1872—tf

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Whosale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja —61y

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchants

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma........................Alabama.

☞ We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.

Jan 6 1y

C. C. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant

(At Steamboat Landing,)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.

sept 23,1871—1y

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas,
Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas. and *that the Engine* drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb. bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE

BETWEEN

JACKSONVILLE

AND

RICHMOND, NORFOLK,

BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA,

Boston & New York,

BY THE

Virginia and Tennessee

Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line,**" the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route: rail to Norfolk. Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

☞NEW YORK.	1st Clas	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street.
BALTIMORE, 154 West Baltimore St
PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St.
RICHMOND, 1325 Main St.

C. H. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York.

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 29 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to this market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where wil be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranted.

June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

—O—

Keeps alway on hand a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums Chromos,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books,
Square and Oval Picture Frames,

Gilt, Rosewood. Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

—O—

WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

—O—

☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

Apr13 1872—td.

JNO. M. CARROLL. JNO. B. McCAIN.

CARROLL & McCAIN,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Notions, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

JACKSONVILLE, Alabama.

july13 1872.

ATTENTION!!

AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least

Thirty Days Rations

on hand. To procure these cheap you should

Come Well Armed

with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always

Ready

to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his

Aim

to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither

Fire,

floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.

Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.

L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Apr20 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.

—O—

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope houlder spoke is used; they are weranted to give satisfaction in every case.

—O—

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST' NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of.

Carriages Rockaways Phaetons Baroaches Buggies Coaches BRETTS, HARNESS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambulators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c, ☞ Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order.

jan 6 1y.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama. Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE.

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Squar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Proprietor

Dec. 18, '69—1y.

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machines. If so, you want the best! And that is the

Improved

WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) and would be pleased to sell to any one in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only requires 17½ cents per day, for 17 or 19 months, to pay for one. Price, $90 and $100, on a credit of 17 and 19 months, respectively, notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months, without interest, for the $90 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address

S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Deguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.

May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

THE GREAT TONIC OF THE AGE.

DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH
ORIGINATOR OF THE CELEBRATED DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS

DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S B[illegible]

Cures Dyspepsia, Debilit[illegible]ness, Chills, Biliousness, [illegible] Diseases.

WARE & SCHMITZ, [illegible]hia, Proprietors of DR. FISC[illegible] CURE BITTERS,

East Alabama

LAND AGENCY,

—o—O—o—

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Office,

No. 4. OFFICE ROW,

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of *REAL ESTATE* in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN. *RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.* It was the first and is **The Only Pain Remedy** that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, other glands or organs, by one application IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Drippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF Will afford instant Ease.

Inflamation of the Kidneys
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills, Ague Chills

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb,* and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threrds like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of hte Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free tthe system from all theabove named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No. 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 23, 1871—1y

[illegible]cksonville
[illegible]D, PRINTED & PUBLI[illegible]
DAY MORN[illegible]
J. F. & L. W[illegible]
[illegible]ERMS OF SU[illegible]
[illegible]ne year in advanc[illegible]
[illegible]t paid in advance,
[illegible]ERMS OF AD[illegible]
[illegible]square of 10 lines
[illegible]tion, ...
[illegible] subsequent insert[illegible]
[illegible] one square count[illegible]
[illegible]uaries charged at
[illegible]riage notices, ...
Annunciation
County offices, ...
State offices, ...

[illegible]ROFESSIO[illegible]

[illegible] M. HAMES, [illegible]HAMES & [illegible]rneys at Law a[illegible] No. 8. Offic[illegible] WILL practice [illegible] Law and Eq[illegible] 12th Judicial [illegible]houn, Cleburn[illegible] Cherokee, and [illegible] State. may20—1871.

[illegible]N FOSTER. FOSTER [illegible] *Attorne[illegible]* Jacks[illegible] WILL practice [illegible] houn, Talla[illegible]r, Cherokee, [illegible]urt of the State [illegible]Dec. 23d, 1865.

[illegible]J. TURNLEY, [illegible] J. & G. [illegible] *ttorneys* [illegible] So[illegible] General C[illegible] WILL practice [illegible] Calhoun, [illegible]burne, Cherok[illegible] Kalb; in the [illegible]te, and in th[illegible]rthern and M[illegible]

[illegible] C. ELLIS. [illegible]LLIS & [illegible] *Attorn[illegible]* Solicit[illegible] HAVING as[illegible] practice [illegible]ether, except [illegible]ounties of Cal[illegible]andolph, Che[illegible] Jan. 6. 1866.

H. L. [illegible] *Atto[illegible]* JA[illegible]

Savage [illegible] ATTOR[illegible] [illegible]OLICITO[illegible] COLL[illegible] OXF[illegible] WILL pra[illegible] State a[illegible] Collections m[illegible] Court of Cla[illegible] Pension Age[illegible]

J. [illegible] *Not[illegible]* EX-OFFICI[illegible] JACKSON[illegible] WILL att[illegible] be pu[illegible]patch. Feb17 18[illegible]

Dr. [illegible] Physi[illegible] OFFICE, D[illegible] *North* JACKSO[illegible] Feb 25 [illegible]

DR. W[illegible] HAVIN[illegible] andr[illegible] to the citiz[illegible] He can b[illegible] Ledbetter's [illegible] late residen[illegible] unless prof[illegible] March 1[illegible]

RAIL[illegible] South[illegible] Passeng[illegible] as follows[illegible] Light'g E[illegible] Mail train[illegible] Light'g E[illegible] Mail trai[illegible] Close Co[illegible] trains on[illegible] or Mobile[illegible] Texas. This is[illegible] to and fr[illegible]gers. T[illegible] issued.

H. Pie[illegible] J. H. J[illegible] PI[illegible] *Co[illegible]* Propr[illegible] Drake's[illegible] SI[illegible]

cksonville Republican.
D, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

ERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
one year in advance,............$2 00
t paid in advance,..............$3 00

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subsequent insertion.......... 50
one square counted as two, &c.
uaries charged at advertising rates.
riage notices,.......... 50

Annunciation of Candidates.
County offices, ...$5 00
State offices, ...$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., AUG. 31, 1872. WHOLE NO 1846

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For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$5 0
" "	6	"	7 50
" "	12	"	10 00
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" " "	6	"	15 00
" " "	12	"	25 00
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" " "	6	"	35 00
" " "	12		50 00
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" "	6	"	60 00
" "	12	"	100

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

ROFSSIONAL CARDS.

M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN'

HAMES & MARTIN,

rneys at Law and Solicitors in Chan- No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,

VILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of houn, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah Cherokee, and the Supreme court of State.
may20—1871.

K FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

VILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. ir, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme urt of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
ttorneys at Law
Soicitors in Chancery
AND
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

VILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, burne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and Kalb; in the Supreme Court of the te, and in the U. S. District Court, rthern and Middle Division of Alaba-

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C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

LLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice toether, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the unties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, andolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Savage & de Rochemont,
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW
AND
OLICITORS IN CHANCERY &
COLLECTING AGENTS,
OXFORD, ALA.

WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State ourt of Claims, also general land and ension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Notary Public
AND
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
JACKSONVILLE,.......ALABAMA

WILL attend to any business that may be put into his nands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.

He can be found at his office in Green & Ledbetter's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.
SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Light'g Exp. l'v's Montgomery, at	10,00 am
" " Arrives at Calera	12,50 p m
" " at Birmingham	3,30 p m
Mail train leaves Montgomery at	2'20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera	6,15 p m
Light'g Exp. l'v's Birmingham at	5,25 p m
" " Arrives at Montgomery	12,05 a m
Mail train Leaves Calera at	5,05 a m
" " Arrives at Montgomery	8,25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, or Mobile, New Orleans and all points of Texas.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills issued. Rates as low as by any other line.
A. SHAW, *Ass't Sup't.*

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.
Cotton Factors,
Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.
Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,
SELMA........ALABAMA.

NOTICE!
VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE.

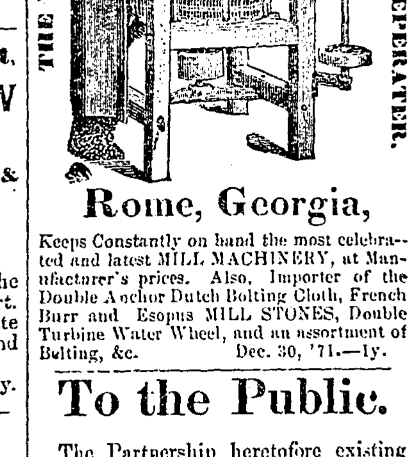
By virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will, as the administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of Joseph Pinson, deceased—sell on the *7th day of October next, on the premises,* the tract of land known as the Joseph Pinson *Home Tract,* about five miles South of Jacksonville, Alabama, and also known as the west half of the south east fourth and the north east fourth of the south east fourth of section three, township fifteen, range eighth, and the north half of the north west fourth and the north west fourth of the north east fourth of section ten, township fifteen, range eighth, east in the Coosa Land District and in Calhoun county, Alabama. The tract contains about 240 acres, and is regarded as one of the most desirable in the county—has upon it some of the finest quality of land for cotton, corn or wheat. The open land is in a high state of cultivation, and plenty of good No. 1 land to clear, well watered, and a fine outlet for cattle—no better place for its size in the county. Terms one half cash, the remaining half on 12 months time with interest. Note and security required.
M. L. PINSON,
aug17'72—4t Administrator.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, regular tern Aug. 12th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that M. L. Pinson, administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of Joseph Pinson, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 7th day of October, 1872, is set for making said settlement.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kipt in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivolent.

I have also a fine assortment of

LIQUORS
OF ALL KINDS

ot sell at wholesale.
A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

Nashville
Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
MARBLE MONUMENTS,
TOMBS, HEADSTONES,
MANTLES, URNS
Vases, Et.,
Of the finest
ITALIAN
AND
AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

J. & B. TRIMBLE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—:

Kerseys. Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather.
Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Crib
and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts,
also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions,
Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign
and Domestic
Dress Goods,
Very Attractive
in Style and
Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS

Now at work, or looking for some new book, will miss it if they do not at once write for circulars of the best selling book published. Extraordinary inducements offered. Profits more than double money. Outfit free. Address, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth St., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—For GOODSPEED'S
Presidential Campaign Book,
Every citizen wants it. Also, for CAMPAIGN GOODS. Address, **Goodspeed's Empire Publishing House,** New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

Agents Wanted—for the Lives of
Grant! Greeley!
WILSON! BROWN!

And the leading men of all parties. Over 40 Steel Portraits. Just the book wanted by the masses everywhere. Agents meet with wonderful sucoess. Send for circular and secure territory at once. Address, ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 139 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

DonotFail while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the
CELEBRATED IMPROVED
STEWART COOK STOVES

With its special attachment, Roaster, Baker & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application.

FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St N Y

WATER

BURNHAM'S
New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six INCH. is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.
N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa' 4w d & co.

WHEEL

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the LANGUID and DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, actively to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

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PRAYERS.

A mother prayed at the eventide,
 With her child upon her breast,
The Angels came to her darkeded room,
 And waited her behest.

'And God,' she asked, 'Thou Glorious,'
 Oh give my darling fame,—
Among the nobles of his land
 To win the noblest name.

"And may there be some spirit near,
 My fervent wish to bear,"
But the doubtful Angels silent stood,
 Nor moved to waft her prayer.

'And God,' she prayed, 'Thou Infinite,'
 Oh give my darling power.—
The might of soul that sways a host
 As the fierce wind sways a shower.

"And may there be some spirit near
 My soul's high wish to bear,"
But the wondering Angels silent stood,
 Nor moved to waft her prayer.

"And God, who art All-Beautiful,
 O make my darling fair,
That he may still from life draw Love,
 Life's sweetest essence rare.

"So every heart shall be a harp,
 Beneath his touch to sound."
But the shuddering Angels silent stood,
 And drooped their wings around.

"But if," she prayed, "Thou Merciful,
 He may not grasp at fame,
O grant him strength to face serene,
 A cold world's cruel blame.

"And if he shrink from earthly power,
 Nor aim to sway the time,
Gird thou his soul to cope with sin,
 A conqueror sublime.

"And if he sometime fail to strike
 Each heart to Love's sweet tone,
O may he tune to seraph height
 The music of his own.

"Now may there be some spirit near,
 My humble wish to bear,"
The Angels rose, on rushing wings,
 In haste to waft her prayer.

[published by Request.]

The Two Million Bill.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., Sept. 2. 1871.
HON. JOHN W. A. SANFORD,
Attorney General of the State of Alabama:

SIR—As you are the law-officer of Alabama, I take the liberty of calling your attention to the act of the General Assembly loaning $2,000,000 of the bonds of the State to the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company, "for the purpose of expediting the construction of that road," purporting to have been passed and approved February 11th, 1870. I entertain the solemn conviction and opinion that there is no legal or moral obligation resting on the tax-payerys of this State to pay either the interest or principal of these bonds, for the congent reason the act on its passage failed to obtain "the concurrence of two-thirds of each house" of the General Assembly, as the constitution requires.

For the purpose of proving the correctness of this proposition I refer you to the record—the journals of the House of Representatives of 1869-70, pages 368-9. February 7, 1870, Mr. Hardy, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, to whom was referred the bill to expedite the construction of the Alabama and Chattanooga railroad reported favorable thereon, with amendments and recommended their adoption. The amendments were adopted, and Mr. Springfield moved the call of the previous question on the bill, which was sustained; and the bill as amended was put upon its final passage and the vote stands thus recorded: Ayes, 63; Nays, 28. The "Ayes 63" is a mistake. Only 61 members are recorded, as voting for the bill, when there should have been 67 members voting for the same, to have justified it being declared passed, according to the constitution. The General Assembly of Alabama is composed of the Senate and House of Representatives. The constitutional number of the Senate is 33 members; of the House is 100. Two-thirds of the Senate is 22; of the House is 67 members.

The 32d and 33d sections of the 4th article of the constitution are in these words:

Sec. 32. "The General Assembly shall not borrow or raise money on the credit of this State, except for purposes of military defence against actual or threatened invasion, rebellion or insurrection, (without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of each House; nor shall the debts or liabilities, of any corporation, person or persons, or other States, be guaranteed, nor any money, credit or other thing be loaned or given away, except by a like concurrence of each House; and the vote shall, in each case, be taken by the yeas and nays and be entered on the journals."

Sec. 33. "The State shall not engage in works of internal improvements but its credit, in aid of such, may be pledged by the General Assembly on undoubted security, by a vote of two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly."

I have copied these two sections of the constitution for the purpose of showing that under no fair or reasonable construction, can this act be sustained or made to appear as having been enacted into a law, by receiving the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of each House. Let us first examine section 32 above quoted, and see if this bill or act has received "the concurrence of two-thirds of each House."

We have shown the House is composed of one hundred members, and that two-thirds of that number is 67. The first clause of this section says: "The General Assembly shall not borrow or raise money on the credit of the State except for military defence, &c., without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of each House; nor shall the debts or liabilities of any corporation, person or persons or other States be guaranteed, or any money or credit or any thing be loaned or given away, except by a like concurrence of each House."

Here, you see, a loan is made to a corporation of two millions of dollars, in the bonds of the State, *not having* "the like concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the House of Representatives; *or, in other words, not receiving* 67 votes in the House of Representatives, which is required by the constitution to loan the credit of the State, or give away or give aid to any corporation or persons, &c.

This two million bill being a loan, strictly is an appropriation under section 32 of the 4th article above copied.

The very caption of the act, as well as the body of the bill, shows it to be a loan, and therefore it is an appropriation under this section. The caption of the act is in these words: "An act to loan the credit of the State of Alabama, to the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company, for the purpose of expediting the construction of the railroad of said company, in the State of Alabama." Therefore, being a loan of the credit of the State, it requires the vote of 67 members which is two-thirds of the lower House, to make the act constitutional and binding on the people of Alabama. The merest lad in constitutional learning would be forced to decide that 61 or 63 votes, *not being two-thirds* of the member of the House would not be sufficient to pass the bill under this section, and make it binding on the tax-payers.

I am informed that the friends of this two million bill claim that a less number than two-thirds of the General Assembly can enact any law—that two-thirds of a quorum is all that is required to pass this and like bills

Let us examine and see if 61 or 63 votes will legally pass the bill according to the requirements of section 33 of article 4 of the constitution, which is in these words: "The State shall not engage in internal improvements; but its credit in aid of such may be pledged by the General Assembly, on undoubted security, by a vote of two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly."

The General Assembly is composed of the Senate and House of Representatives. The Senate has 33 members, and two-thirds of that House is 22; the House of Representatives has 100 members, and two-thirds of that is 67. The advocates of this bill pretend to hold that two-thirds of a quorum is all that is required to pass any law loaning the credit of the State, in aid of internal improvements. If such a construction of this clause of the constitution, is correct; then the checks and safeguards intended to be incorporated into the constitution to protect the tax payers from the corruption and bribery of the degenerate members of the late Legislature, is a cheat and fraud upon their rights.

Let us examine for a moment this extraordinary construction. The 7th section of the 4th article of the constitution says: "A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel the attendance of absent members, &c. What is a quorum, under this section, of each House? Seventeen members is a quorum of the Senate, and 51 members is a quorum of the House. Can 17 members of one House and 51 of the other be called two-thirds of the General Assembly? Can a majority of each House be equal to two-thirds of each House? The ten year old lad in his mental arithmetic will answer you no.

"A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business." What sort of business? Common and ordinary business; in fact, all business not inhibited by other and paramount clauses of the constitution.

Can a majority of each House borrow or raise money on the credit of the State? Can they give away anything or *loan* the credit of the State to any corporation or *person?* No! No! Then if a majority of each House, or a quorum of each House, cannot borrow *money* or loan the credit of the State, how is it legal or possible for two-thirds of a *majority of* each House to borrow money or loan the credit of the State? Fifty-one members of the House is a quorum. Why can they not borrow money *on* the credit of the State, or loan the credit of the State to corporations or persons? This would be doing business. Because a subsequent section (32) in the same article of the constitution, *says it shall not be done without the concurrence* of two-thirds of the members of each House." Cannot this quorum of fifty-one members loan or pledge the credit of the State to aid in expediting works of internal improvements? I answer no! Why not? This is doing business. Because a subsequent section, (33) in the same article above cited, inhibits the General Assembly from pledging the credit of State in aid of internal improvements, unless "by a vote of two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly."

Suppose fifty-one members of the House, which is a quorum, and seventeen members of the Senate, which is a quorum, (thirty-four members is two-thirds of the House quorum and twelve members is two-thirds of the Senate quorum.) And suppose a second Stanton wants another issue of two million of bonds, and has bribed 34 of the House and 12 of the Senate, and they pass a bill appropriating the bonds according to bribery, will any one say this act is binding on the people of Alabama? Most assuredly not. Then if these 34 bribed members of the House cannot rightfully appropriate and loan two million more bonds, how can sixty-one of the same sort, kith and kin, loan the bonds of the State, to the amount of two millions, of Stanton No. 1.

The terms "without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of each House" and "by the vote of two-thirds of the General Assembly" as used in sections 32 and 33 of the constitution are convertible terms—meaning the same thing—so much alike that one may be used for the other and should have the same construction. In other words, two-thirds of the General Assembly is two-thirds of the members of each House.

Then it is clear, to enable the General Assembly to borrow or raise money on the credit of the State, or to loan the same to corporations or to pledge the credit of the State in aid of internal improvements, requires the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of each House; which is 22 in the Senate and 67 in the lower House. If this is not a correct and proper construction of these clauses of the constitution. I should be pleased to be informed for what purpose sections 32 and 33 are incorporated into the constitution of Alabama. It was intended by the framers of that instrument to prevent majorities and mere quorums from making raids upon the Treasury of the people, to prevent corrupt and bribed Legislators from bankrupting the State, and to check unwise, reckless, and selfish legislation. For the purpose intended, I have extended this letter quite far enough. I will forebear laying before you the bribery and corrupt means that were used in the passage of the two million bill. I will forego calling your attention to the illegal act of the late Governor, in violation of the provision of the two million bill—in hot haste, and fierce action used—in issuing the two millions of bonds at once and in bulk, when the law required the bonds to be issued from time to time as the road was constructed, &c.

In conclusion, allow me to say, the efforts that have been made, and are now being made, by railroad rings, hired counsel and interested journals, *in behalf* of what is called innocent bond-holders and the credit of the State, induce me to remind these parties and all others, that there are in this State a *heavey burdened set of innocent tax-payers,* that have at last to be called on to foot the bill, made by this unconstitutional and illegal appropriation of bonds.

In behalf of those innocent tax-payers I take the liberty of saying all legal and binding obligations incurred under the provisions and in accordance with the constitutions, they will pay to the uttermost farthing; but all corrupt appropriations, made in violation of the constitution by bribed Legislators the innocent tax-payers of Alabama *will not pay.*

This is no repudiation in any just sense of the word. It is no disgrace to repudiate or oppose any legislation obtained in violation of the constitution and by fraud and bribery. If it is, then my disgrace shall be my glory.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your most obedient servant,
THOMAS A. WALKER.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., Nov. 30, 1871.

Editors Livingston Journal: A friend has shown me a copy of your journal, bearing date November 24th, in which you are pleased to pass upon me some very coarse, unkind and unfair strictures. It is a matter of small moment to me, what your opinion may be of my "depth of mind and reach of thought," or whether you agree with me in opinion or not on the constitutional question in reference to the passage of the two-million loan bill to aid the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company.

I presume that you claim to be just and fair journalists, although it may be in the estimation of some a violent presumption. At this time I have the christian charity to believe that you did not intend to do me, personally, any unkindness, or designedly misrepresent my argument which I had the honor to submit to the Attorney General of the State on the constitutionality of the two million or Stanton bill, so called. Inasmuch as you have (unwittingly, I trust) grossly misrepresented me on the subject of repudiation, and misconceived my views and arguments, set out in my letter to the law-officer of the State, I trust you will not hesitate to publish this note, and reproduce in your paper my letter to Attorney General Sanford, dated 2d day of September, 1871, a copy of which I herewith enclose you.

I am satisfied you did not have my letter before you when you wrote the article I now complain of. If you had, you certainly would not have made such gross blunders. You will find nothing in my letter on the subject of the indorsed bonds. My argument is confined to the constitutionality of the two million bill, and if you will do me the justice to publish my letter herewith enclosed, I am impressed with the firm belief that your readers will differ with you in the opinion thus expressed by you. "He assumes that the constitution requires such acts to be passed by two-thirds vote of the entire Legislature and not by a two-thirds vote of the members present, but this assumption rests on no solid foundation, and without this assumption, the argument of Judge Walker dwindles into absolute moonshine. Common sense (law is said to be based on common sense) shows that two-thirds of a quorum are competent to pass a law to loan the credit of the State to internal improvements. This is just what the constitution means, and what it requires." You certainly did not have the constitution before you when you penned the above quotation. If you had you would not have uttered such "moonshine" arguments. You say that "two-thirds of a quorum are competent to pass a law to loan the credit of the State to internal improvements."

The language of the *constitution* is entirely different. The 32 section of 4th article of the constitution declares "That the General Assembly shall not borrow or raise money on the credit of the State, (except for military defense, &c.) without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of each House, nor shall the debts or liabilities of any corporation, person, or persons, or other States, be guaranteed, nor any money, or credit, or other thing be loaned or given away, except by a like concurrence of each House." The 33 section, "The State shall not engage in works of internal improvement, but its credit, in aid of such, may be pledged by the General Assembly, on undoubted security, by a vote of two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly." You will very readily see that it does not say two-thirds of a quorum, but two-thirds of the members of each House, and by a vote of two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly.

The vice of your argument consists in not knowing the difference between the House and quorum, as used in the constitution.

The term members of each House means 33 in the Senate and 100 in the House of Representatives, and what constitutes a quorum is defined in the 7th section of the 4th article, which says: "A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business." What is a majority of each House? It is, without doubt, 17 in the Senate and 51 in the House of Representatives. This every one will say is correct. Then if 17 in the Senate and 51 in the House of Representatives is a majority of each House, what then is two-thirds of the members of each House, or two-thirds of each House of the General Assembly? Answer, 22 in the Senate and 67 in the House of Representatives. "*Quod erat demonstrandem.*"

This is a self-evident proposition, and will not admit of further argument to prove it correct.

The only way you can get around this argument and position is to call it "moonshine," "narrowness of mind," and "his legal opinions are entitled to small weight."

I do not stand unsupported in my construction of the 32 and 33 sections of our State constitution, quite a number of the ablest lawyers in this State, the first legal minds of the State agree with me.

In addition to this the Supreme Court of New York, a tribunal of high authority, has held the general banking law of New York unconstitutional, for the reason that it did not receive the "assent of two-thirds of the members elected.' See DeBow vs. The People. (1. Denio's Reports, page 9.) DeBow *was* indicted and convicted for passing certain forged and counterfeited bank notes on the bank of Warsaw. The bank of Warsaw was chartered under the general banking law of New York, which did not receive the assent of two-thirds of the members of each branch of the Legislatue, which was requisite in creating corporations. The Supreme Court held the banking law unconstitutional, therefore, the defendant was improperly convicted.

In addition to this the same court held two other acts of the Legislature of New York unconstitutional, for the reason they did not receive the assent of two-thirds of the members of the Legislature as the constitution required. See Commercial Bank vs. Sparrow. (2 Denio's Reports, 97.) The People vs. Purdy. (Hill's Reports 31.)

I will not trouble you any further at this time on this subject, only most respectfully to renew my request for you *to* publish this note and my letter to the Attorney General, which I offer you as a reply to your criticism on me and my letter. If you decline to extend to me this even handed justice, you will then please return me this letter.

In conclusion allow me to say something by way of compliment. I admire your pluck in "pitching" into the Selma *Argus.* It reminds me of the pluck of Billie Solomon's bull on the railroad track—the whistle of an approaching locomotive invited him to retire. His bovine majesty declined to do so, squared himself on the track and pitches into the locomotive, his last words was a hollow and blate. I admire the bull's pluck. I cannot say so much of his discretion or judgment.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your most obedient servant,
THOMAS A. WALKER.

We commend the advice of the colored man whose letter we print below to the colored men of Calhoun county. Ketchum is a sharp fellow. He was educated in the North, was a clerk of Carpet-bag Gov. Bullock, of Georgia, and correspondent of the Washington Chronicle, a Grant paper. He knows all about the Grant Radical party, therefore, and is capable of giving good advice *on* the subject he treats of.

Sensible Advice to Freedmen by a Colored Man.

An Ex-Clerk of Bullock and His Georgia Legislature, and Correspondent of Forneys Chronicle, Advises Colored Men to Vote for Greeley.

Eds. Sun: Permit me to address my colored fellow-citizens through your columns on the issues of the coming Presidential campaign; for as one of them, I am deeply interested in whatever concerns their welfare, and as a lover of my people I am ever on the alert lest an opportunity ascape wherein I might do them a permanent good. Such an opportunity now offers, and I haste to improve it.

First, let me say to my people that the course I shall pursue in this campaign, has been decided upon, after due and careful consideration of what would most serve their peculiar interests, unbiased by any other consideration whatever. I had, at one time, thought to be inactive, but were I to remain quiet at this momentous season, so fraught with interest to you and myself, I should be indeed recreant to duty, and unworthy of the advantages lavished upon me.

Without going over the merits of the two candidates for the Presidential chair, let us consider what concerns us most; and this brings me to the main question, i. e., how will the final result of this political contest affect the political and social status of the colored population of the Southern States?

This is the only question for us to consider, if we desire to promote the welfare of all, and are looking for the time when there will be no issue between ourselves and the whites of this country, a consummation I do assure you is most devoutly to be wished for.

If it were possible for us to remain neutral in this contest, we might do so to our advantage; but as this cannot be, let us do the next best thing, unite our efforts with the majority and cast our votes for our great benefactor, Horace Greeley. If he is elected we will have a double victory, for we will have a staunch Republican President, whose life has been dedicated to our interests, and whose character is above reproach; and we will have earned the good will and sympathy of those to whom we must look for our immediate subsistence.

On the other hand, if we are defeated we will not suffer, for in such an emergency we have nothing to lose, and "a fellow feeling makes us kind;" so our community will have at least proof of our desire to live in harmony and peace with them, forgetting whatever bitterness we have suffered at their hands in the past. This will secure to us their friendship, which is not to be despised. More than this we cannot hope to gain, for with the laws in our favor, our rights secured to us beyond repeal, we have nothing to do but to make ourselves as acceptable to the whites as possibles without being servile; for obsequiousnes, is as disgusting to a sensitive nature as arrogance is intolerable; that which is despicable is beneath respect.

For the sake of argument let us admit that Grant is equally as good a Republican as Greeley, and if you will vote for him and elect him over the opposition of the majority of your fellow-citizens, what have you gained? A mule and forty acres? No! but the ill will of those to whom you are beholding for your daily bread. By this course you will readily see that you are setting labor against capital; the one luxuriates while the other starves. Such a course you will find to be suicidal in its effects, and must sooner or later ripen into a war of races. At the close of the late war, when the passions of the people were at fever heat, and a reckless spirit controlled the defeated Southerners, the negro without the protecting influence of the ballot, and later, when he had acquired all the rights of citizenship, it was wise to follow the then dominant party at the North, for it had given you all that you had newly acquired, and Greeley and Sumner were the soul of it, so to speak, and it, your only ark of refuge. But having the laws on our side, and since reason and self-interest have resumed sway over the minds of the Southern people, and they have laid down their old and obsolete ideas, and have placed themselves upon a Republican platform, we may, without fear, accept their peace-offering, take them at their word, and so bring about that bond of sympathy between the races here that is essential to our moral, social and political welfare. The spirit which actuated men five years ago, cannot be tolerated to-day. The remorseless wheel of time pauses not in its ceaseless revolutions, and who would stay its course must fall a victim to his own credulity.

In closing these few remarks, let me say to my people that being free, their destiny is in their own hands, and they must work out their own salvation in this land, among this people; therefore strive not against them.

All the foregoing I lay before you in all sincerity, in all love for my mother's poor despised race; and all I ask of you in return, is to give me at least credit for honesty of purpose. I believe I am right, I advise for the best; trust me, for be assured if I go down to the *cave,* it is because the road to the mountain-top is surer that way. Trust me, except where your better judgment tells you I am wrong. You shall ever find me battling for your welfare, and should I fall by the way, 'twill be with my face towards the stars.

Your sincere friend,
A. J. KETCHUM.

The Radical Watchwords.

We have already told our readers of Strobach's advice to the negroes to "put their heels on the neck of the white man and grind them in the dust." We have told them also of Secretary Boutwell's repudiation of Greeley's sentiment about "shaking hands across the bloody chasm." They have doubtless heard the same sentiment expressed by Southern Radicals. They all protest against 'shaking hands.' They prefer discord, hatred, war. Wendell Phillips advises the negroes to "organize, arm and stand for their rights." This insane fanatic wants the negroes killed out. We now have an extract from a speech delivered in South Carolina by one of the carpet-bag aspirants for office, in which the same general tone, teaching hatred, strife and bloodshed, is observable. This cold-blooded, callous scoundrel said to his colored hearers:

"I tell you to *hate them* (the white people) and when you shall come *to die call your children around you and teach them the wrongs of slavery—then, swear them to eternal hate between them and the white man.*"

Of course, such a speech was applauded by the poor ignorants, and nothing which Sumner could have said would have cooled their temper, or shown the renegade in his proper light. He was their man.

But let us put all these utterances of leading Radicals together and see what they lead to—what they mean—to what ultimate end they tend. Here is the happy collocation: "I protest against clasping hands across the bloody chasm;" on the contrary "I tell you to hate the white people and to swear your children to eternally hate them;" you must "organize, arm" and "place your heels on the neck of the white man and grind him in the dust.' Can our readers fail to observe the harmony of design that is preserved in all these insane advices? Boutwell, the chief, draws it comparatively "mild." The South Carolina carpet-bagger is somewhat more definite; the Massachusetts fanatic comes square to the point and the accomplished Stroback tells us what it is all for. Now we wish to impress it upon the people of Alabama distinctly, forcibly, *earnestly,* that every vote cast for the Radical ticket is an endorsement of these atrocious sentiments. Every ballot cast by a white man for a Radical candidate says as plainly as words can speak it "I vote to have the negro's heel placed upon my own neck, and the neck of my children, that we may be ground into powder!" Who envies this feeling? Who endorses the Radical watchword? Who wishes to have the negroes heel upon his neck? If any man, let that man vote for Lewis for Governor of Alabama and for Grant for President of the United States.

The party of reconciliation—the supporters of Greeley and Brown—desire peace. They do not intend to place the feet of any one class of people upon the necks of another. An *equality* of rights and privileges is their rallying cry. But there is no "equality preached on the other side. That is not "equality" which places "heels" upon "necks," nor is that party a party of peace that advises it to be done.

Montgomery Advertiser.

"MY PRECIOUS COLORED FRIENDS, WE ADVISE YOU TO PUT YOUR HEELS ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN." —*Strobach, Radical Sheriff of Montgomery.*

Radicalism—Its Teaching.

"WE ARE ADVISED TO CLASP HANDS-ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM MADE BY THE WAR. I PROTEST AGAINST THIS ADVICE."—*Boutwell, Grant's mouth-piece, at Greensboro.*

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24 th, 1872

FOR PRESIDENT
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
THOS. H. HERNDON,
of Mobile.
For Lieutenant Governor,
E. H. MOREN, of Mobile.
Secretary of State,
J. J. PARKER, of Monroe.
Attorney Genrral,
J. W. A. SANFORD,
of Montgomery.
Auditor,
T. J. BURNETT, of Butler.
Treasurer,
J. F. GRANT, of Calhoun.
Supt. Public Instruction,
JOSEPH HODGSON,
of Montgomery.
Commiss'r Industrial Resources,
E. F. COMEGYS,
of Lawrence.
Congressmen at Large,
ALPHEUS BAKER, of Barbour
J. J. JOLLY, of Greene.
Rep. in Congress, 5th Dis.
J. H. CALDWELL.
For Board of Regents,
LEROY F. BOX, of St. Clair.
WM. N. COWAN, of Etowah.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

State Senate.
T. A. WALKER.
E. T. READ.

For Representative.
DR. S. C. WILLIAMS.
CAPT. J. M. RENFRO.
R. B. SIMMS.

For Solicitor.
H. L. STEVENSON, Esq.

The Liberal Republican and Democratic Executive Committees of North Carolina have issued a circular declaring that the election of Caldwell will be contested by Merrimon. The Legislature will be furnished enough evidence of fraud in one single county to work the over-throw of Caldwell and the election of Merrimon.

The Louisville Straightouts have been trumpeting it that Chas. O'Conor, the eminent lawyer of New York, was to be their nominee, O'Conor says he would not accept the nomination if they were to give him the world in fee simple. In other words he would not do that much to help re-elect Grant for the world, and thus perisheth the hopes of the Straightouts and the Grantites.

Capt. James Crook, Chairman of our County Executive Committee, requests us to announce that he has Campaign *Documents on hand for distribution*, and only awaits the formation of Beat Committees through whom the proper distribution may be made. No documents will be sent out except through regularly organized Committees and we would urge our friends in every beat to at once form their Committees and forward the name of the Chairman of each Committee to Capt. Crook that documents may be furnished them. "Greeley's Amnesty Record," "Self-Condemned" &c. are some of the documents on hand.

David P. Lewis, the lawyer, was a miller during the war because miller's were exempt from conscription. Along to-wards the close of the war Confederate money got mighty bad and meal mighty scarce, and when the hungry-eyed wives and daughters of Confederate soldiers would go to the mill for something to eat they were met with the answer: "No meal—just out," but when some of the hard fisted old fellows would come along with a silver half-dollar and enquire, "is there any meal?" the reply was; "Well may be we might rustle up a bushel." Nothing but the hard *money* got meal from Miller Lewis about the close of the war.

Our Congressional nominee, Col. John H. Caldwell returned Monday last from Clay County, where he has been attending Chancery Court. He reports Clay County all aglow with the Liberal Movement. He will attend Circuit Court in Cherokee County, and address the people of Cherokee, at Centre, on Monday the 2nd day of Sept. He will also address the people of Marshall County, at Guntersville, on Monday the 9th, the people of Jackson County, at Scottsboro, Wednesday the 11th and the people of Madison, at Huntsville, Thursday the 12th. He will also speak in Stevenson, Saturday the 14th, and at Lebanon, DeKalb County, the 16th. The above appointments we gather from our exchanges. We learn from Col. Caldwell that he will make other appointments as soon as he can, consistant with his professional obligations.

Capt. David. P. Lewis has a famous war record. He raised a company at the outset, but before he took the field with it his courage like that of Bob Acres *oozed* out at his finger's end, and he gave up the command and staid at home. When the conscript act touched him, he bought him a mill and personally attended to it, carrying out the sacks of meal and flour and throwing them across the horses.

There is nothing bad in being a miller or attending a mill, but there is something calculated to arouse the unspeakable contempt of brave men in the spectacle *presented* in the case of Lewis. Think of it, the lawyer playing miller to save his bacon.

The revival meeting is still in progress, several accessions to the M. E. Church and other churches being the consequence. Not only here but everywhere, it seems, the good work is progressing. From White *Plains comes a report* of forty being received into the Baptist Church and something over twenty into the Methodist Church. From the West we also learn by communication, which has been mislaid, of over forty accessions to one of the churches there. All around us Heaven has opened her windows and blessings are descending like the early and the latter rain. Under such circumstances, why will men die? Ask them and they cannot tell you. We do not know how long the meeting will continue, but presume a faithful ministry will not tire as *long* as good comes from their efforts.

Any morning, in the city of Montgomery, may be seen a ruddy faced, spectacled man, whose nose for redness would shame that of Poins of which Jack Falstaff said: It hath saved me forty marks in link-lights; it hath lighted me from tavern to tavern; it is withal a *memento mori* being significant of hell's flames." This individual when seen, is generally mounted upon a milk wagon. Being a milkman it would be natural to *suppose* that he is mild as his milk; but such is not the case. He is on the contrary, as sanguinary as old Jack Falstaff himself, if we are to trust the report of that old braggart to Prince Hal, after a memorable sham engagement. In proof of his blood-thirstiness, we adduce the following:

"MY PRECIOUS COLORED FRIENDS, WE ADVISE YOU TO PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM INTO POWDER"

Sale of the A. & C. Rail Road.

From a private letter written by Maj. T. C. Clark now at Montgomery White Sulphur Springs Va., dated 11th Aug., we make the following extract:

"Gov. Lindsay got here last night with his family and we had a long talk with him in relation to the sale of the A. & C. R. R., in which he told me he had sold; and the terms of sale, which are too long to explain. Suffice it to say, he says he has saved the State from loss. The company has given J. C. Stanton an interest, to dismiss all legal proceedings.—There are certain other provisions of credit of $500,000 to enable the company to repair the road."

Eutaw Whig and Observer.

We learn further that Gov. Lindsay and Mr. Clopton, of Montgomery, one of the State's Attorney's in the railroad matter, went to New York a few days ago to close up the matter of sale, which was affected by the Governor in the latter part of July. The interest of Stanton in the new combination was arranged by him and the purchasers from Gov. Lindsay, *and* we understand is of such a character as will dismiss all litigation, soon put the road in running order throughout its entire length and save the State almost if not entirely harmless. The details of the transaction are long, but we trust to lay them entire before our readers ere long.

A Challenge.

Beat No. 8 (Walden's) challenges every beat in the county as set forth below:

The beat proposes to cast a larger vote *for Greeley and Brown, in proportion to* the number of votes, than any other beat in the county. Beat No. 8 defies any other beat to beat them in the majority they intend to roll up for the State ticket.

The New York *Herald* says Blanton Duncan has taken the wind out of the sails of George Francis Train *so completely* that G. F. T. has sailed for Europe in disgust.

MR. STANLY MATTHEWS, a Republican who acquired some notoriety as a "bolter" from the Cincinnati movement, when it did not take his man, thus concludes a speech at a Grant meeting in Cincinnati:

For my part, I prefer
"To bear the ills we have
Than fly to others that we know not of."

Mr. Stanly Matthews possibly does *not know that he breaks off* short in his quotation from Shakespeare. He utters that craven sentiment only to condemn it; his next lines are:

Thus conscience doth make cowards of us all;
And thus the *native hue of resolution*
Is sicklied o'er with the pale cast of thought
And enterprises of great pith and moment
With this regard, their currents turn awry,
And lose the name of action.

Old Ben. Wade declares that the charges against the President are "false as h—ll." Old Ben. probably doesn't know how false h—ll is, but he has only to die to find out.

Forney's Philadelphia *Press*, a Grant paper, says; "Mr. Greeley has better qualities to make him a first class *servant* than to constitute him a *commander of men.*" Whereupon the Montgomery *Advertiser says*; "The very thing we want! The idea reminds us of good old times! Hurrah for Greeley, the old public servant."

We have received a communication from a valued correspondent, too long to publish, giving us a description of a Tournament which came off near Capt. Floyd Bush's residence. Fifteen knights rode, commanded by Capt. Wm. Pelham.

Minus Woodruff (Knight of the Red Plume) got the first prize of a $20 saddle, a $10 bridle and the crown. Wert Duncan won an elegant wreath, and lastly Shade Morris won a six dollar ring for graceful riding. Four others, Messrs. Findly, Glover, Bush and Wright, came within one of the valuable prize.

Plenty to eat near Bush's Spring was the next thing. After dinner Misses Tommie Fowler and Ella White were crowned by Messrs. Woodruff and Bush (for Wert Duncan) respectively.

Capt. J. M. Renfro, one of the candidates for the Legislature, being called upon, made an eloquent political speech. Our correspondent reports like successful efforts on the part of Johnny McCain and C. P. Read. We regret we have not room for the communication entire.

The call of Blanton Duncan on straigtout *Democrats to send delegates* came to a citizen of our place, encased in an envelope, franked by a Radical Member of Congress, with a regular Radical Document entitled "Gen. Grant and Amnesty." Why this close association? Can any one longer doubt that the Louisville Convention is the creature of Grant.

We hope to be able to give a report of the Liberal Republican Mass Meeting held in DeKalb, Wednesday 28th, in our next. Some went from here and we shall interview them when we can find them. And here we wish to make a request. It is impossible for us to be at all the political meetings. We would *like to report* all of them. Some of our people will always be present. Will *such on return give us a written or verbal* statement of *affairs in the future.*

We are deeply pained to learn of the *sudden* death of Col. M. J. Williams, one of the proprietors of the Mongomery *Advertiser.*

NORTH CAROLINA.

Senator Clingman on the Facts and Frauds of the North Carolina Election.

The following private letter was written by Senator Clingman, of North Carolina, to a friend in New York:

ASHEVILLE, August 18, 1872.

My Dear Sir—I regret that I did not meet you again before I left Baltimore. You have seen the result of our election, as stated in the papers. Caldwell owes his success to many thousand fraudulent votes. The Administration of Grant has an army of officers extending over the whole State. They nominally are revenue officers and deputy marshals, but their chief business has *been to manage* the election. There are numbers of them in counties where there is not a single distillery, a single acre of tobacco, and in which not a single Ku-klux is even suspected to have been. Some of them told me that their compensation was $5 per day and their *expenses.* They seemed generally to have been liberally supplied with money. I think they were required to make regular reports of their operations, and the prospects, etc. In the large negro counties their efforts seem to have chiefly been directed to the *importation* of voters and to the procuring of double voting by the negroes. This last operation could be carried on more extensively than the first. Many negroes have two names; they ramble about, and could easily be induced to register in two or more townships, either by the same or by different names, and could thus readily vote in one township in the morning and another in the evening. The unusually large apparent vote in certain counties was caused in this manner.

In this county (Buncombe) there was an active canvass on both sides, and yet the whole vote was 350 less than the voting population as shown by the census, while the heavy negro county of Halifax shows 850 votes in excess of its voting population. A like result occurred in many of the other large negro counties. While in most counties of the State the deficiency of votes is more than fifteen per cent, and in several of them nearly one-third below the whole voting population, we have the extraordinary spectacle presented in some counties where the negro population is numerous of an excess of votes over voters. This was affected by importation of voters to some extent, but especially by *repeating votes.* This last, I *repeat*, is not difficult to accomplish, from the fact that many negroes have no fixed place of residence, have more than one name, and are not easily identified, and are ignorant and careless about the risk of being detected. Many of them, for a dollar or two, *can be manipulated* as those having them in charge may choose.

In the counties where the white population predominates, the officers chiefly operated by agreeing to release those guilty of violating the revenue laws, and giving permission to others to distill fruit and grain, etc., *on condition* of voting the Republican ticket. Carrow, the Marshal, also admitted, in a published letter, that they had about 3,000 whites under arrest as Kuklux prisoners, and many of these men assert that they have been assured that they will be released if they vote the *Radical ticket.* In Rutherford county there are said to be 500 under arrest, and when there I was shown receipts of Mr. Justice, the Assistant District Attorney, for money paid him by some of these parties who have not as yet been tried, and who assured me that they had promises from him to be discharged without trial. This man, ill-named Justice, is the elector for this district; and on the day when he was appointed as such by his party, I heard him declare in a public speech upon returning his thanks, that they (meaning himself and his associates), had *already* run out of this Congressional District 1,000 votes charged with being Kuklux, that they intended to imprison 700 more, and would scare away a great many more. And his boast that they would thus carry the election, was greatly applauded by the convention which nominated him, composed as it was almost exclusively of Federal officers. Many men have been arrested in this section merely because they had in the year 1868 been members of a Seymour and Blair club.

In some counties, I am informed that there are in each at least a hundred small distillaries, the owners of which, by paying small sums to the officers, are permitted to go on without prosecution if they vote the Radical ticket.

In addition to these performances, in a number of counties they procured men to run as independant candidates for the positions of Sheriff or member of the Legislature, and thus by having no candidate of their own made many votes for the State ticket by swapping with the friends of the contestants.

By these several operations they have probably obtained 8,000 or 10,000 votes (mostly illegal) above their strength.—*Being paid by the United States* Government, and acting in concert under orders, they were able to effect these large results.

In this part of the State they did not effect so much, as early in the contest I assailed them constantly, and they became so odious that their efforts were materially crippled. Their success in most places seems to have depended in a great measure upon their escaping observation and denunciation while they were operating.

When it is remembered that in no one of our most exciting elections has there ever been a vote cast, coming within 15 per cent. of the entire vote, you will readily see that immense frauds must have been practiced in many of these counties. Besides this there was intimidation of voters. The poor men arrested, though innocent, knew that they would be ruined pecuniarily, by being carried hundreds of miles to Raleigh, and either being incarcerated or compelled to bear their expenses, and to employ counsel to escape conviction. Hence many voted the Radical ticket or kept away from the polls. To this cause in part, is to be attributed the fact, that in Rutherford, Cleveland, Yadkin, etc., *nearly forty per cent.* failed to vote.

We shall, I feel confident, carry the State easily in November. In the first place, while retaining late strength, we shall have many accessions to our ranks from former Republicans, who are with us on the Presidential issue; secondly, our whole effort will be concentrated on a single election; and thirdly, the tactics of our opponents are now generally understood, and their efforts will more easily be defeated.

I thus hurriedly write to you as an old friend, to advise you as to the condition *of things in our State.*

Very sincerely yours, etc.,
T. L. CLINGMAN.

To ———, New York.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Meeting of the Republican State Nominating Convention.

Indecent and Disgraceful Proceedings.

Charges and Counter Charges of Venality and Villainy.

Moses Nominated for Governor.

COLUMBIA, Aug. 22, 1872.

The Republican Nominating Convention has to-day, and particularly to-night, been the scene of the of the most turdulent excitement ever witnessed in a legislative body, even in Africanized South Carolina. Its decidedly black complexion gave a fair opportunity of testing the ability, honesty and political virtue of the negroes and whites. A few did make a feeble effort at reform; the majority showed their utter incapacity to frame a stable and honest government. The influence of money proved too powerful for the sable representatives of the South Carolina Republicans, and the majority of the delegates forced upon the party a candidate whose record is tinctured with the most reprehensible transactions of the last two legislative sessions. The lobbies, galleries and halls of the Senate Chamber were thronged with a

DENSE MASS OF AFRICAN HUMANITY,

which, with the thermometer in the nineties, rendered it serious and dangerous to the health of the few whites in the convention.

The lively proceedings opened with the election of Congressman R. B. Elliot, colored, as permanent President of the convention, which was *another marked* indication of F. J. Moses, late speaker of the House of Representatives, for the Gubernatorial nomination. After questions of the contending delegations from Charleston, Beaufort, Orangeburg and the other counties had been decided in the interest of Moses, the ball opened with

AN EXCITED & INDECENT DEBATE,

during which the most disgraceful scenes were enacted in the sweltering and foul smelling chamber. The names of F. J. Moses, D. H. Chamberlain, Reuben Tomlinson and Judge J. W. Melton were put *in nomination*, and then the opposing forces showed their hands in the most shameless and unblushing manner. Elliot vacated the chair and took the floor to make a speech, in which he charged that Comptroller General Neagle, who supported Chamberlain for the Governorship, offered $1,000 each to two of the delegates, naming them, who were in favor of Moses, to vote for Chamberlain, who was regarded as the "Financial Ring candidate."

THIS PRODUCED A FEARFUL SCENE

of excitement. Every delegate, lobbyist and spectator was instantly on his feet, and timid people rushed frantically to the doors, fearing a riot and perhaps bloodshed. When the noise and uproar had partially subsided Whittemore, of cadetship notoriety, obtained the floor, and he in part refuted the charges made by Elliott, but his speech principally advocated the claims of Reuben Tomlinson as the reform candidate of the Republican party of South Carolina. Whittemore had scarcely concluded when Judge T. J. Mackey, of the seventh judicial circuit, sprang excitedly to his feet, and he charged that Tomlinson had not only bribed the legislature of the State to secure the passage of a certain phosphate bill, but that he had also as a member of the same body

SOLD HIS VOTE IN THE BLUE RIDGE

and other railroad bills, and that, as far as Tomlinson's record was concerned, he was as open to bribery and corruption as any other member on the floor. At this juncture the excitement had reached its highest pitch, and the throng of negroes both within and without the bar of the Chamber, surged to and fro like a great forest shaken by a storm, while the din of

YELLS, CURSES AND IMPRECATIONS

nearly drowned the ponderous raps of the President's gavel on the mahogany desk. As soon as order could be partly restored Judge James L. Orr, who was a delegate from Anderson county, rose and asked Judge Mackey if he knew anything about $2,000 being offered to two delegates to control the vote of their respective delegations in the interest of Moses; and Orr further stated that he had this information *from the lips* of one of the delegates himself. Mackey excitedly and vociferously retorted that Orr had gone out of the Chamber and induced the delegate in question to make this statement. Orr defiantly replied that that was a lie out of whole cloth, and then the Chamber again became a pandemonium. The appellation of a violent mob is inadequate to give a faint idea of the condition of the crowd at that time.

ELLIOTT RAPPED

the large gavel on the desk with all the powerful force of his stalwart black arm, the perspiration oozing in large black patches through his check lined coat; but, though an expert presiding officer, he failed to make any impression upon the crowd. Then, by combined yells and cries of "Mr. President," from the reformers on the floor, one of the delegates

WHO HAD BEEN OFFERED BRIBES

of $2,000 by Moses, obtained the floor, and notwithstanding the noise, din and confusion made a clear statement of various attempts to bribe him by J. F. Moses himself. This was a bombshell in the Moses ranks and was beginning to *have its effect when that faction* choked off all further debate, and Elliott, by the vigorous use of his voice, arm and gavel—the latter being persistently brought down with all the force of a sledge hammer—ruled that balloting for a nominee of the Republican party of South Carolina was now in order. It was in vain that the minority moved to adjourn, and protested in every conceivable shape against this arbitrary and unparliamentary manner. They were effectually

HOOTED, YELLED AND CRUSHED DOWN,

and the calling of the roll began. This was accompanied by cheers and yells whenever any doubtful man voted for Moses. The space immediately behind the President's chair was thronged and packed with delegates, and while the roll was being called a quarrel took place between a delegate and Mr. Elliott, the President of the convention. What was the origin I could not discover, but my attention was attracted to it by the exclamation of Whitemore—"Put up your pistol, Mr. President; there is going to be no difficulty here."

Shortly after this the vote was announced that Moses had received sixty-nine—a majority of the ballots—and was from that moment the candidate for Governor of the regular Republican party of South Carolina, in the election to take place on the 19th of October next. This announcement was received with the wildest demonstrations of applause. When this was concluded, the tall and dignified form of Judge Orr was seen surging through the delegates to the centre of the Chamber.

JUDGE ORR WITHDRAWS,

When he had reached that point he stopped, and, facing the Chair, said:—

Mr. President—As I cannot endorse the record of Mr. Moses, I respectfully withdraw from this Convention.

A volley of hisses and yells greeted the bolt of the South Carolina statesman as he turned his back and strode to the door; but before he had fairly got out Judge Mackey jumped up and yelled out, "Let him go, Mr. President. He never was long on one side in his life." This sally of this political Judge was almost madly cheered. Senator Sawyer, District Attorney Corbin, Collector Clark and all the leading reformers and just preceeded Orr, and in that bolt is probably the disruption of the republican party of South Carolina and the first symptoms of reform and good government for the State.

The Bolters Convention met and with 51 members present nominated a very respectable Radical ticket with Tomlinson for Governor.

The straight Radical Convention met the following day and had a regular old fracas in which pistols were drawn all around

They finally succeeded in making the remainder of their nominations.

It is hoped a respectable ticket may be put in now by the Liberal Republican and Democratic parties.

READ THIS AND CIRCULATE IT.—It must not be forgotten that the laws of Alabama require all voters to register before voting. No ballot will be counted unless the name of the man who deposits it can be found on the Registration lists. This is a matter of vital importance in this campaign, and we hope that Conservatives and Liberals everywhere will see to it that it is not neglected. Those who seek the protection of the laws must first render the laws all due observance.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The "people of Mobile," who have so many kind nurses to take care of them these days, must feel like little Johnny. Hear him;

"See itty dackass, mamma, stan'in' all loney in e picsur."

"Yes, dear."

"Nursey been tellin' Donney all about itty dackass. He hasn't any mamma to make him dood, an' no kind nursey 't all. Poor itty dackass hasn't any overtoat yike Donney's 't all. Oo solly mamma?"

"Yes, dear."

"Poor itty dackass. Dot nobody 't all to turl his hair pretty, an' he hasn't dot no soos or tockies on his foots. Dot to yun an' tick all day in e dirt. Tan' ever be put to seepy in his itty beddy 't all—

"Mamma!"

"What, Johnny?"

"I wiss I was a itty dackass!"

A. W. LEDBETTER,
ALABAMA, WITH
JEHIAL READ. NATHANIEL NORTON.
Jehial Read & Co.
Late Geo. W. & Jehial Read,
MANUF'S & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FUR and WOOL HATS,
Straw Goods, Umbrellas &c.
No. 468 Broadway,
Adjoining Cochran, McLean & Co.
NEW-YORK.

Stevenson's Old Mills.

I have lately purchased the Seymour Mills, 2½ miles South of Jacksonville, and put them in

GOOD REPAIR

and am now prepaired for grinding wheat, corn, &c., in the best style. I propose to saw lumber on the shares. My cotton gin (Brown's Improved Machine) will be ready for the incoming crop—will gin for the 15th.

Come one, come all! and give me a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALEX. O. STEWART.

aug31l872.—tf.

Sale of Valuable Land by Administratrix.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 17th day of August, 1872. I will proceed to sell at the late residence of Charles Littlejohn, deceased, on Monday 23d day of September, 1872, at public outcry to the highest bidder on a credit of one, two and three years all the lands belonging to the estate of said decedent, including the dower incumberances, which lands are described as follows, viz: The dower interest and incumberance is 119 60-100 acres, bounded as follows, viz: On th north by the Cherokee line, on the west by the western boundary of section four, on the South by section line between sections four and nine, and on the east by fraction "B." The entire body of lands known and described as follows, to-wit: The north part of fraction "D" section four, township thirteen, range nine, forty acres off of the south end of said fraction being previously sold the balance being twenty-three and 60-100 acres; also the north west fractional fourth of fractional section four containing 125 71-100 acres; also north west fourth of north east fourth section four, containing 40 6-100 acres; also east part of the north east fractional fourth of fractional section five, containing 49 69-100 acres; also north west quarter of north east fractional quarter of fractional section five, containing 42 80-100 acres; also fraction "C" of section four, containing fifty-six acres—all lying and being in township thirteen, range nine, and in Calhoun county, Alabama. Note and two good and solvent securities in equal annual payments will be required of the purchaser to secure the purchase money after deducting 10 per cent. which the purchaser will be required to pay in cash.

VIENNA LITTLEJOHN,
Adm'x of estate of
CHARLES LITTLEJOHN,
Deceased.

aug31l872—3t.

Select Female School.

Corner College and Main Streets.

Exercises resumed on Tuesday Oct. 1st., 1872. A thorough course of English taught, also Latin, French, German, Vocal and Instrumental music, Drawing and Painting.

Pupils may obtain board with the Principal.

For terms and other particulars apply to

MRS. W. C. BELLAMY,
Principal.

AN ORDINANCE.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Counsellors of the Town of Jacksonville; that any person or persons found playing base ball, or throwing, tossing knocking or catching a ball or balls upon the public square, or any of the streets of the *town during* the day, *shall be fined* not less than one nor more than five dollars, for each and every offence.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.

July 20 1872—3t.

An Ordinance.

Be it Ordained by the Town Council, of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person, without having first obtained a license to keep a Livery Stable, as required by law, shall hereafter let for hire or use for pay or reward, any horse, mule, buggy, carriage, wagon, or any other vehicle, (except for plowing purposes) shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence or act so done shall be fined not less than five nor more than ten dollars.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary T. C.

Jacksonville, Ala., July 29, 1672.

I have formed a business connection with Messrs. Flash, Lewis & Co., of New Orleans, which will demand all my attention, hence I withdraw from the business in which I have been engaged here and leave same in the hands of E L. Woodward, Sr., who will determine his own course of action in the matter. Thanking friends for past favors,

I remain,
ED. L. WOODWARD.

☞ You see from the above that my son, Ed. L. Woodward, withdraws from this business, and leaves goods, dues, and all in my hands.

I WISH TO CLOSE OUT.

Hence I offer hats, shoes, and many other articles

AT COST!

If I can suit you in the article, you can save money by buying of me,

E. L. WOODWARD, Sr.

aug3—tf

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PURELY DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce St., N. Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile **Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors,** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been *most successful.* **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other **WORMS,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal. and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THNIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell *very cheap*

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Feb24l872—tf.

University of Alabama.

THE next Session will begin on the 25th of September.

Tuition Free.

The Course of Instruction embraces 11 independent Schools. The Normal Department is also in successful operation.

For further information, send for Catalogue, or address,

N. T. LUPTON,
President.
Aug31872w4t. Tuscaloosa, Ala.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county against Sevier Elston and in favor of M. J. Turnley & Son, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in Sept. next all of Sevier Elston's interest in the following described lands, to-wit:—Part of Section 10 and 15. Township 16, range 9, one hundred acres more or less, known as the place upon which the said Elston resides.

C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county against Jonathan L. Elston and William Johnston and in favor of Samuel K. Borders I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in Jacksonville, within the legal hours of sale, on the 1st Monday in September next, all of Jonathan L. Elston's and William Johnston's interest in the following described lands *to-wit:*—Section 33 township 15 range 9, also one hundred acres in section 34 T. 15 range 9.

C. P. READ,
July27—6t. Sheriff.

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seeds

HEDGE PLANTS!

NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLATES!

Address F. K. PHŒNIX,

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, ILL.

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.

SEND 50cts TO A. S. PATRICK BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER Rome Georgia & and receive by return mail a package of Dolly Varden Note Paper and Envelopes.—tf.

CHEAP ADVERTISING

Advertisements occupying ONE INCH of space will be inserted in **269 NEWSPAPERS,** including **23 DAILIES,** in

SOUTHERN STATES,

covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Dllaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana Aakansas Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri,

One Month for $148.

More Papers. More Dailies Larger Circulation, Lower Price, than any other List. Special rates given for more or less pace than one inch. Equally favorable quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and full information, furnished on application.

GEO. P ROWELL & CO.
Newspaper Advertising Agents. 41 **Park Row, New York.**

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the LANGUID and DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength *to the weak, animation to the* dejected, activity to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris possesses the MOST POWERFUL tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curitive qualities and has been long used as a SPECIFIC in an all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS of the INTESTINES, UTERINE or URINARY ORGANS.

Dr Wells Extract of Jurubeba

It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutricious food taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself *through* the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the *bowels, quiets* the nerves, acts directly on the secretive organs, and by its powerful *Tonic* and restoring effects produces *healthy* and *vigorous* action to the whole system.

J. Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. York,
Sole Agent for the United States.

☞ Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular. 4w—1t

Agents Wanted—for the Lives of

Grant! Greeley!
WILSON! BROWN!

And the leading men of all parties. Over 40 Steel Portraits. Just the book wanted by the masses everywhere. Agents meet with wonderful success. Send for circular and secure territory at once. Address, ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 139 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

Donot Fail while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the

CELEBRATED IMPROVED

STEWART COOK STOVES

With its special attachment, Roaster, Baker & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application.

FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St N Y

BURNHAM'S

WATER WHEEL

New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six INCH, is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.

N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa. 4w d & co.

BOOK AGENTS

Now at work, or looking for some new book, will miss it if they do not at once write for circulars of the best selling book published. Extraordinary inducements offered. Profits more than double money. Outfit free. Address, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth St., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—For GOODSPEED'S

Presidential Campaign Book,

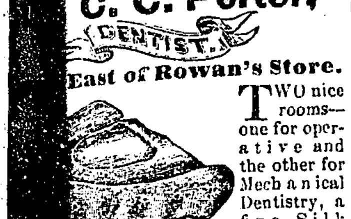
Every citizen wants it. Also, for CAMPAIGN GOODS. Address, **Goodspeed's Empire Publishing House,** New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

publican

C. C. Porter,

DENTIST.

East of Rowan's Store.



TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and ttom Operating chair. Just re ew supply of Dental instruments rials.—Tooth powders, Mouth oth soap, and indeed everything to success. So come one, come do the very best for you I can, little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

E COMPELLED BY THE F ALABAMA PRESS ASSO TO CHARGE ADVERTIS TES FOR ALL COMMUNICA FFECTING THE CLAIMS OF ATES.

Y. M. C. A.

ay Revs. Slaughter and Deaect some of our young men at Church, after young men's eeting, and a Young Men's Association, for this place, was consisting of seventeen memgin with and officered as fol L. Swan, President; Jas. B. Vice President; Sam P. Snow, ; John M. Caldwell, Treasurer. a movement that will result in d to our community, and all y we. to the young men who gurated it. There will be aneting this (Saturday) evening. young men interested in the thy enterprise are invited to

are only five candidates out in County for the House of Repes.

sorry to have to announce that pillar has appeared in the cotabouts, for the first time in We had hoped that our latitude us from this pest.

e on the outside of our paper m headed the "Straight-out t Engineered from Washing The Washington correspondence ew York *Herald* substantiates therein set forth. The Louisvention is a creature of Grant. ocrat can conscientiously supnominees should nominations be ll by Grant's side show.

the water pipes are empty, and essary to turn the water on, it of advantage to some to know pipes will fill with ten-fold rahen the air is allowed to pass out e water. To effect this the fire the foot of the hill near the of Judge Turnley should be then the plug near Mrs. Sprewdence and lastly the one at Rowner. The pipes then fill with pidity.

se with a swollen leg was the m for Monday. Dr. Linder trot out. None of the horse men ll what was the matter with him. e, erysipilas, snakebite and ailments" were discussed withfactory result. The animal is as to be about."

sden gentleman "stopped over" hours in Jacksonville Monday. d played, the water works spout people blowed and the Gadsden s heard to remark that he had Jacksonville but the half had not d him.

ld be a good thing for the mar have the hose brought out every and sprinkle the trees planted e square until the hot season is Il preserved the trees will be a essing to the town next Summer. watered they will all die before

terms are strictly cash. I ive thirty days time when arrangements are made at e of purchasing, positively ger time will be given. Do k it.

L. J. PARR.

orse for Sale.—A first rate or sale, at a most moderate price. ualities, good parts &c. Inquire office.

c Speaking at Davis Town.

Editor: About 11 o'clock on y, the 24 inst., the citizens of Town and vicinity met in the y to hear the issues of the day ed by the county candidates and entlemen.

e T. A. Walker, Col. E. T. Read, m. M. Hames and H. L. Stevene present. Revs. T. J. Slaugh R. W. Scott were also present. s was the appointed hour to begin s of meetings at this place, Mr. ter stated to the audience that as important to them to hear the ion, and perhaps their only opity during the campaign, and, s a good civil government was aby necessary for the maintainance opagation of christianity, that he postpone religious services until xt day by asking Col. Read to ith prayer.

Hames was now loudly called for ok the stand.

Editor, to attempt to report Col. s' oration unless given entire would ustice to the gentleman and the itself; suffice it to say he spoke one and a half hours, and, in my n, it was the most logical, impresconvincing and conclusive Greeley that it has been my good fortune ten to during the canvass. Col. s stated that he was not an aspirant for official honors, but that he addressed the citizens as a private citizen, having a mutual interest in the election of Mr. Greeley, the statesman and philosopher.

Judging of the interest manifested, sir, and the attention paid to Col. Hames' remarks, his highly intelligent audience, male and female, fully endorsed them.

If the County Executive Committee has not appointed the County Elector, as suggested by the State Executive Committee, I would most respectfully suggest Col. Hames for that honorable position.

After Col. Hames concluded Judge T. A. Walker entertained the audience for 90 minutes followed by Col. E. T. Read.

It would be invidious to make a distinction between the able speeches of these gentlemen. As well as I could ascertain the people seemed to be well pleased with both of them, and fully believe that Calhoun could be ably represented by either in the next Alabama Senate.

The hour of five having arrived the meeting adjourned.

The gentlemen from Jacksonville were most hospitably entertained by Messrs. J. F. Davis and John W. McDaniel.

CITIZEN.

"LET US CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM."—*Horace Greeley.*

A Card from a Repentant Sinner—The Delirium of Iniquity.

Louisville, August 17.—Rev. Gilbert H. Robertson publishes a card in the *Courier-Journal*, in which he says:

Suffer me to make a few statements respecting the terrible calamity that has so recently befallen me. The lady with whom my name has been so unfortunately associated has always occupied the very highest social position. I went to meet her at her urgent and repeated solicitations. I went from motives of pure kindness and sympathy. In the whole sad affair I was conscious of no criminal intent and no criminal act. I can prove beyond all cavil her exact identity, but I shall never be guilty of such dishonor, unless driven to the point where honor demands its revelation By some drug or potion I was suddenly brought under a baleful and potent influence that overthrew my reason, bewildered my judgment, leading me into such insane acts, and into such certain and frightful exposures. Out of the profound and awful gloom of these fatal hours memory can invoke but a few detached and insignificant incidents. I shall not gratify a greedy taste for scandal by detailing them.

When on my return home that memorable Friday night—awakening from my delirium, I began first to reflect on what had occurred, it all seemed as a wild and unnatural dream; I did not realize the enormity of my exposure until startled by the ravelation of a reporter the next Monday morning. I was filled with such sudden and unutterable dismay that my courage and my manhood forsook me, and I denied the truth. It was weak—was cowardly—was sinful, and for it I have suffered the humiliation and the anguish of the most bitter self-accusation. I confess it—that at the coming of that sudden peril, so much more fearful than death, I was appalled and coward to the truth.

I left Louisville that night in fulfillment of an engagement made a week previous to meet my wife in Cincinnati, on Tuesday morning, at the early train from Xenia. Mr. Davidson, one of the elders, was to telegraph me if it was necessary for me to return. I met my wife in Cincinnati, and we dined at the Burnett House. I did not receive Mr. Davidson's dispatch, and we left together on the cars, she stopping at Xenia, and I proceeding on my way East. I had still a strong hope that this fearful affair might not be made public. On Sabbath—the very Sabbath on which I was so slanderously reported to have been with some woman about a depot in the city—in the church where I was baptized, in which I was reared, where nearly all the people knew me and my history, I was so urged by pastor and people to preach just once for them that, sad and broken as I was, having no excuse I dared to give, I consented and preached; and this invitation, given, to me under such agony of terror and humiliation, was the first ever extended to any minister outside their own particular denomination since the organization of the church, nearly a century ago. This incident may serve to show the estimation in which I was held in the home of my childhood and youth.

This is the first and last public statement I have to give respecting this terrible affair.

I have no plea to make for myself except these facts. I have gone down into the depths and endured the full agony of humiliation and shame, and felt the hot tears of penitence. But I shall not parade my grief nor the grief of my stricken family.

The Presbytery will meet next Tuesday. I shall appear before it and make a full and honest statement and confession, and to its judgment shall submit my case.

I cannot close without acknowledging the deep personal wrong and injury I have done my friends here who gave me such confidence, and also my unspeakable gratefulness to them for their ready and tender sympathy for mine and me this dark and dreadful hour.

Gilbert H. Robertson.

First Annual Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of Alabama will be Held at Selma September 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th, 1872

Arrangements have been made with the following roads to return *free* all who may attend as delegates: Selma, Rome and Dalton, Alabama Central, Western Railroad Company of Alabama, Montgomery and Eufaula, and Alabama and Chattanooga The citizens will entertain all who may come. Assurances have been received from a number of the cities and towns of the State, that delegates would be sent.

Questions of importance to the young men will be discussed, and several well known speakers have been engaged for the occasion.

Committees will be in attendance at the depots on arrival of each train, who will direct all delegates to their homes, and may be known by a badge. We will cordially welcome a delegation from every town and community in the State. Every paper in the State friendly to the young men, will confer a favor by giving publicity to this meeting.

H. L. McKee,
T. S. Bowen,
H. H. Stewart,
Committee of Arrangements.

August 28, 1872.

"LET US CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM."—*Horace Greeley.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy. *Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe.* It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. *Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston.* For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL RANKS are not desirable; therefore, keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir Sozodont. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Cold, &c. in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Mild, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The *material of which they are reconstructed is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents,* Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters *is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, arising from depravation of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.*

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phospherated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co, New York

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleedless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Lairds "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all othet discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Whosale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja —6ly

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchants

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma.......................**Alabama.**

We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.

Jan 6 1y

C. G. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant

(At Steamboat Landing,)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.

sept 23,1871—1y

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Scarbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE

TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

Jan27 1872—1y.

H. Pierce, J. H. Jones G. A. Morrison, Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.

Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,

SELMA.......ALABAMA.

GENERAL SMASH

UP

OF

OLD PRICES

AT

J. Rosenberg's Cheap *CASH* Store, and great Reduction in the Prices of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, DRESS GOODS & SHOES and especially CLOTHING.

In consequence of the scarcity of money at present and being determined to reduce my stock I will from now on offer my entire stock for **CASH** regardless of price and will guarantee a saving of money to all wishing to purchase any goods.

I would respectfully inform the Public that my advertisement is not intended for *effect* only but that the low prices our goods will be offered at, will satisfy all that "I mean what I say" and am determined to keep up the reputation of my establishment for being Head Quarters for Cheap Goods for *CASH.*

J. Rosenberg.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes

ON THE LINE OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A LAND GRANT OF

12,000,000 ACRES

IN THE

ET FARMING & MINERAL LAND IN AMERICA.

3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,

IN THE

GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,

THE

GARDEN OF THE WEST,

Now for Sale!

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.

The Best Locations for Colonies.

SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.

Free Passes to Purchasers of Land

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address **O. F. DAVIS,**

Land Commissioner, U P. R. R. Co.,

Omaha, Nebraska.

FANNING' PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.

Recommended by leading physicians Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.

WORCHESTER SKIRT CO

Sole Manufacturers,

Worchester, Mass.

$1,000

Reward!

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Bing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at any thing else Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G Stinson & Co., *Fine Art Publishers,* Portland, Me.

U.S. Piano Co. N. Y. Price $290 No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps Address Dr. Bonaparte & CO., *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

(Shape of the Bottle.)

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Billousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS

THE FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

SAVANNAH, Ga. 71 NEW ST., New York.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER!

Possessing powerful invigorating

PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK.

These Bitters are positively invaluable in

ALL SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS

They purify the system, and will cure

DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY.

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,

NERVOUS DISEASES LIVER COMPLAINT

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY & BLADDER.

All yield to their powerful efficacy.

ARE GOOD FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION

Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.

THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VIGOR

to the wasted frame, and correct all

IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS.

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and

CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE

The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.

TRY ONE BOTTLE

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS

PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.

In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

JACKSONVILLE

Female Academy,

Jacksonville, Ala.

FACULTY.

Rev. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Principal.
Mrs. T. OLIVER, English Branches.
Miss E. LOCKETT, English Branches.
Mrs. J. K. ARMSTRONG, Music.
Miss E. T. BECK, Drawing & Painting.

The exercises of this INSTITUTUTE will be resumed Monday, September 2nd, 1872.

For further particulars or circular apply to the Principal, or to any of the Trustees.

J. K. ARMSTRONG, Principal.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S

ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.

NEVER FAILING!

KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

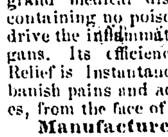
CURES Pains in the Bach, Chest, Hips or Limbs, *Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs* Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Mordus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Frost Bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. Of all

PAIN KILL IT

the Remedies ever discovered for the relie of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralize or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful—Relief is Instantaneous. Its is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth

Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

W. C. LAND.



The oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.

nov111871—tf.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 4th, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of John M. Love, deceased, this day filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, judge of Probate.

aug18,1872—5t

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM.
Administratrix of the estate of
Moses Latham, deceased.

june15'72—6t.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Are you out of employment? We wish the address of every man and woman out of employment. We have work for them, Address (inclosing stamp)

GEORGE J. JOHNSTON.

P. O. Box 180. Montgomery, Ala.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County

Court of Probate for Said Court, July 3d 1872.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that Joel R. Love, administrator of the estate of Margaret Love, deceased, this day filed in court his account and vouches for final settlement of said estate, and the 13th day of September, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, judge of Probate.

aug10.1872—5t.

Calhoun College.

THE Exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 2d day of September next.

S. FOUCHE,
Principal.

Aug17—2t.

VALUABLE FARM

For Sale.

Being desirous to sell my farm I offer it cheap and on easy terms. It lies on the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad 1½ miles South of Weaver's Station. Six hundred acres of No. 1 up land, 275 acres open; fine improvements—house of six large rooms, never failing well with pump in it, extra fine orchard of select fruit, gin house, gin, cotton press, thresher, barn and all necessary out houses. Will sell land alone or will include personal property.

Apply to T. V. FINDLY,
Weaver's Station,
Calhoun County, Ala.
Or Republican Office.

aug17'72—5m

Stonewall Institute

AT

Plantersville, Dallas County, Ala.

THIS famous for boys begins its eighth annual session Tuesday, October 1st, 1872. It is located 20 miles North of Selma, near the track of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, in the beautiful valley of the Mulberry. It is patronized by many of the most distinguished men of South Alabama.

The discipline is such as makes its strongest appeal to the manly aim and honor of the students.

Instruction is given at night as well as in day. All boys board with the Principal.

Two Hundred and Thirty Dollars will pay for Board and Tuition from October to July 1873.

Circulars, with particulars, will be sent on application to the President.

D. C. B. CONNERLY,

Aug18 1872. Plantersville, Ala.

FOR SALE.

Offered for sale, a building lot in the growing and flourishing town of Cross Plains. Said lot is known as the Pete Hines lot, and lays two blocks south of Humphries & Robinson's old stand, and contains one acre. For price apply at this office.

Aug1018—tf.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Bush as the guardian of B. F. & M. A. Maddox, minor heir of B. F. Maddox dec'd, this day filed in said court his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 29th day of July inst., 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

July 6 1872—3t

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots or Shoes from E. L. Woodward'sSon at about cost.

You can buy WhiteGoodsNotions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buying your Goods.

He means what he says.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 29th, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John A. Fleming, as the Guardian of Mary C. Whiteside, Wm. Mc. Whiteside, Emma T. Whiteside and Martha V. Whiteside minor heirs of J. A. Whiteside, dec. this day filed in said court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement. and the 24th day of August, 1872 is set for the making of said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, July 29, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John M. Bagley, Adm'r with will annexed of the estate of Wm. Miller; dec'd this day filed his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement, and the 24th day of August next, 1872, is set for making said settlement.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 3—3t.

State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, July 16th, 1872.

THIS day came Josiah Hawkins & E. C. Brock and filed in court their written petition representing that they are the Sureties on the Administration Bond of L. P. Hawkins as Administrator of the Estate of David Hawkins late of said county, deceased. That the said L. P. Hawkins has left the State of Alabama and is now a non-resident of said State of Alabama. They further pray that such proceedings be had in said court as shall be necessary to reserve the said L. P. Hawkins from said Administration and revoke his letters as Administrator of said Estate. The premises considered. It is ordered by the court that the 17th day of August next be set to hear and determine said petition and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the said L. P. Hawkins, Adm'r as aforesaid to be and apper at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 17th day of August next and defend against said petition and application if he thinks proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Manhood:

How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, *Mental and Physical Incapacity,* Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also Consumption, *Epilepsy and Fits, induced by* self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable *essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years'* successful practice, that the alarming consequences of *self-abuse may* be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the *application* of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by *means of which every sufferer,* no matter what his condition may be, *may* cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically.*

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid,* on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,

127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,586.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Savage & De Rochemont, Attorneys at Law, Oxford, Ala., is hereby dissolved.

JAS. H. SAVAGE,

July 27, 1872.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will bring on the Menses: all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorrhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their *complaints* to any person, which is always mortyfying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LaGrange, Ga., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

Near Marietta, Ga., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost *satisfaction,* and have recommended it to three other families, and *they have found it just what ti is recommended.* The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other cirtificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.

OPEN JUNE 15th, 1872.

The proprietor offers additional attractions this season New, elegant, and spacious Drawing and Ball Rooms, beautiful lawns, exquisite air and scenery, while, the waters of these special springs invariably relieve Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia and Diarrhœa, and are for sale by leading Druggists everywhere Readily accessible via Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad Stop at Goshen Depot, where coaches will be in waiting. Pamphlets on application. JAS. A FRAZIER, Proprietor.

The "Straight-out" Movement Engineered from Washington.

[From the New York Herald, Aug., 22.]

For several days past there have been rumors in Washington to the effect that a dissension had arisen between the National Republican and the Republican Congressional Committee, as to the propriety of further fostering the Louisville Convention. It is already known that the leaders in the straightout Democratic movement, have derived their entire support from the Republican Committee. It is also well known here that all the publicity the Louisville Convention has got throughout the country has been through the instrumentality of the Congressional Committee. They circulated the original call for the Convention and aided the secession movement in Baltimore.

It is further known that two members of the Cabinet were accesories to the organization of the disorganizing Convention at the time the Democratic Convention was in session in Baltimore, and expected to defeat the acceptance af the Cincinnati nominees. All this has been a matter of political gossip until to-day, when the issue was made between the National Republicans, with headquarters in New York, and the Congressional Committee, with headquarters in Washington. The former, it appears, had determined to no further assist the Louisville movement, which Senators Chandler, Harian and others who control the Washington end were equally determined to continue as they had begun.

Accordingly the Congressional Committee to-day sent to the postmasters and officers of internal revenue through the country 25,000 copies of a circular signed by Blanton Ducan, under the frank of Senator Chandler, Logan and Harian and Congressman Hayes and Platt, calling upon all government officials to place the circular in the hands of active Democrats in their locality, who will at once commence an organization for the purpose of supporting the principles of "our party," as they will be proclaimed by the Convention at Louisville on September 3. A sub-circular was also sent, instructing government officials to be prompt in the discharge of this duty. The circular, which is quite long makes an appeal to the straight-out Democracy not to be sold out by the Baltimore Convention, and denounces the coalition movement between the Cincinnati and Baltimore Convention as a rope of sand to sacrifice the Demcratic party. Notwithstanding that the circular pretends to be issued by Blanton Ducan, who signs it, it has not one word derogatory to the Philadelphia nominees, but contains abuse unlimited of Greeley, Brown, Trumbull, Sumner. Schurz and other leading Liberal Republicans.

The Radical Watchword.

"*My Colored Friends*, YOU MUST PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM IN THE DUST."—*From Paul Strobach's speech at the Grant and Wilson ratification meeting.*

ANDREW JOHNSON IN HIS ELEMENT.—Hand-bills have been posted up about Nashville calling on the workingmen to meet Andrew Johnson next week as the workingmen's candidate for Congressman at large in Tennessee, against the regular democratic candidate. Hot water, in fact, is the proper element of Mr. Johnson, and if he can't get his adversaries, he is bound to have his friends in hot water. As the workingmen's independent champion he will certainly make it hot for the democracy of Tennessee.

A NINE DAYS' WONDER—The riots at Belfast, the wonder being how they could continue for nine days in the teeth of all the local and imperial authorities. This reveals a state of things worse than that of the wildest outlawry in the mining districts of Nevada or Idaho, and the moral is that England has not yet learned how to govern Ireland.

New York Herald.

The following language was actually used at Montgomery some days ago by Strobach, a Radical who cannot support Mr. Greeley, but who was a delegate to the Convention that nominated Grant.

"MY PRECIOUS COLORED FRIENDS, YOU MUST PUT YOUR HEELS ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM INTO POWDER."

The political situation in Maine grows more encouraging for the Democrats and Liberals. A Bangor letter to the New York *Evening Post*, after a careful review of the field, admits that Greeley may carry the State. The Liberals have twelve of their most effective speakers thoroughly canvassing every county, and they anticipate a glorious harvest in November.

When one man is found urging another to go into a fight, we do not usually put the one as a friend of the other. Strobach, Grant's Alabama delegate, proves that neither he nor his master are friends to the negro, by giving them the following advice:

"MY PRECIOUS COLORED FRIENDS, WE ADVISE YOU TO PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM INTO POWDER."

Why Grant was Nominated in 1868.

[Hon. W. Warner's Newark, Ohio, Speech.]

Gen. Warner (of Alabama) said he was accused now of not supporting his old leader in the army. He, however, regarded General Grant not as a soldier now, but as a politician. In 1868, Gen. Grant was elected President of this country, mainly because he had success as a military General, and was a brave and patriotic soldier. He was not known to the country as a politician. His principles were hardly known. "All I know about his political antecedents," said he, "was that he had voted for James Buchanan [laughter,] that old gentleman that thought there was no power in the Government to put down the rebellion. I remember I was a delegate to the convention that nominated him, and on the way ta Chicago I asked Henry Wilson—who is now a candidate for the Vice-Presidency—what Grant was politically, and whether we could trust him, and expect him to be true to the principles of the Republican party." "Well," said Wilson, "there are two things that are true; one is that I think *we can elect him*, and another is that I don't think we can elect anybody else." [Great laughter.]

"LET US CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM."—*Horace Greeley.*

In Montgomery there is a red-faced, spectacled. Austrian. He is by instinct a Hessian and by practice a Radical. He is Grant's mouthpiece in Alabama. When Greeley was saying "Let us clasp hands across the bloody chasm," this gentleman from Hos-tria used the following language:

"MY PRECIOUS COLORED FRIENDS, WE ADVISE YOU TO PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM INTO POWDER."

"LET US CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM."—*Horace Greeley.*

We learn from the Raleigh, North Carolina, *News*, that many persons indicted for violation of the Revenue laws in Iredell, Yadkin, Stokes and other counties, were approached during the recent campaign by officers of the Revenue and offered a *nolle prosequi* if they would use their influence in behalf of the Republican candidates. Some were asked to become candidates themselves upon the Radical side, and threatened with all the terrors of the law in case of refusal. *The only two Ku-klux who were ever in Davis county, were both Republican candidates in* 1872.

The Radical Candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

The Evergreen Observer, speaking of McCinstry, the great "*quiascutas*" of Radicalism, in Alabama, gives *some specimens* of his "back-bone," which are truly refreshing.

This is not the only time this unprincipled old braggart has been shown up and we have no doubt other cases equally as infamous, and equally as truthful could be adduced against him, if the "game was worth the candle. These are enough, however, to show what a dearth of material there is in the Radical party, when they have no one better than he is, to place in nomination for such an office:

"Alexander McKinstry was nominated for Lieutenant Governor on the Radical ticket" because he had the back-bone to meet the Democrats with knock-down arguments." We recollect two instances of Alex's superb "backbone." On one occasion he insulted Gen. Clanton, and drew a pistol on him. The General was unarmed, but he almost ruined a pair of boots on McKinstry by repeated and severe applications on that portion of the body erroneously called the seat of "honor." Mc. didn't have the "back-bone" to use his pistol, but it is said the way he made tracks for the Exchange Hotel would have laid Mark Twain's cayote in the shade. Again, when he started from Mobile to attend the convention, he wanted to get on a sleeping car, but found it full. This aroused his "back-bone." He cursed and swore, ripped and snorted and tore around, and abused the ticket agent because he didn't have a sleeping car for his especial benfit. The agent said it wasn't his fault and he could not help it. McKinstry caught him by the throat and threw him off the car, and kept cursing him, until at last the agent struck him & the crowed seperated them. The amout of "back-bone" required to perform this gallant feat will be understood when we inform our readers that the ticket agent is a mere boy not bigger than a pound of soap, and McKinstry weighs about 180 or 200 pounds. Bully for McKinstry's "back-bone." Wonder if he possesses all the "back-bone" of the ticket?"

Grants party think if they can get up a scene of bloodshed in the South, that then the military can be brought in and the election carried for Grant. They depend upon the negroes to inaugurate such scenes. They do not care whether the negroes are killed or not *in doing it*. Here is what a delegate to the Philadelphia Convention said:

"MY PRECIOUS COLORED FRIENDS, WE ADVISE YOU TO PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM INTO POWDER."

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Scarbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.

A. WOODS, Judge
of Probate

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE

TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizeas of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Geuts clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

Jan27 1872—1y.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THNIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell *very cheap*

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO

Feb241872—tf

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Whosale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja —61y

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchants

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma....................Alabama.

☞We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.

Jan 6 1y

C. G. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant

(At Steamboat Landing,)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.

sept 23,1871—1y

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical aud Blood Stock Association of Texas,
Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb. bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE

BETWEEN

JACKSONVILLE

AND

RICHMOND, NORFOLK,

BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA,

Boston & New York,

BY THE

Virginia and Tennessee

Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. *Give instructions* to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line**," the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route; rail to Norfolk. Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

	1st Clas	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
☞NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street.
BALTIMORE, 154 West Baltimore St
PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St.
RICHMOND, 1325 Main St.

C. E. EVANS,

General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York.

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to shis market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where wil be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranted.

June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

—O—

Keeps alway on Land a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS.
INKS,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BO KS,
MEMORANDUMS,
FORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,

Engravings, Photographs, Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Photopraph Aloums Chromos, Square and Oval Picture Frames, Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

—O—

WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

—O—

☞NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

Apr13 1872—td.

JNO. M. CARROLL. JNO. B. MCCAIN.

CARROLL & McCAIN,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Notions, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

JACKSONVILLE, *Alabama.*

july131872.

ATTENTION!!

AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least

Thirty Days Rations

on hand. To procure these cheap you should

Come Well Armed

with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always

Ready

to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his

Aim

to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither

Fire,

floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.

Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.

L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Apr20 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.

—o—

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope houlder spoke is used; they are weranted to give satisfaction in every case.

—o—

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINETON & SELMA ST NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of.

Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches BRETTS, HARNESS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambutators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c, ☞Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama. Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE.

COME ALONG.

This House is *not quite completed*, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Squar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Proprictor

Dec. 18, '69—1y.

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machines. If so, you want the best! And that is the

Improved

WHEELER & WILSON

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CURES THE WORST PAI

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Sore Throat, Difficult Brea
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The application of the READY to the part or parts where the di exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of will in a few moments cure Cramps, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Head Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

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Has made the most astonishing cu quick, so rapid are the changes the undergoes, under the influence of th ly wonderful Medicine, that

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Every drop of the SARSAPARIL RESOLVENT communicates throu Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other flu juices of the system *the rigor of life,* repairs the wastes of the body wi and sound material. *Scrofula, Consumption, Glandular disease, the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes Glands and other parts of the sys Eyes, Strumorous discharges from and the worst forms of Skin disease tions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Womb*, and all weakening and pai charges, Night Sweats, Loss of all wastes of the life principle, are the curative range of this wonder ern Chemistry, and a few days prove to any person using it for these forms of disease its potent cure them.

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Not only does the Sarsaparilian excels all known remedial agents in of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitution Skin diseases; but it is the only posi for

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Urinary, and Womb diseases, Grav betes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Wate tinence of Urine, Bright's Diseas, nuria, and in all cases where there a dust deposits, or the water is thick, mixed with substances like the white egg, or threrds like white silk, there morbid, dark, billious appearance, and bone-dust deposits, and when the pricking, burning sensation when p water, and pain in the Small of hte Back along the Loins.

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Sep 23, 1871—1y